

NEPOOL Participants Committee Report

January 2021



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EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT AND CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER



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Regular Operations Report - Highlights



Highlights

- Day-Ahead (DA), Real-Time (RT) Prices and Transactions
 - Update: November 2020 Energy Market value totaled \$245M
 - December 2020 Energy market value was \$426M over the period, up \$181M from November 2020 and down \$42M from December 2019
 - December natural gas prices over the period were 120% higher than November average values
 - Average RT Hub Locational Marginal Prices (\$42.04/MWh) over the period were 71% higher than November averages
 - DA Hub: \$40.60/MWh
 - Average December 2020 natural gas prices and RT Hub LMPs over the period were down 7.5% and 1.7%, respectively, from December 2019 average
 - Average DA cleared physical energy during the peak hours as percent of forecasted load was 98.5% during December, down from 99.6% during November*
 - The minimum value for the month was 93.5% on Saturday, December 5th

Data through December 29th (RT NCP through the 28th).

*DA Cleared Physical Energy is the sum of Generation and Net Imports cleared in the DA Energy Market

Underlying natural gas data furnished by:



Highlights, cont.

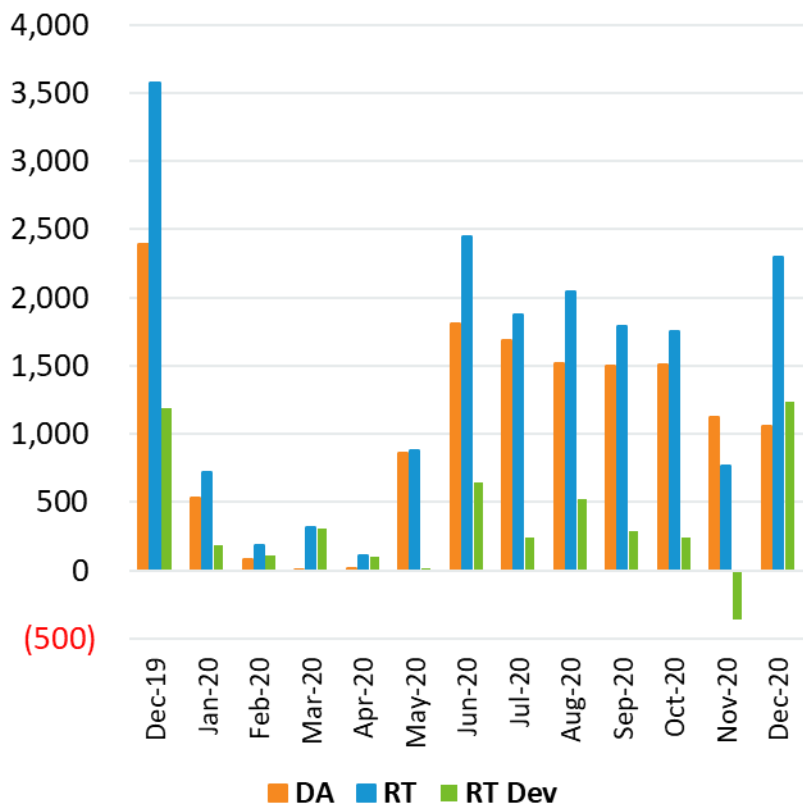
- Daily Net Commitment Period Compensation (NCPC)
 - December NCPC payments totaled \$3.4M over the period, up \$1.4M from November 2020 and down \$1.3M from December 2019
 - First Contingency payments totaled \$1.8M, up \$0.1M from November
 - \$1.7M paid to internal resources, up \$0.1M from November
 - » \$631K charged to DALO, \$483K to RT Deviations, \$620K to RTLO*
 - \$54K paid to resources at external locations, comparable to November
 - » Charged to RT Deviations
 - Second Contingency payments totaled \$1.6M, up \$1.3M from November
 - Distribution payments totaled \$7K, down \$1K from November
 - Voltage payments were zero
 - NCPC payments over the period as percent of Energy Market value were 0.8%

* NCPC types reflected in the First Contingency Amount: Dispatch Lost Opportunity Cost (DLOC) - \$280K; Rapid Response Pricing (RRP) Opportunity Cost - \$207K; Posturing - \$3K; Generator Performance Auditing (GPA) - \$130K

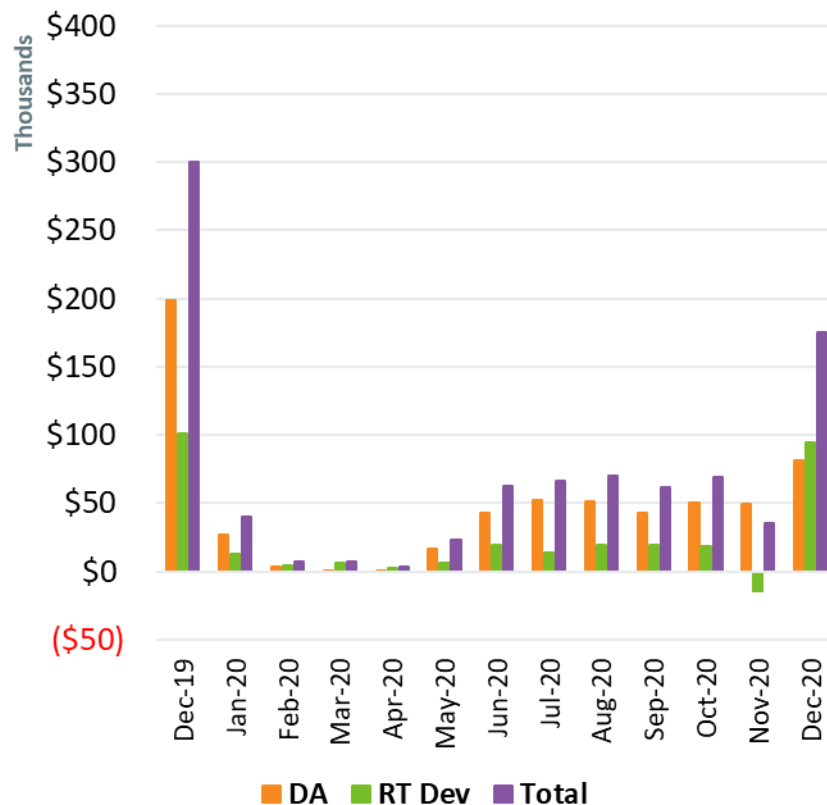


Price Responsive Demand (PRD) Energy Market Activity by Month

DA, RT, and RT Dev MWh



Market Value



Note: DA and RT (deviation) MWh are settlement obligations and reflect appropriate gross-ups for distribution losses.



Forward Capacity Market (FCM) Highlights

- CCP 12 (2021-2022)
 - Third and final annual reconfiguration auction (ARA3) will be held on March 1-3, and results will be posted no later than March 31
 - ICR and related values for ARA3 were filed with FERC on November 25, 2020 and FERC has yet to rule
- CCP 13 (2022-2023)
 - Second annual reconfiguration auction (ARA2) will be held on August 2-4, and results will be posted no later than September 1
 - ICR and related values for ARA2 were filed with FERC on November 25, 2020 and FERC has yet to rule

CCP – Capacity Commitment Period
ICR – Installed Capacity Requirement



FCM Highlights, cont.

- CCP 14 (2023-2024)
 - First annual reconfiguration auction (ARA1) will be held on June 1-3, and results will be posted no later than July 1
 - ICR and related values for ARA1 were filed with FERC on November 25, 2020 and FERC has yet to rule
- CCP 15 (2024-2025)
 - FCA 15 will model the same zones as FCA 14
 - Export-constrained zones: Maine nested inside Northern New England
 - Import-constrained zone: Southeast New England
 - Both the ICR and Informational (qualification) FERC filings were made on November 10, 2020 and FERC has yet to rule
 - Preparations are ongoing for the auction that will commence on February 8



FCM Highlights, cont.

- CCP 16 (2025-2026)
 - The qualification process has started, and training materials are under development
 - Topology certifications were sent to the TOs on October 1, 2020
 - Transmission Owners to identify in-service dates for new transmission projects and revisions to previously certified projects
 - Approved projects to be shared with the RC at their January 2021 meeting
 - Capacity zone development discussions began at the November 19, 2020 PAC meeting
 - All subsequent reconfiguration auctions model the same zones as the FCA
 - FCA 16 dynamic delist bid threshold price to be determined and posted to the ISO-NE website no later than early March



Highlights

- Transmission Planning for the Clean Energy Transition: Generation Dispatch Details will be discussed at the January 21 PAC meeting
- Additional production costs results for the National Grid 2020 economic study will be presented to PAC in both January and February; ancillary services results are expected to be presented to PAC in March
- Preparations are ongoing for the auction that will commence on February 8



Load Forecast

- Efforts continue to enhance load forecast models and tools to improve day-ahead and long-term load forecast performance
- The 2021 load forecast development process has commenced
 - Discussions will continue at the Load Forecast Committee, Energy-Efficiency Forecast Working Group, and Distributed Generation Forecast Working Group will continue in Q1 2021
 - In the March/April timeframe, PAC will discuss the preliminary ten-year forecast
 - Publication of the final ten-year forecast will be in the May 2021 CELT report

Competitive Solution Process: Order 1000/Boston 2028 Request for Proposal Lessons Learned

- The ISO began one-on-one discussions with each QTPS that participated in the Boston 2028 RFP where QTPS specific questions regarding their proposals and/or the process can be discussed
- The lessons-learned process, with respect to competitive transmission solutions, was discussed at the October PAC meeting
- Stakeholder feedback was discussed at the 12/16/20 PAC meeting
- Further discussion will occur at a Q1 2021 PAC meeting and will continue through much of 2021

Highlights

- The lowest 50/50 and 90/10 Winter Operable Capacity Margins are projected for week beginning January 9, 2021.



SYSTEM OPERATIONS



System Operations

<u>Weather Patterns</u>	Boston	Temperature: Above Normal (1.2°F) Max: 63°F, Min: 16°F Precipitation: 5.67" (1.90" Above Normal) Normal: 3.78" Snow: 13.0"	Hartford	Temperature: Above Normal (2.2°F) Max: 63°F, Min: 1°F Precipitation: 5.30" (1.90" Above Normal) Normal: 3.44" Snow: 13.3"
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<u>Peak Load:</u>	18,756 MW	Dec 17, 2020	18:00 (ending)
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Emergency Procedure Events (OP-4, M/LCC 2, Minimum Generation Emergency)

Procedure	Declared	Cancelled	Note
None			



System Operations

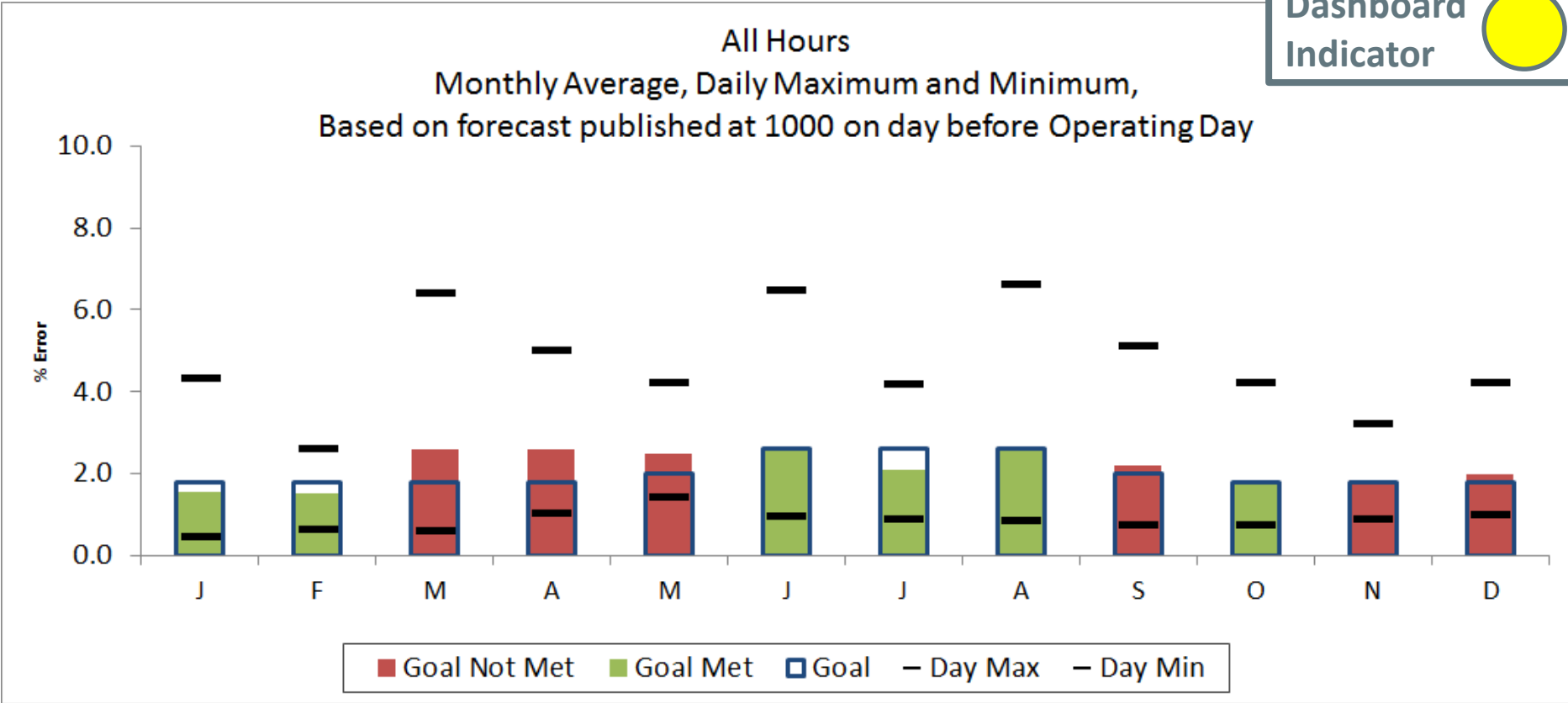
NPCC Simultaneous Activation of Reserve Events

Date	Area	MW Lost
12/10	IESO	800
12/17	ISO-NE	700
12/29	IESO	880



2020 System Operations - Load Forecast Accuracy

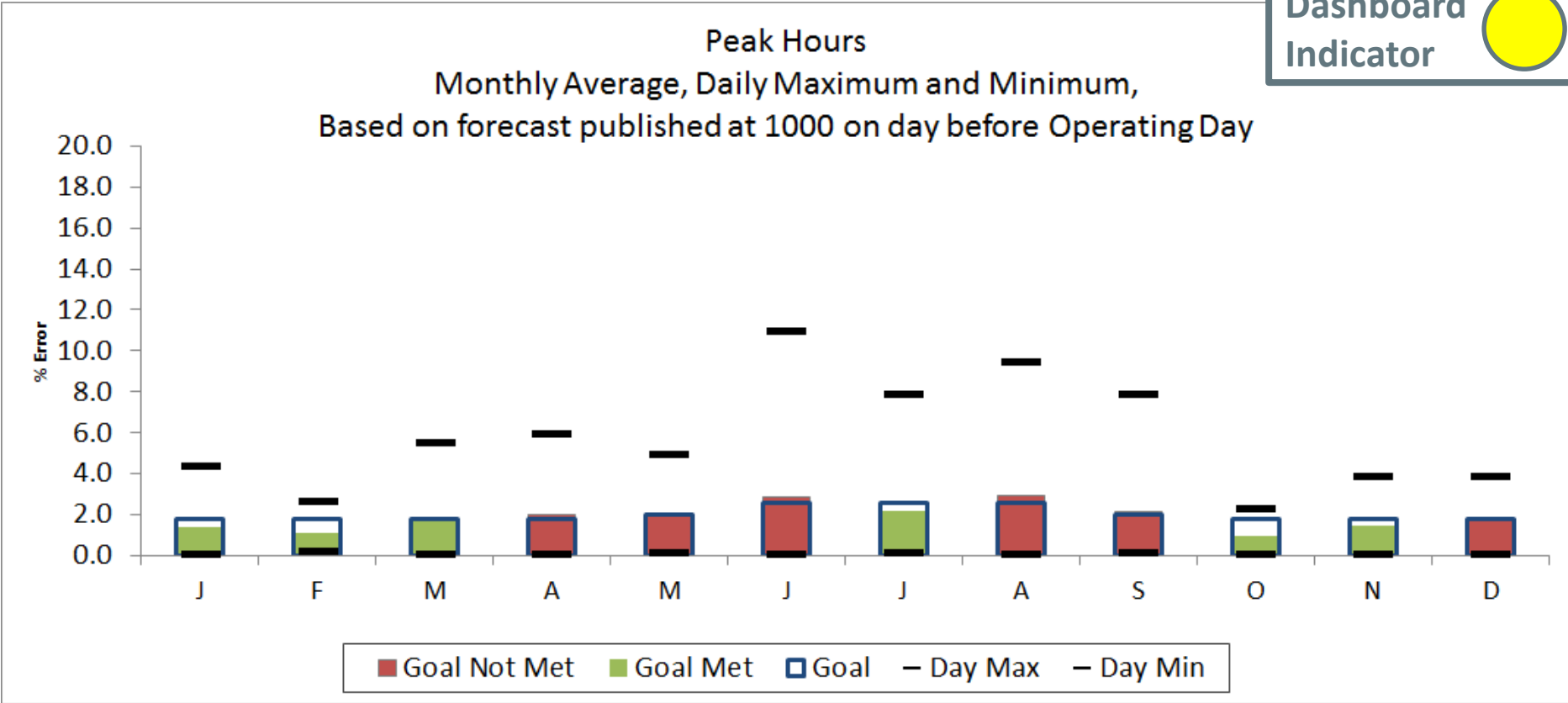
Dashboard Indicator 



Month	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	
Day Max	4.31	2.59	6.40	5.00	4.22	6.47	4.18	6.63	5.09	4.22	3.20	4.20	6.63
Day Min	0.46	0.61	0.58	1.03	1.42	0.96	0.88	0.84	0.72	0.75	0.89	0.98	0.46
MAPE	1.57	1.54	2.60	2.58	2.49	2.58	2.10	2.56	2.22	1.76	1.84	1.97	2.15
Goal	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	2.00	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.00	1.80	1.80	1.80	

2020 System Operations - Load Forecast Accuracy cont.

Dashboard Indicator 

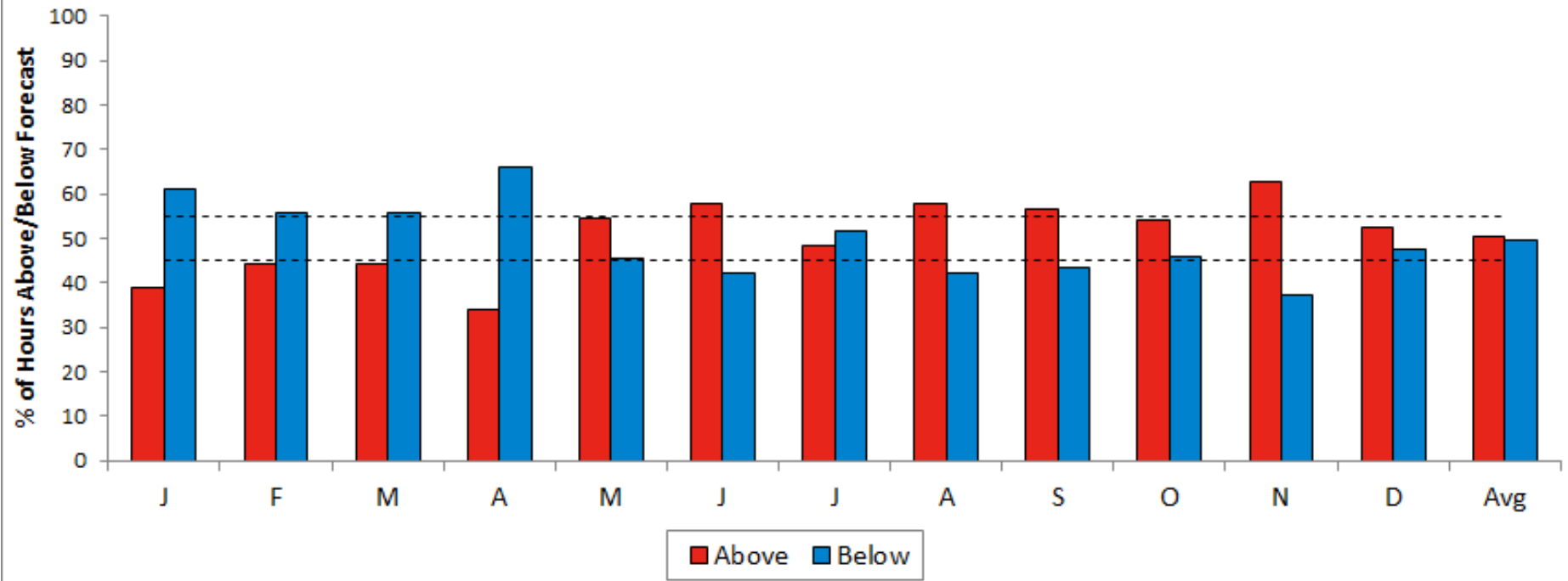


Month	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	
Day Max	4.33	2.59	5.48	5.93	4.94	10.93	7.84	9.44	7.88	2.25	3.86	3.82	10.93
Day Min	0.07	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.13	0.05	0.14	0.07	0.10	0.00	0.05	0.06	0.00
MAPE	1.41	1.12	1.72	1.97	2.11	2.83	2.18	2.97	2.17	0.95	1.47	1.82	1.90
Goal	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	2.00	2.60	2.60	2.60	2.00	1.80	1.80	1.80	

2020 System Operations - Load Forecast Accuracy cont.

Percent of Hours Actual Load
 Above vs. Below Forecast
 Based on LF published by 1000, day before Operating Day

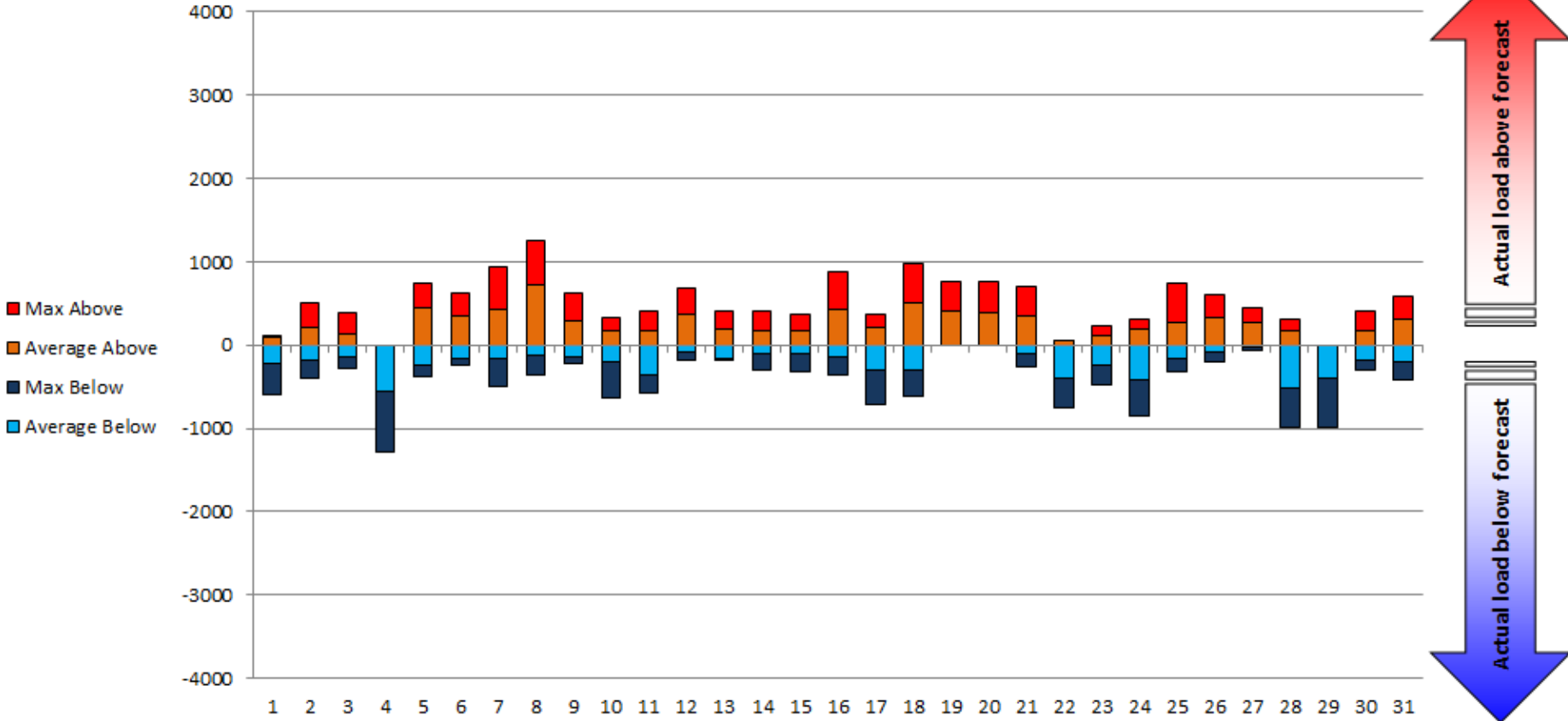
Target = 50%
 Plus/Minus = 5%



	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	Avg
Above %	39	44.3	44.4	33.9	54.4	57.9	48.4	57.6	56.5	54.3	62.8	52.3	50
Below %	61	55.7	55.6	66.1	45.6	42.1	51.6	42.4	43.5	45.7	37.2	47.7	50
Avg Above	136.2	169.9	207	178.9	231.9	257.5	248.3	287.2	255.5	215.2	253.9	259.8	287
Avg Below	-192.4	-157.6	-263.9	-265.3	-196.3	-243.5	-281.7	-245.5	-166.6	-156.9	-150.5	-208.4	-282
Avg All	-65	-13	-56	-106	38	22	-26	73	89	52	96	30	11

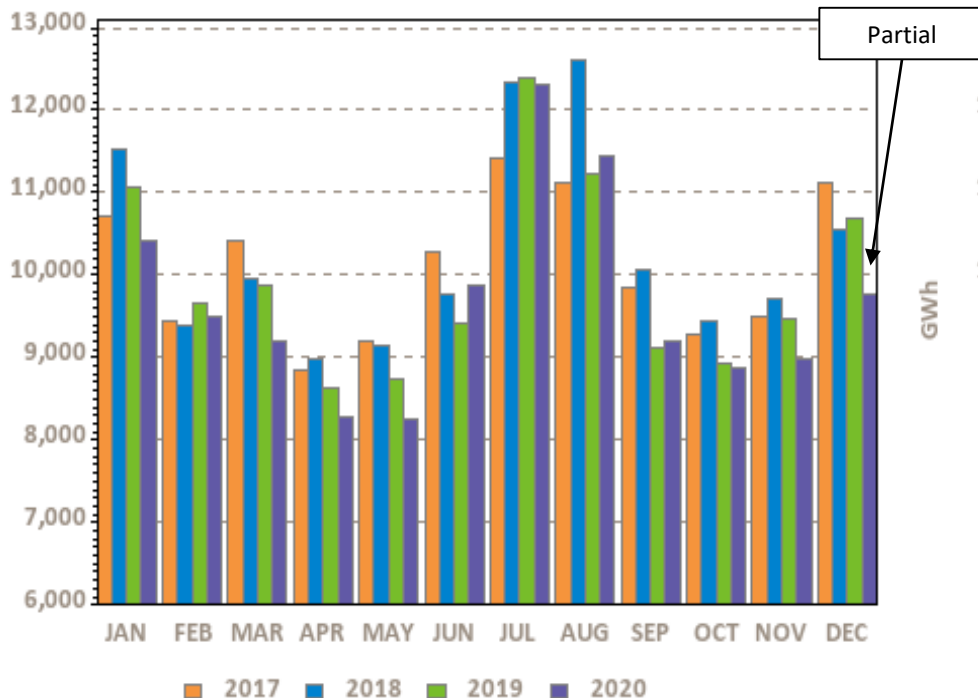
2020 System Operations - Load Forecast Accuracy cont.

Deviation of Actual Load from Forecasted Load December 2020



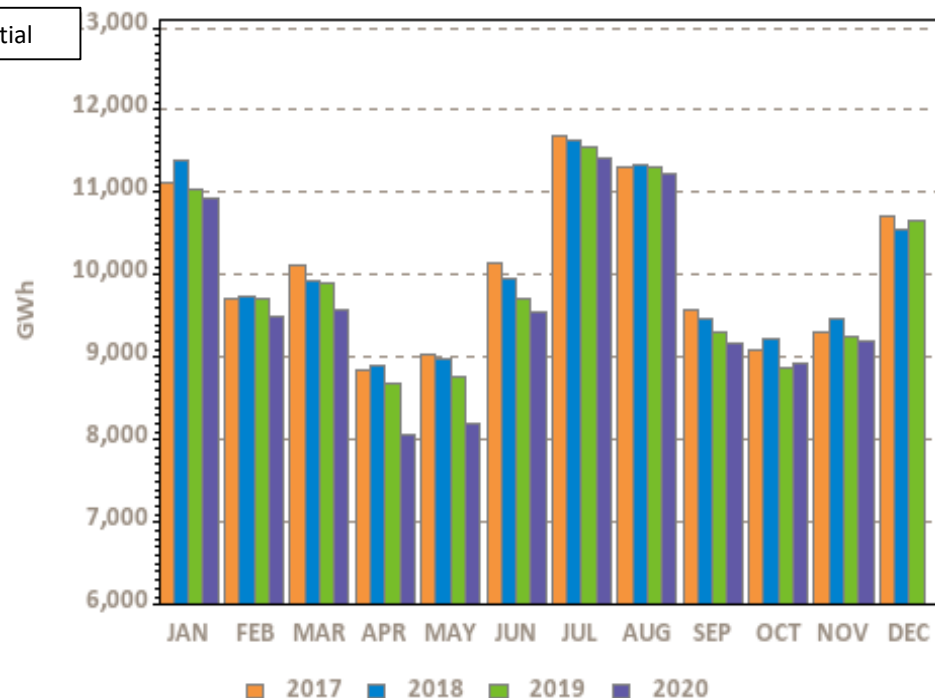
Monthly Recorded Net Energy for Load (NEL) and Weather Normalized NEL

Net Energy for Load (NEL)



Ann Tot (TWh): 121.2 123.5 119.2 116.1

Weather Normalized NEL



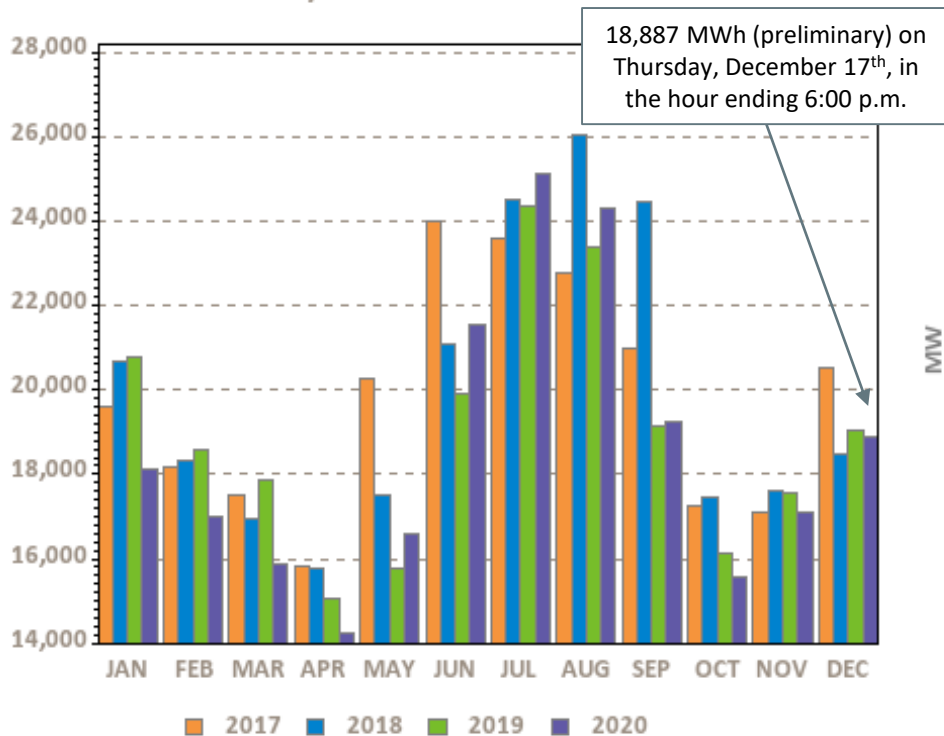
Ann Tot (TWh): 120.7 120.6 118.7 105.8

NEPOOL NEL is the total net revenue quality metered energy required to serve load and is analogous to 'RT system load.' NEL is calculated as: Generation – pumping load + net interchange where imports are positively signed. Current month's data may be preliminary. Weather normalized NEL may be reported on a one-month lag.



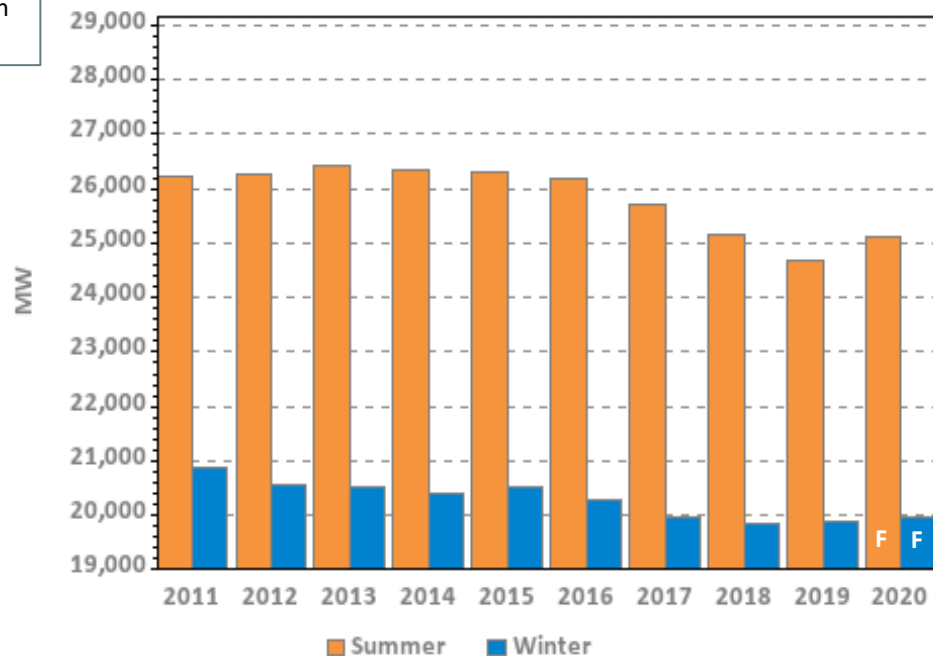
Monthly Peak Loads and Weather Normalized Seasonal Peak History

System Peak Load



Revenue quality metered value

Weather Normalized Seasonal Peaks

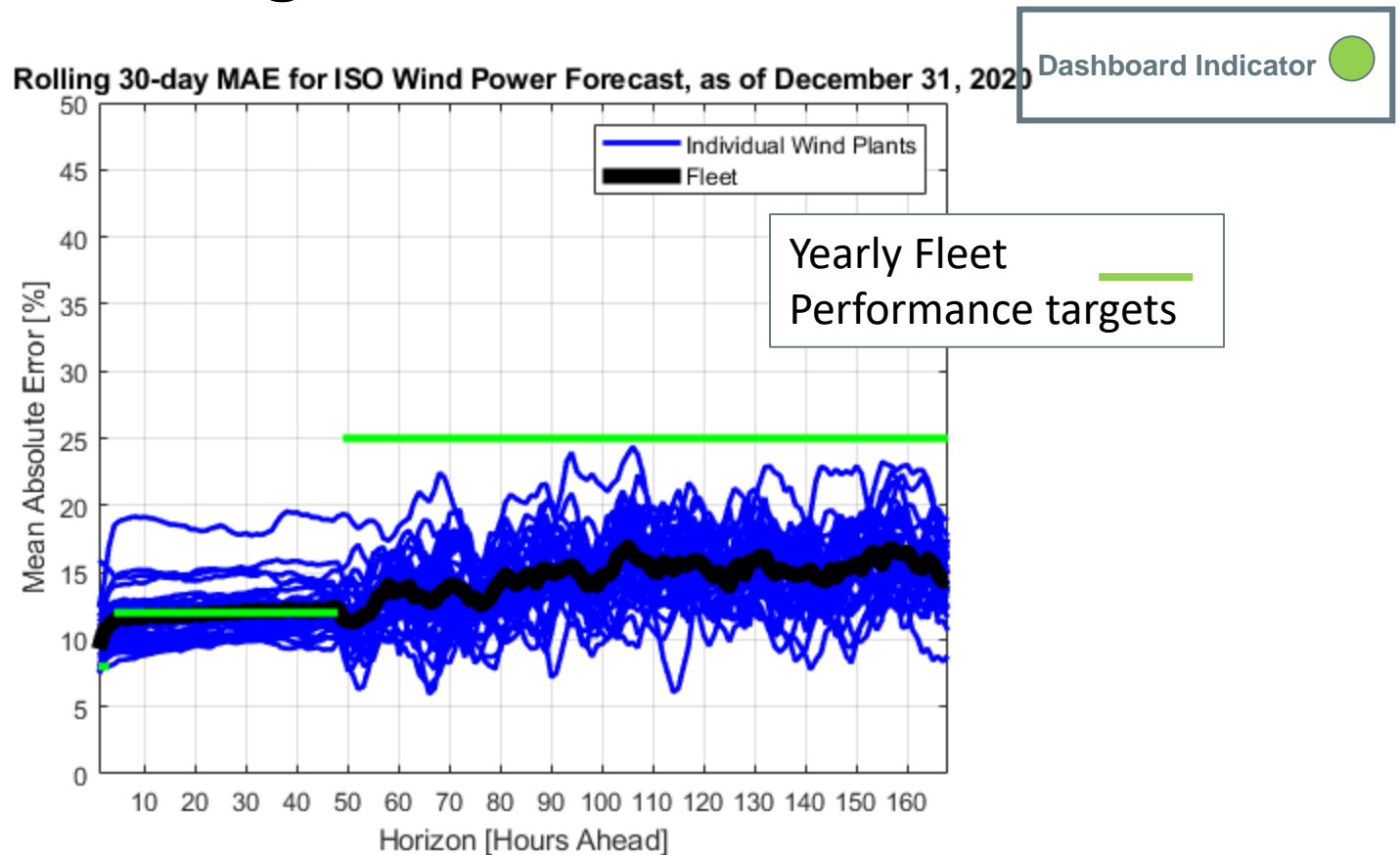


Winter beginning in year displayed

F – designates forecasted values, which are updated in April/May of the following year; represents “net forecast” (i.e., the gross forecast net of passive demand response and behind-the-meter solar demand)

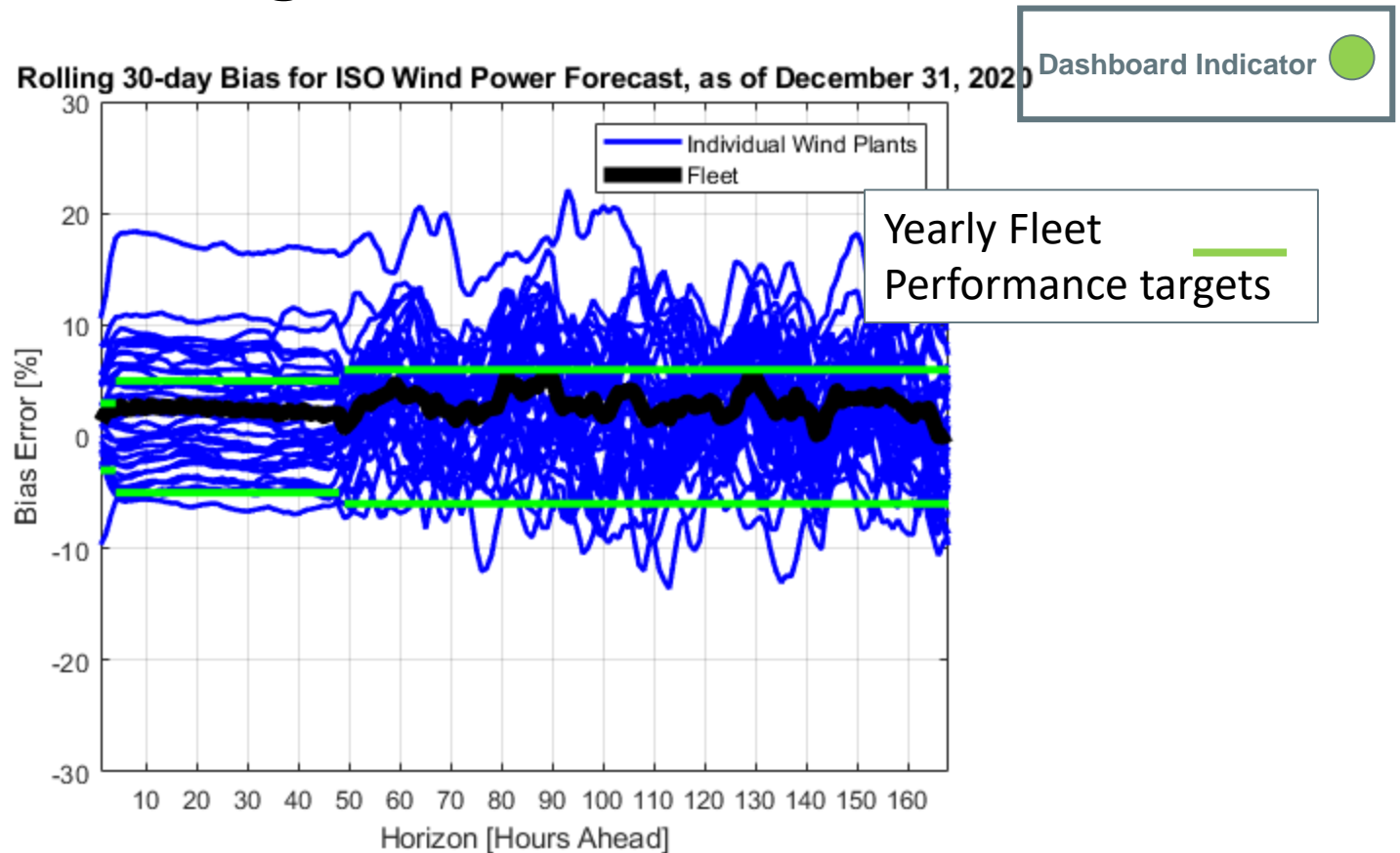


Wind Power Forecast Error Statistics: Medium and Long Term Forecasts MAE



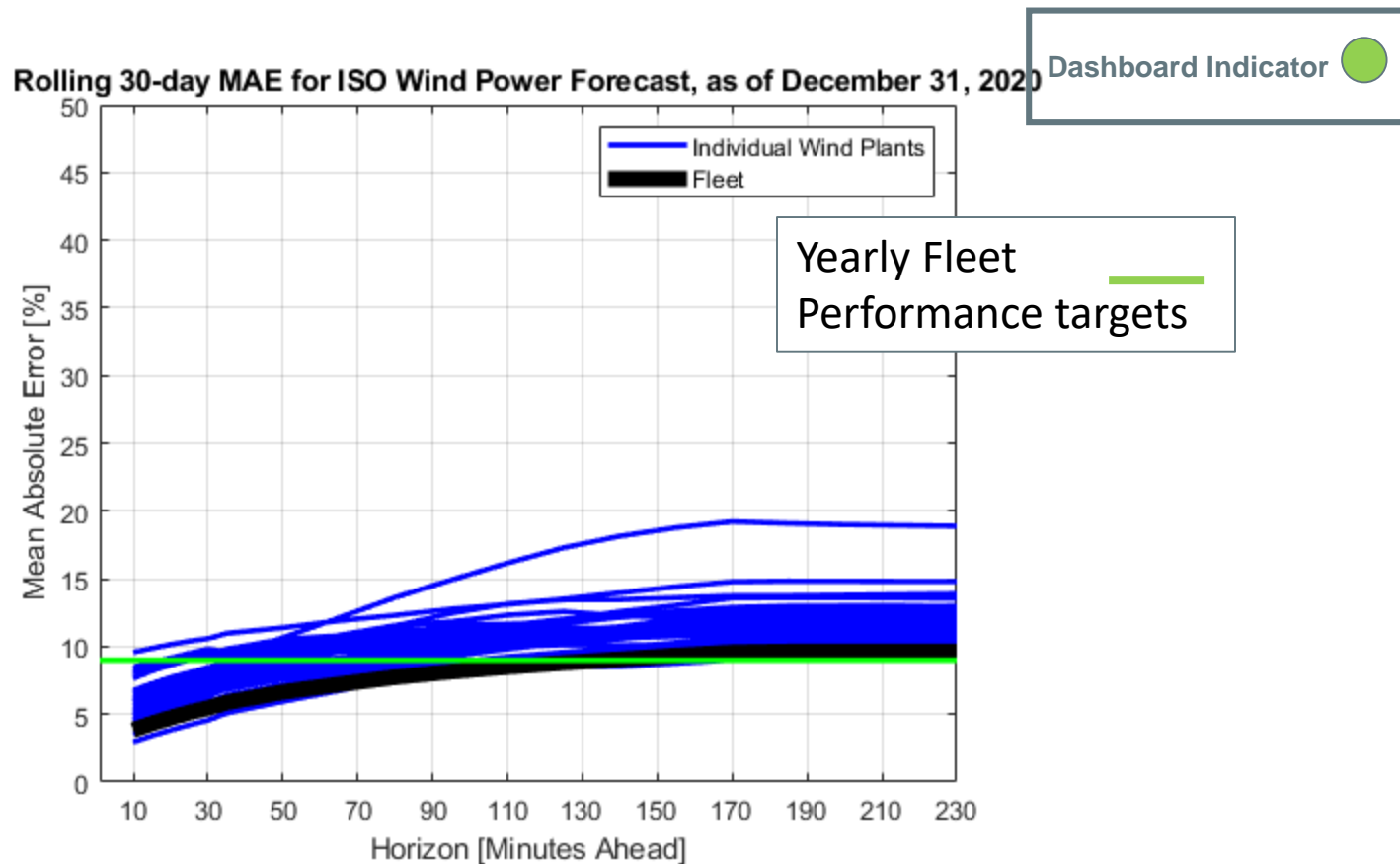
Ideally, MAE and Bias would be both equal to zero. As is typical, MAE increases with the forecast horizon. MAE and Bias for the fleet of wind power resources are less due to offsetting errors. Across all time frames, the ISO-NE/DNV-GL forecast is very good compared to industry standards, and monthly MAE is within the yearly performance targets.

Wind Power Forecast Error Statistics: Medium and Long Term Forecasts Bias



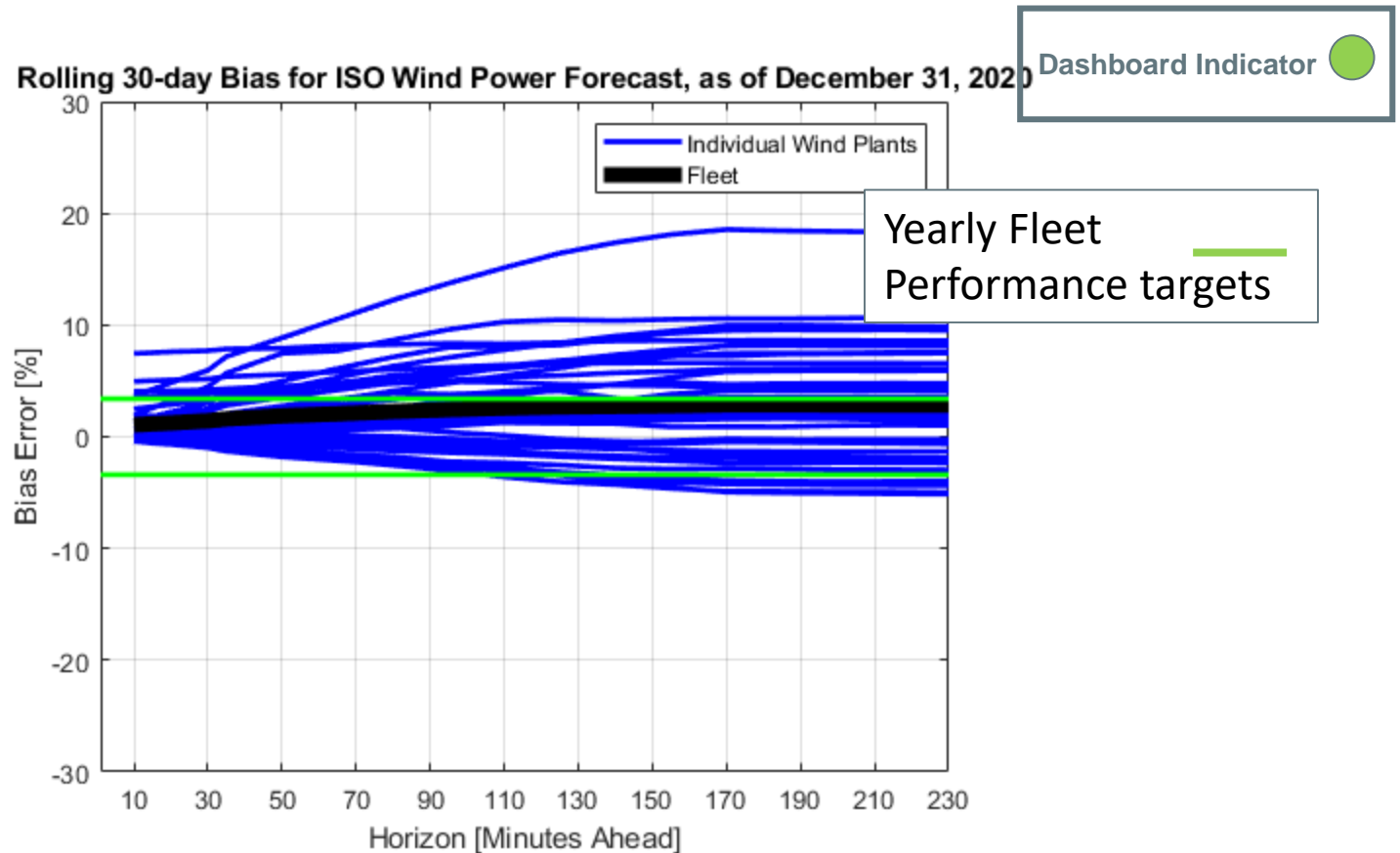
Ideally, MAE and Bias would be both equal to zero. Positive bias means less windpower was actually available compared to forecast. Negative bias means more windpower was actually available compared to forecast. Across all time frames, the ISO-NE/DNV-GL forecast compares well with industry standards, and monthly Bias is within yearly performance targets.

Wind Power Forecast Error Statistics: Short Term Forecast MAE



Ideally, MAE and Bias would be both equal to zero. As is typical, MAE increases with the forecast horizon. MAE and Bias for the fleet of wind power resources are less due to offsetting errors. Across all time frames, the ISO-NE/DNV-GL forecast is very good compared to industry standards, and monthly MAE is within the yearly performance targets up to 170 minute look-ahead.

Wind Power Forecast Error Statistics: Short Term Forecast Bias

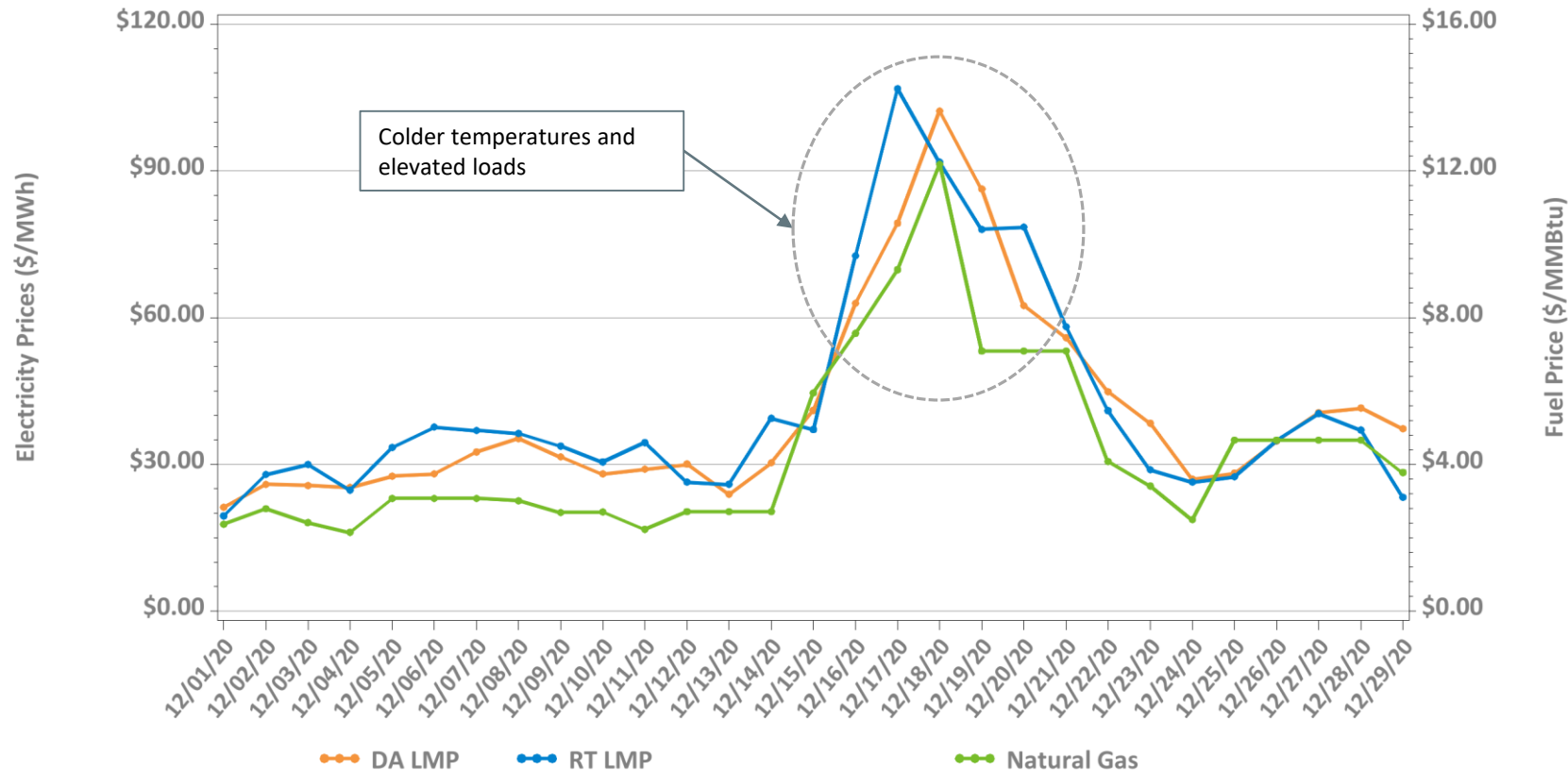


Ideally, MAE and Bias would be both equal to zero. Positive bias means less windpower was actually available compared to forecast. Negative bias means more windpower was actually available compared to forecast. Across all time frames, the ISO-NE/DNV-GL forecast compares well with industry standards, and monthly Bias is within yearly performance.

MARKET OPERATIONS



Daily Average DA and RT ISO-NE Hub Prices and Input Fuel Prices: December 1-29, 2020

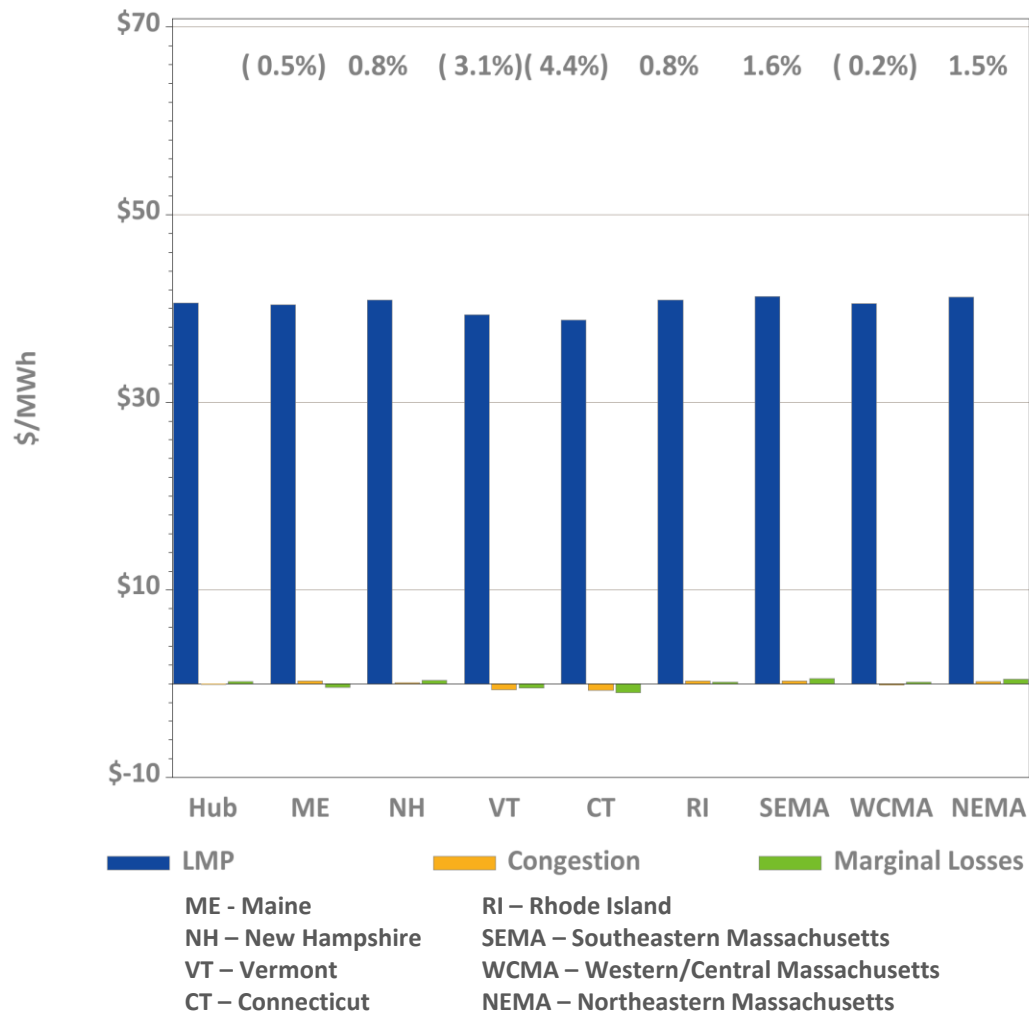


Underlying natural gas data furnished by:

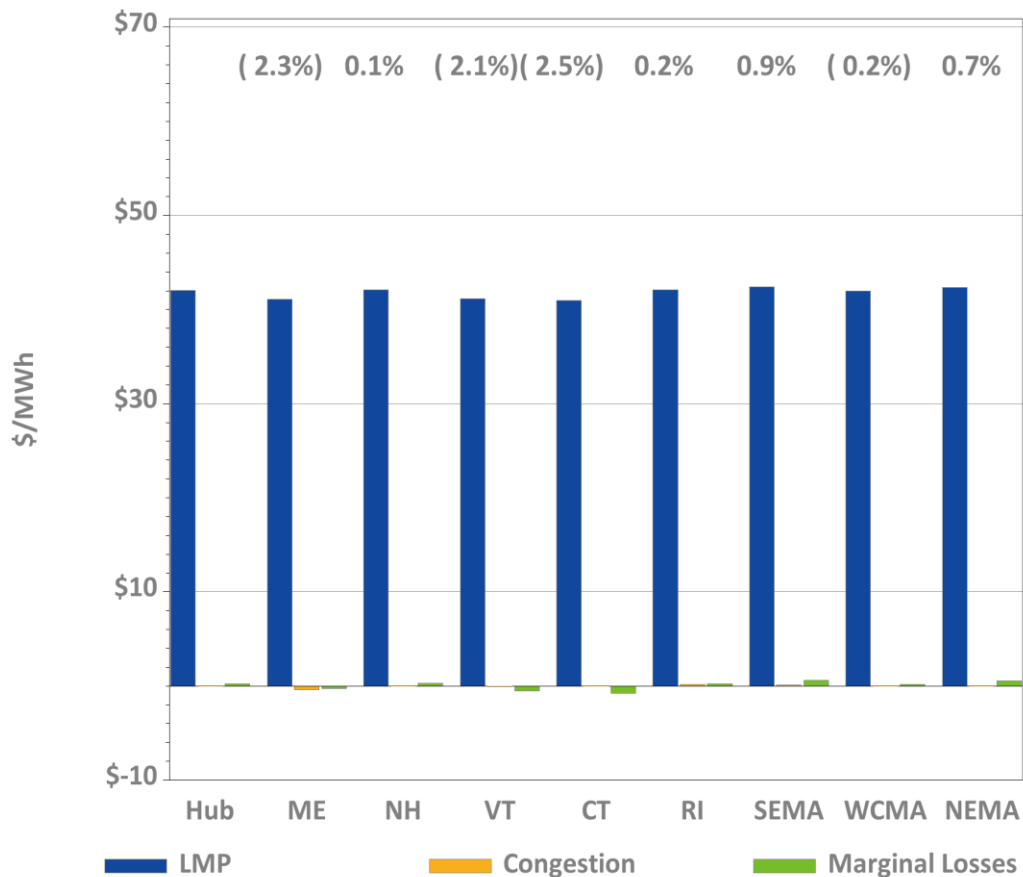


Average price difference over this period (DA-RT): \$-1.44
 Average price difference over this period ABS(DA-RT): \$5.72
 Average percentage difference over this period ABS(DA-RT)/RT Average LMP: 14%
 Gas price is average of Massachusetts delivery points

DA LMPs Average by Zone & Hub, December 2020



RT LMPs Average by Zone & Hub, December 2020



Definitions

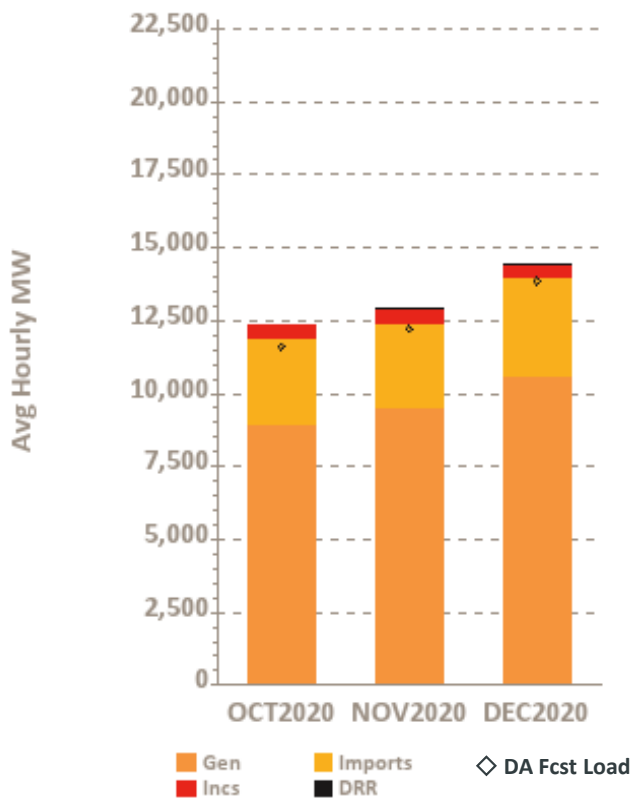
Day-Ahead Concept	Definition
Day-Ahead Load Obligation (DALO)	The sum of day-ahead cleared load (including asset load, pump load, exports, and virtual purchases and excluding modeled transmission losses)
Day-Ahead Cleared Physical Energy	The sum of day-ahead cleared generation and cleared net imports



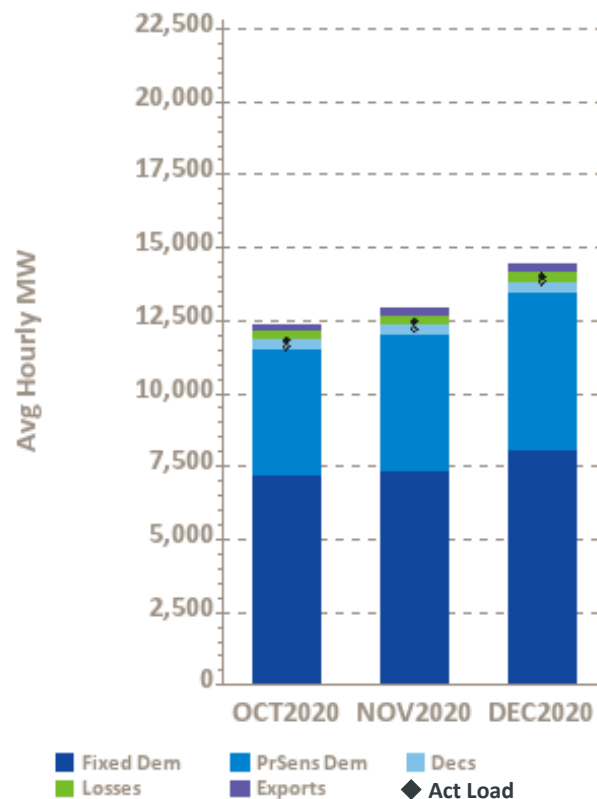
Components of Cleared DA Supply and Demand

– Last Three Months

Supply



Demand

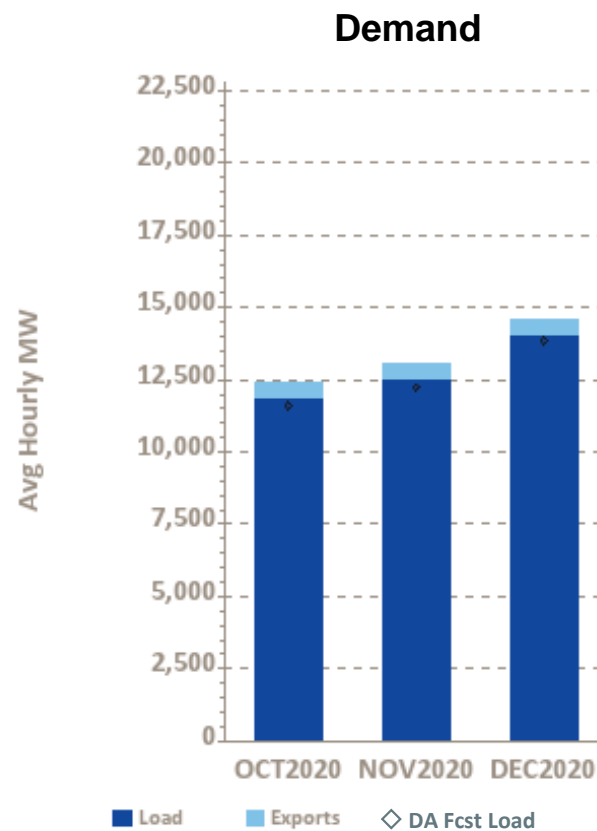
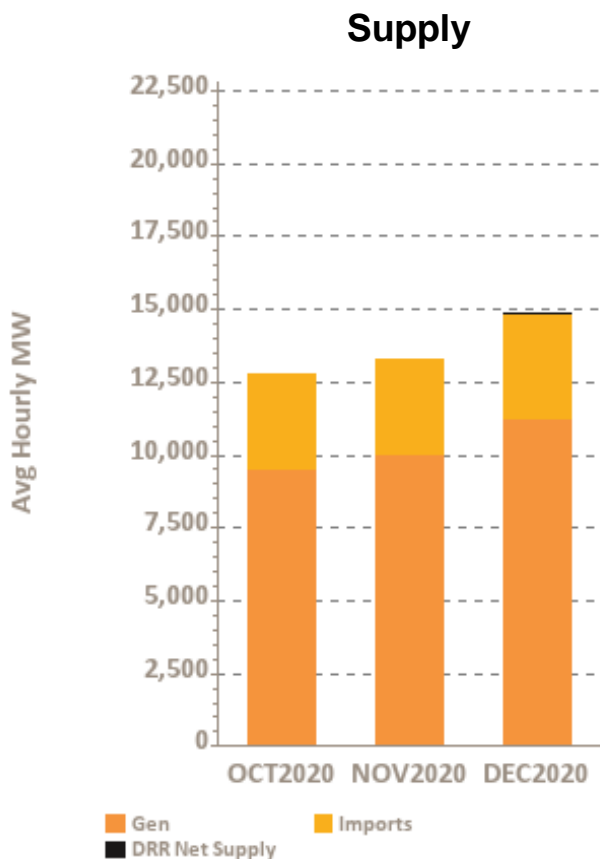


Gen – Generation
 Incs – Increment Offers
 DA Fcst Load – Day-Ahead Forecast Load
 DRR – Demand Response Resource

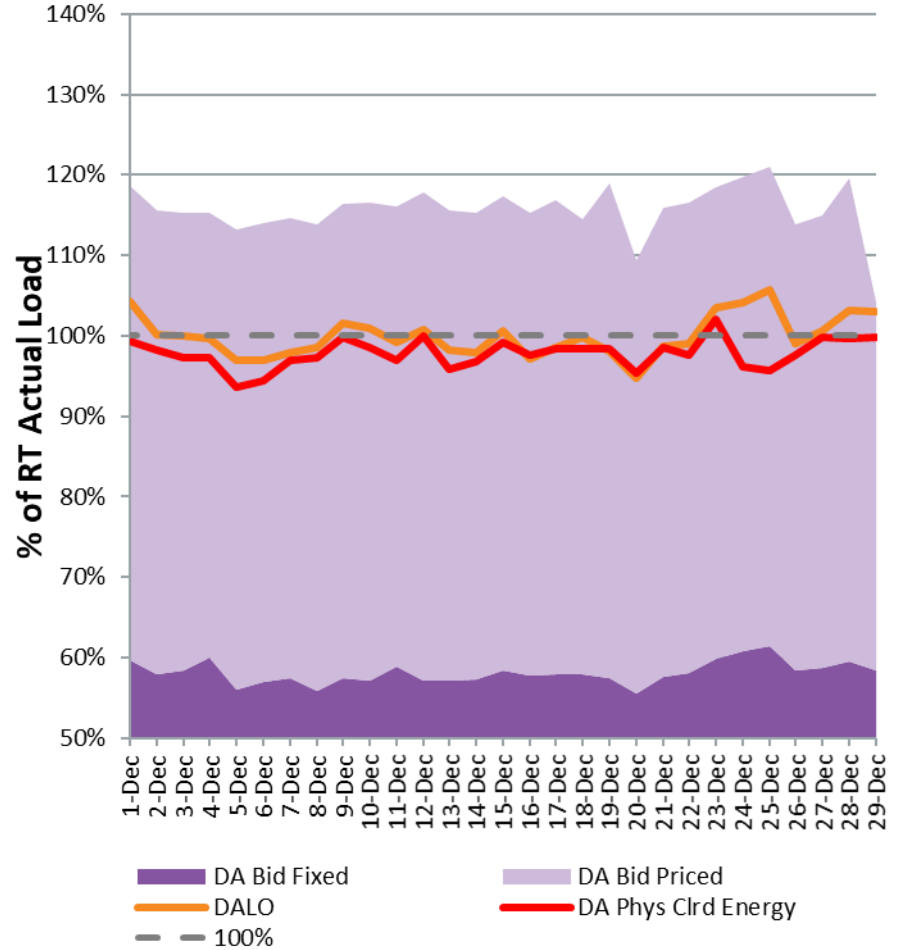
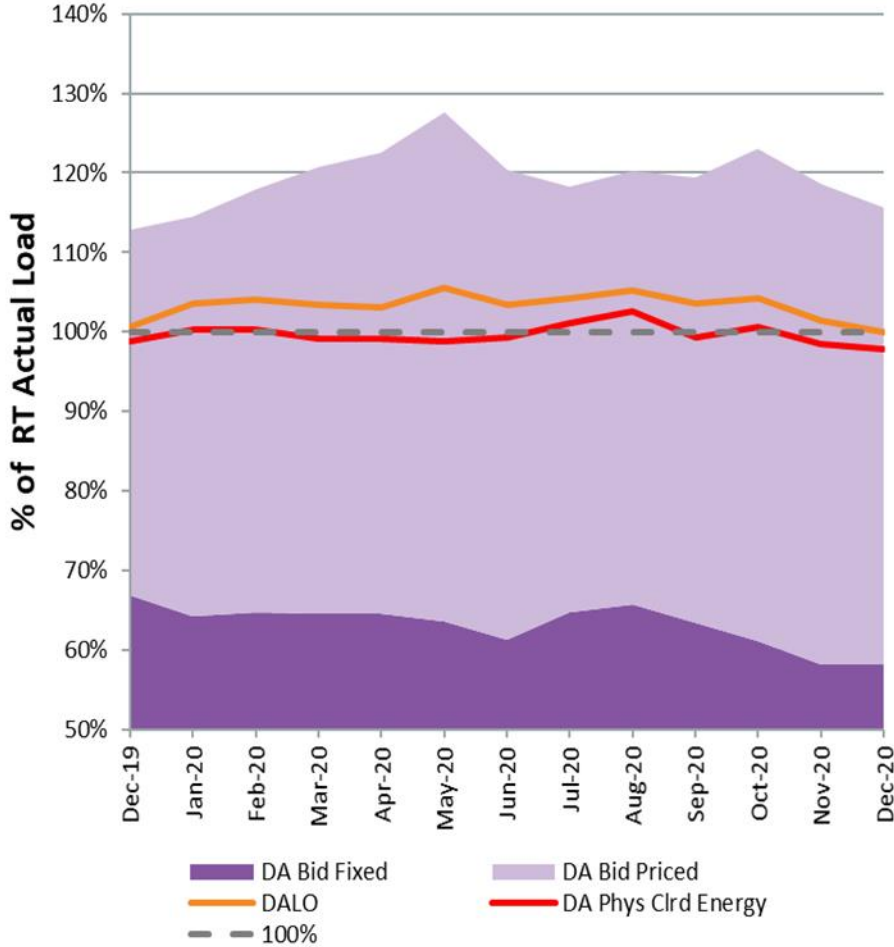
Fixed Dem – Fixed Demand
 PrSens Dem – Price Sensitive Demand
 Decs – Decrement Bids
 Act Load – Actual Load



Components of RT Supply and Demand – Last Three Months



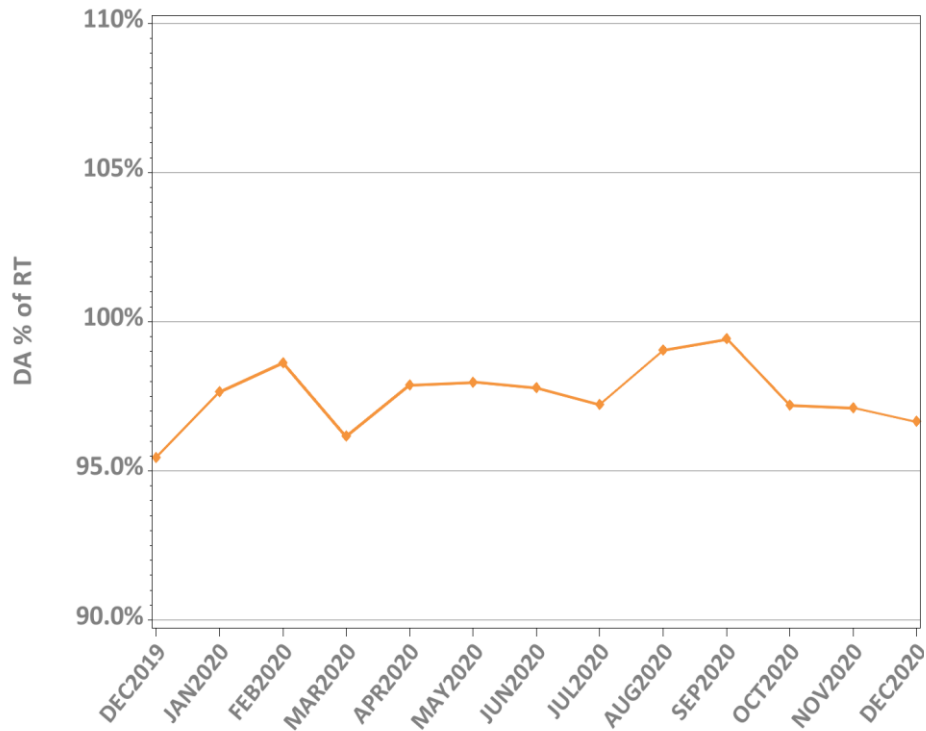
DAM Volumes as % of RT Actual Load (Forecasted Peak Hour)



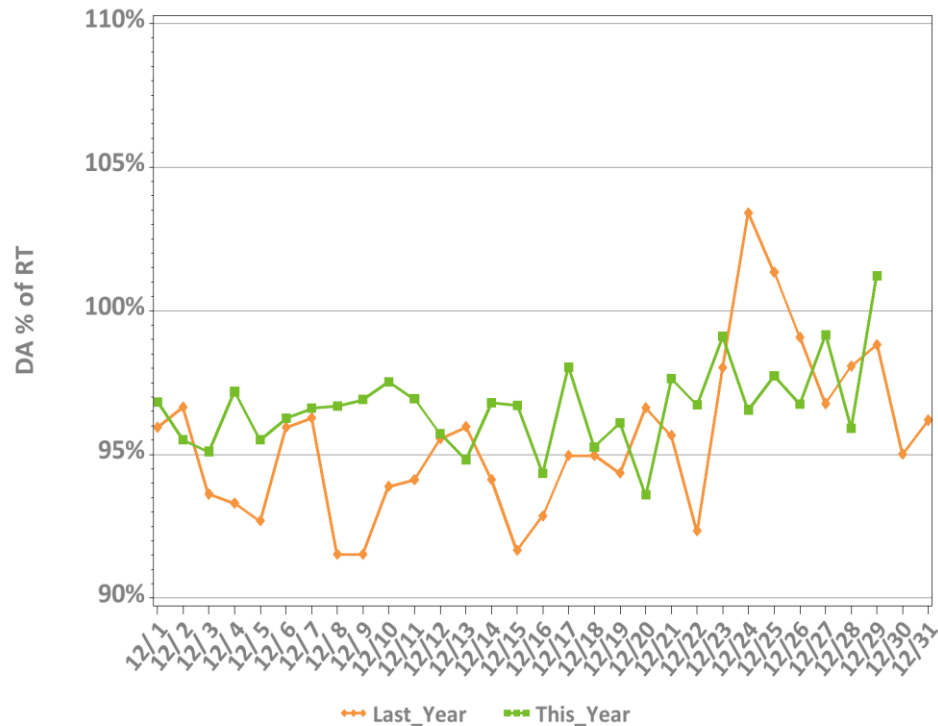
Note: Forecasted peak hour for each day is reflected in the above values. Shown for each day (chart on right) and then averaged for each month (chart on left). 'DA Bid' categories reflect load assets only (Virtual and export bids not reflected.)

DA vs. RT Load Obligation: December, This Year vs. Last Year

Monthly, Last 13 Months



Daily, This Year vs. Last Year

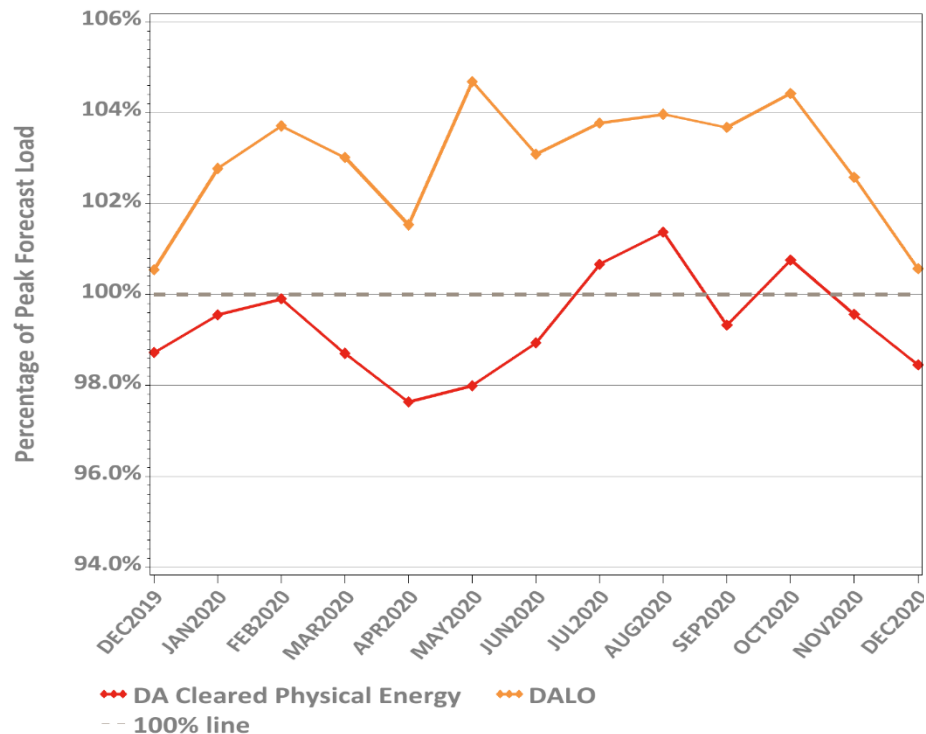


*Hourly average values

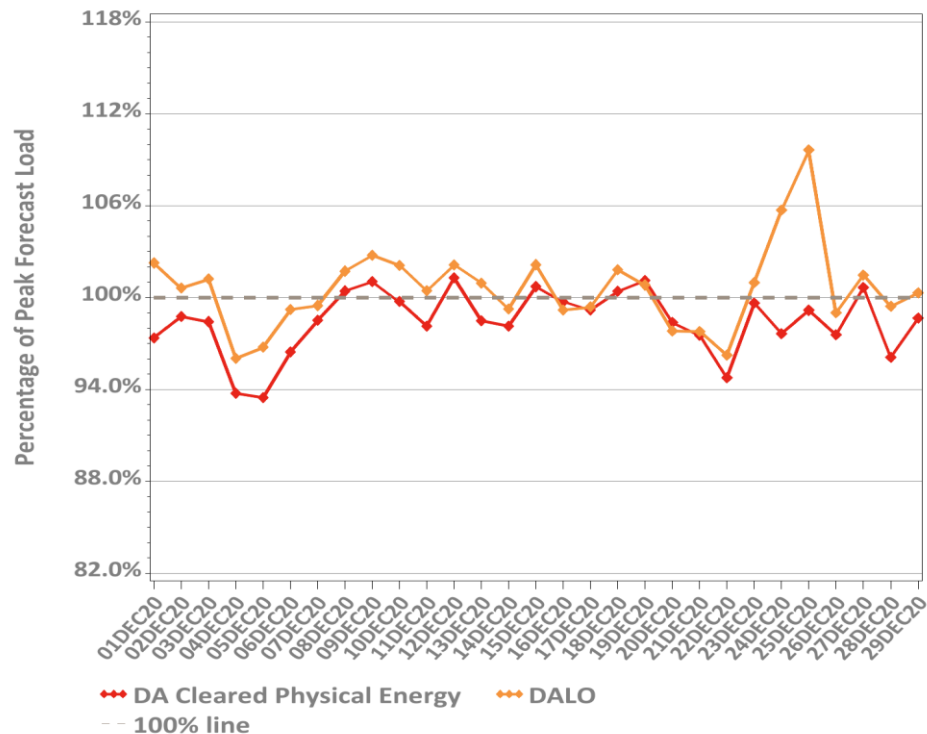


DA Volumes as % of Forecast in Peak Hour

Monthly, Last 13 Months

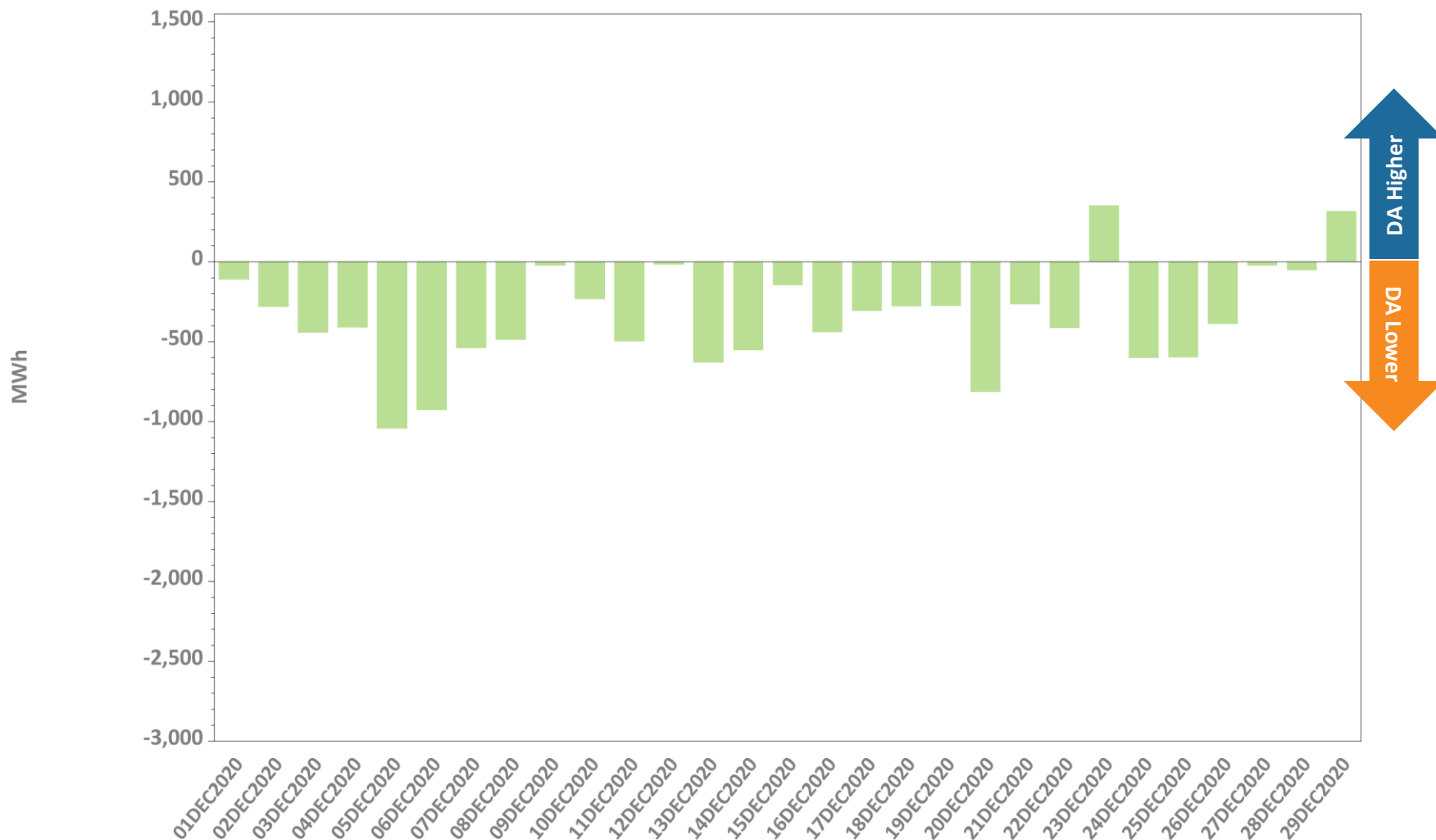


Daily: This Month



Note: There were **two** instances of system-level manual supplemental commitments for capacity required during the Reserve Adequacy Assessment (RAA) during December. The commitments were both fast start units.

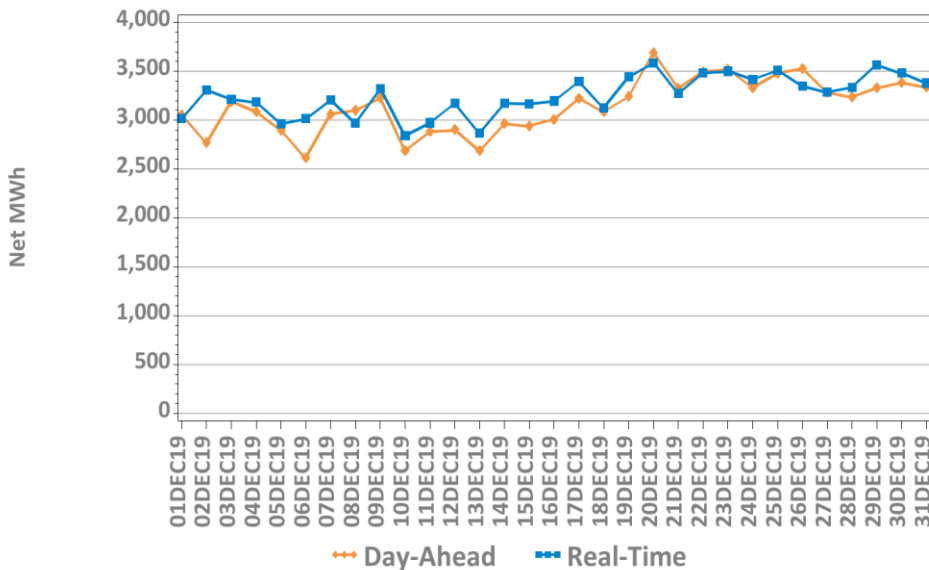
DA Cleared Physical Energy Difference from RT System Load at Peak Hour*



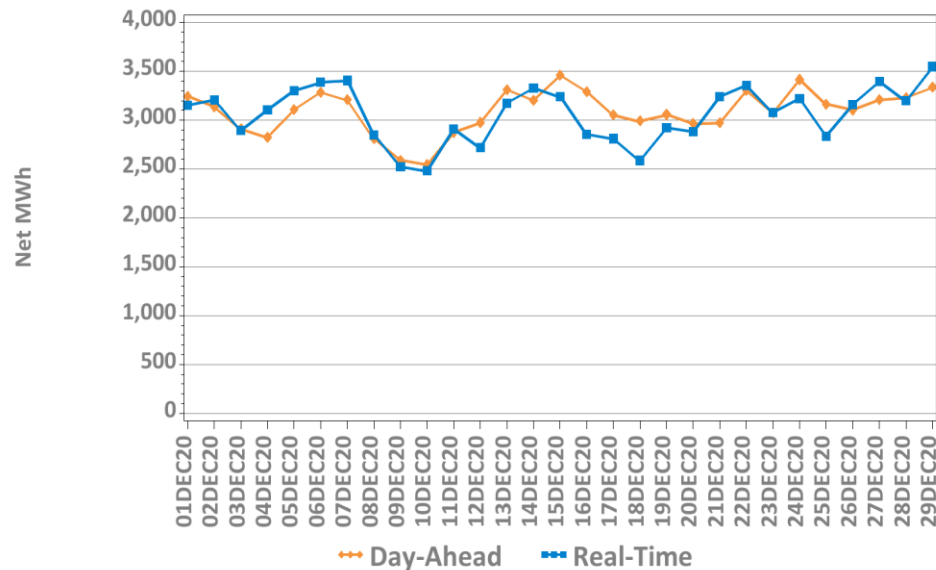
*Negative values indicate DA Cleared Physical Energy value below its RT counterpart. Forecast peak hour reflected.

DA vs. RT Net Interchange December 2019 vs. December 2020

Hourly Average by Day, Last Year



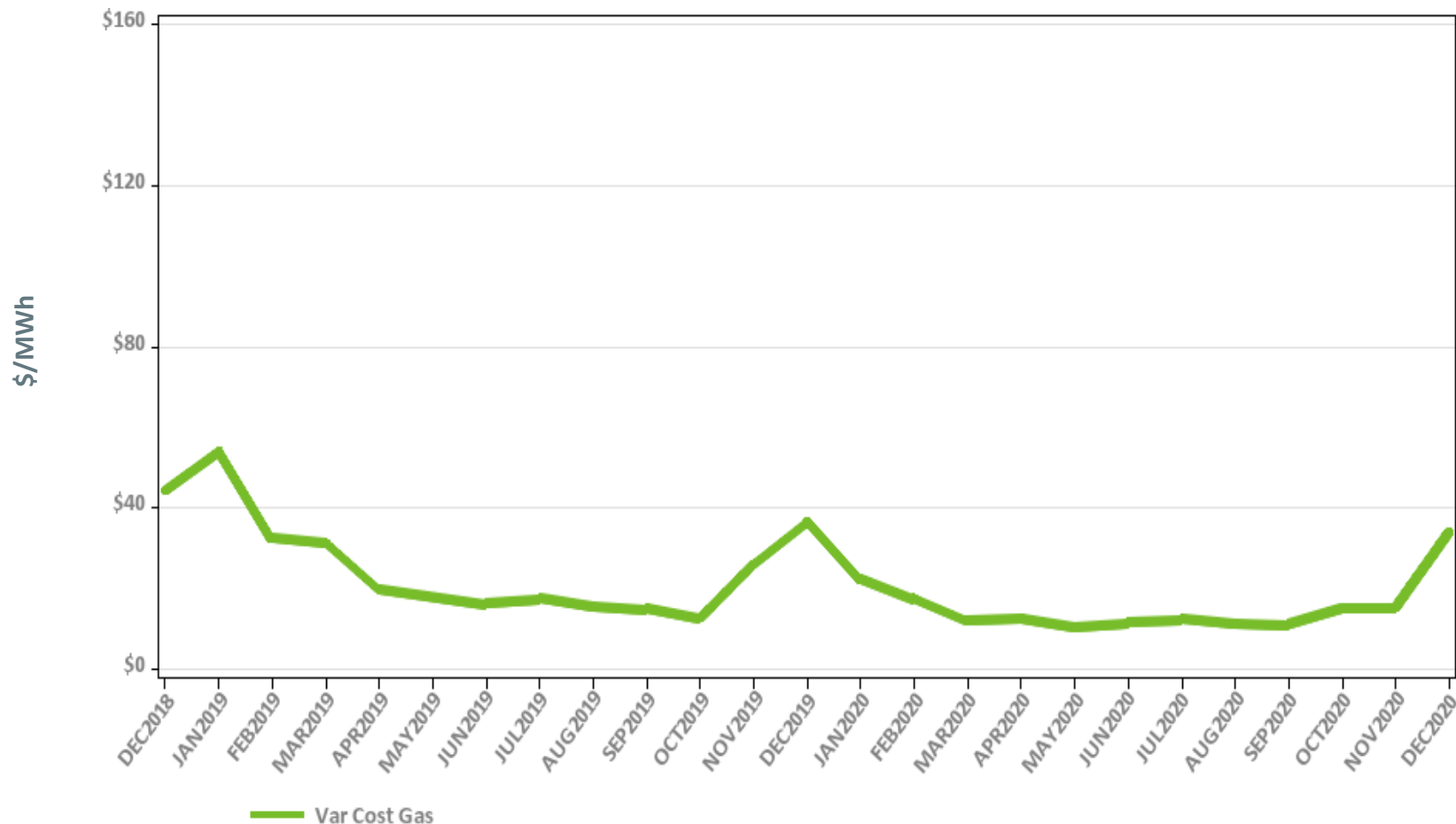
Hourly Average by Day, This Year



Net Interchange is the sum of daily imports minus the sum of daily exports
Positive values are net imports



Variable Production Cost of Natural Gas: Monthly

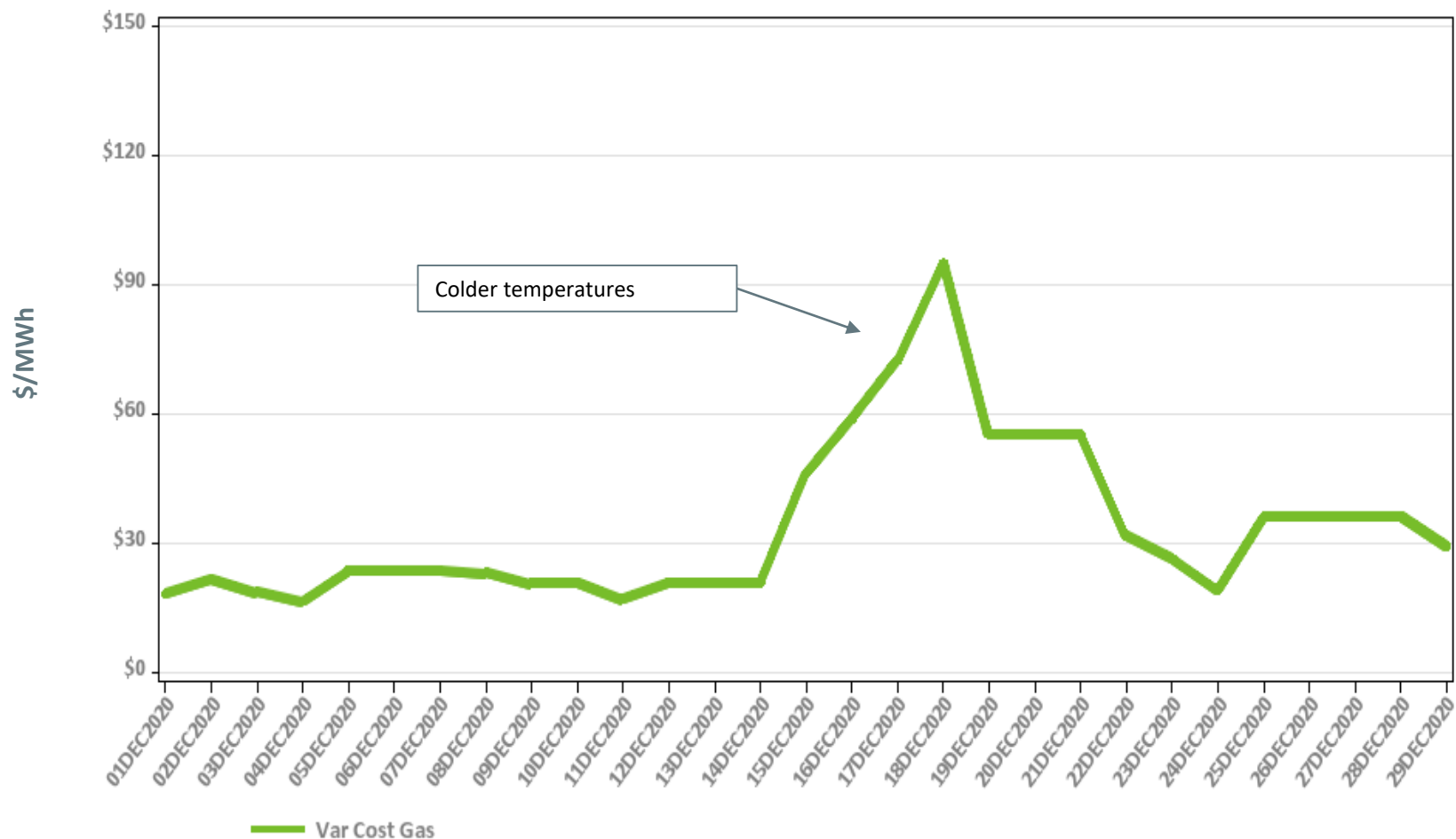


Note: Assumes proxy heat rate of 7,800,000 Btu/MWh for natural gas units.

Underlying natural gas data furnished by:



Variable Production Cost of Natural Gas: Daily



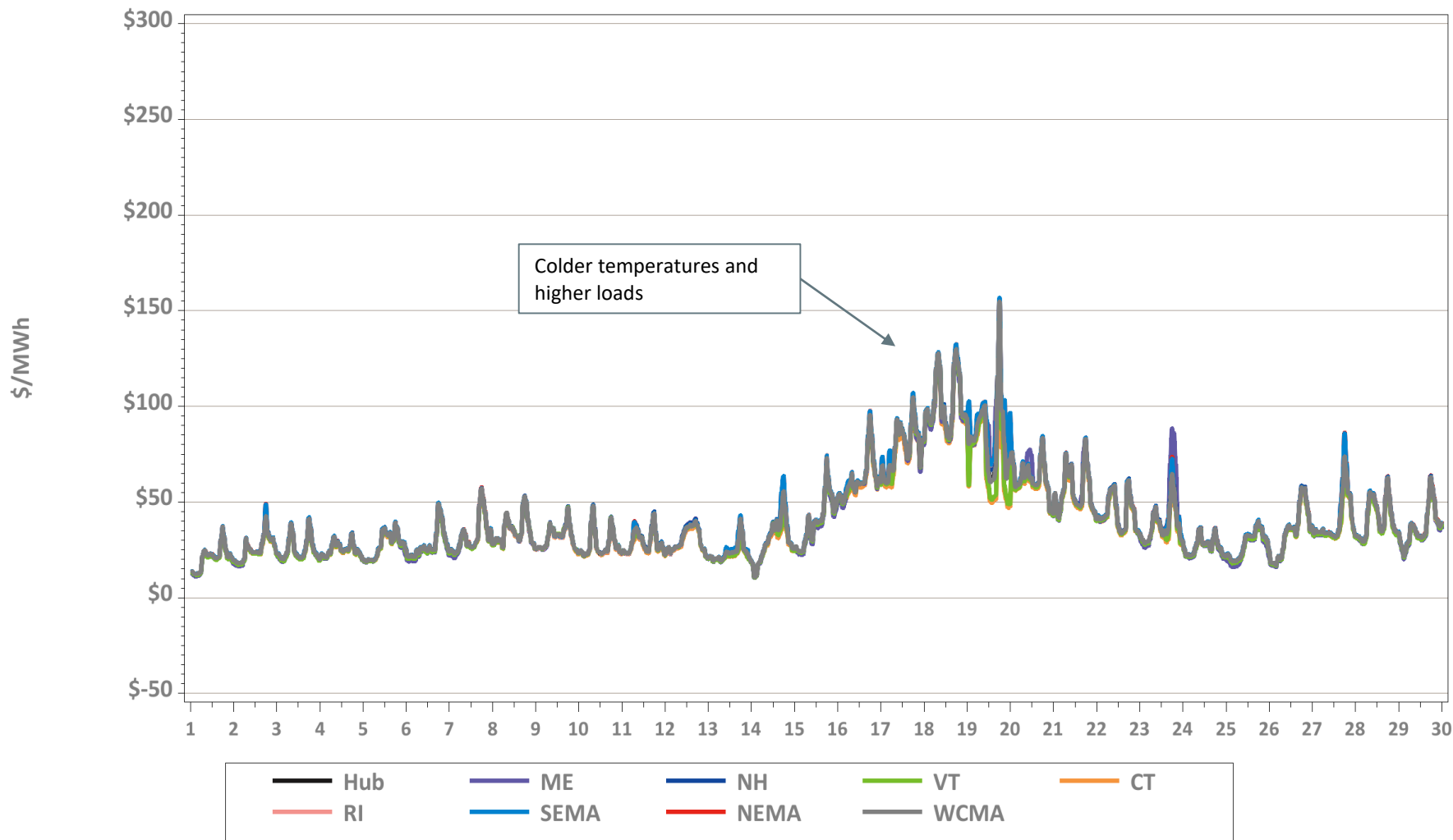
Note: Assumes proxy heat rate of 7,800,000 Btu/MWh for natural gas units.

Underlying natural gas data furnished by:



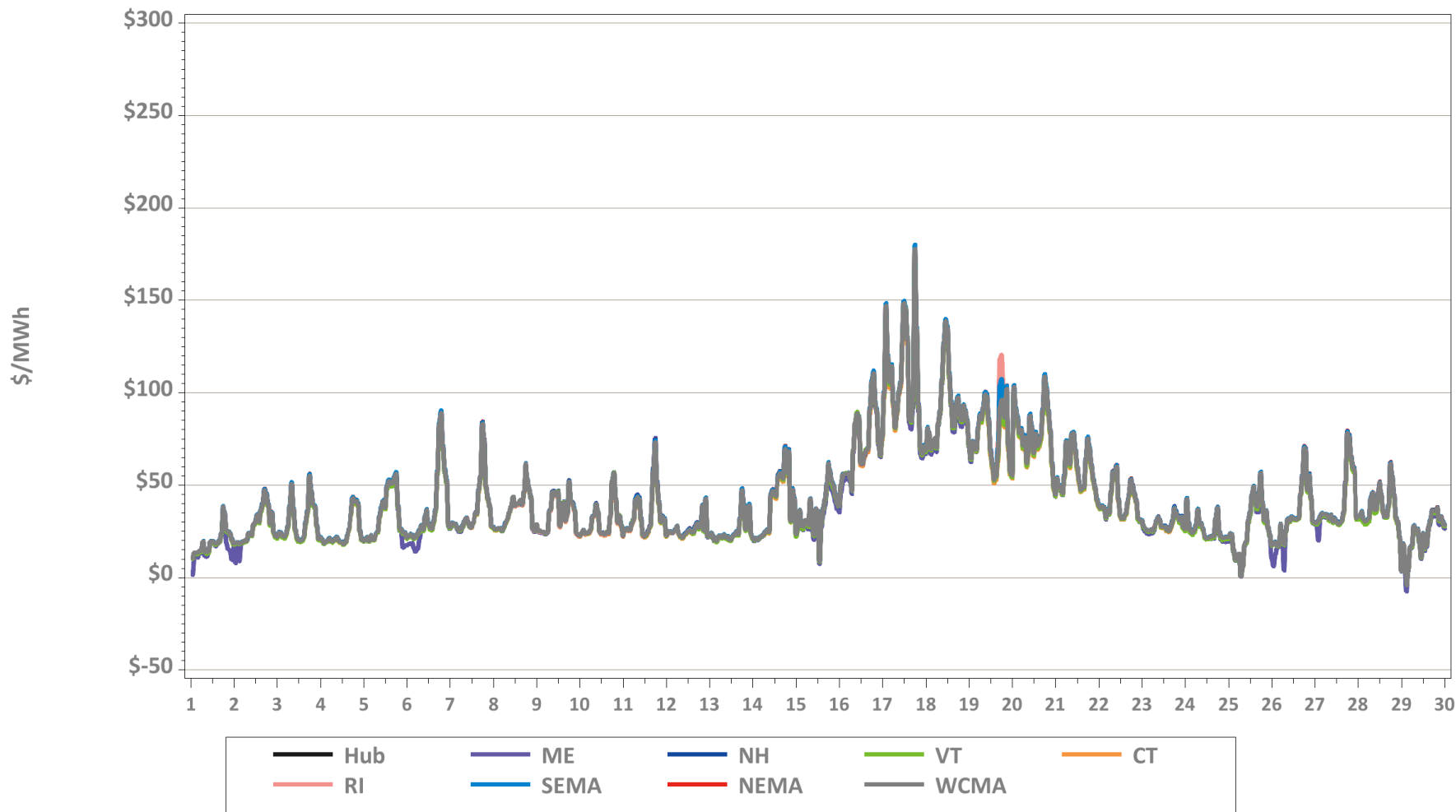
Hourly DA LMPs, December 1-29, 2020

Hourly Day-Ahead LMPs



Hourly RT LMPs, December 1-29, 2020

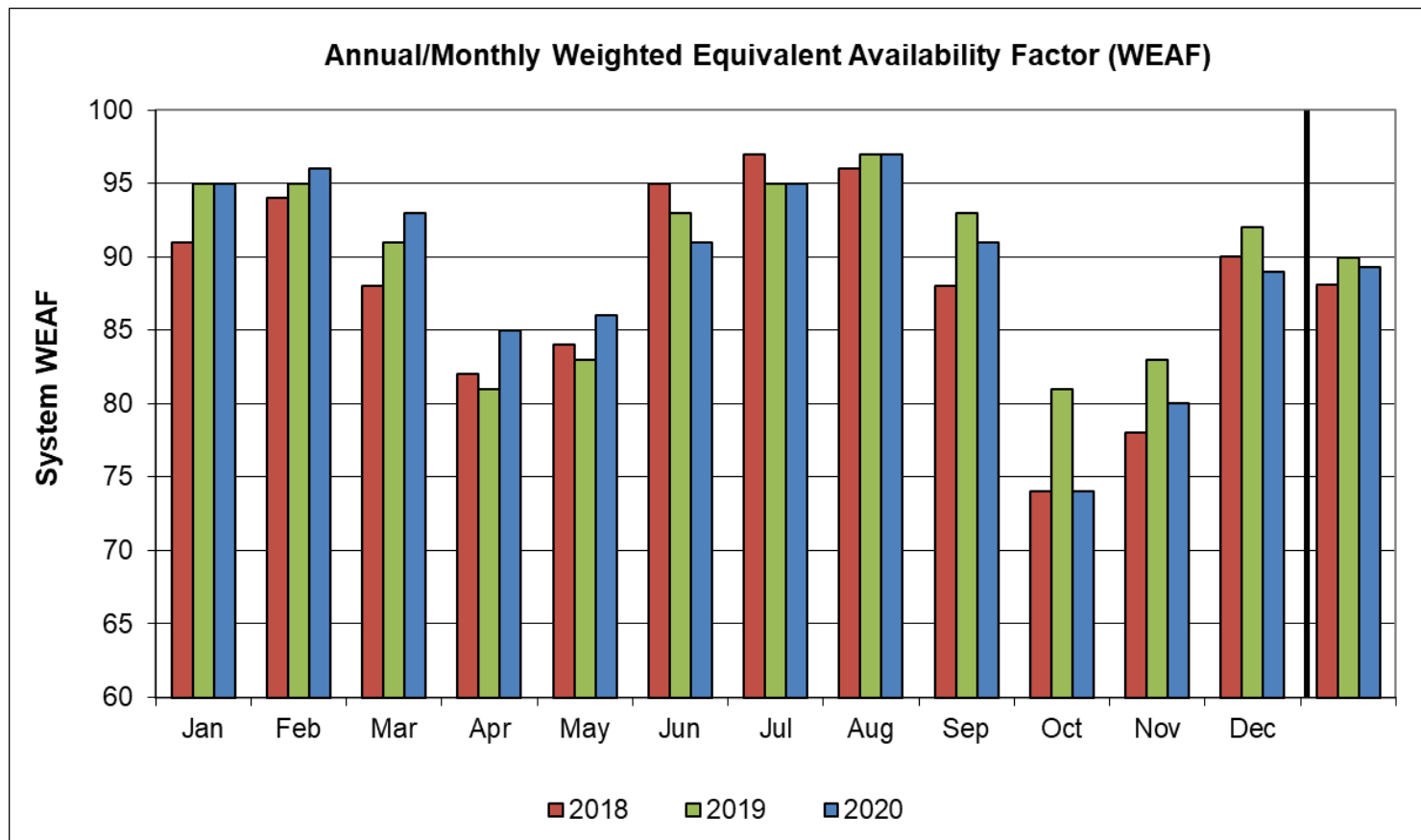
Hourly Real-Time LMPs



• No Minimum Generation Emergencies were declared during December.



System Unit Availability



	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
2020	95	96	93	85	86	91	95	97	91	74	80	89	89
2019	95	95	91	81	83	93	95	97	93	81	83	92	90
2018	91	94	88	82	84	95	97	96	88	74	78	90	88

Data as of 12/28/2020

BACK-UP DETAIL



DEMAND RESPONSE



Capacity Supply Obligation (CSO) MW by Demand Resource Type for January 2021

Load Zone	ADCR*	On Peak	Seasonal Peak	Total
ME	79.2	142.0	0.0	221.2
NH	42.0	126.4	0.0	168.3
VT	35.1	135.5	0.0	170.6
CT	107.5	100.8	567.2	775.5
RI	36.0	263.5	0.0	299.5
SEMA	42.4	415.2	0.0	457.6
WCMA	73.9	444.4	26.0	544.2
NEMA	60.2	762.6	0.0	822.8
Total	476.2	2,390.4	593.2	3,459.8

* Active Demand Capacity Resources
 NOTE: CSO values include T&D loss factor (8%).

NEW GENERATION



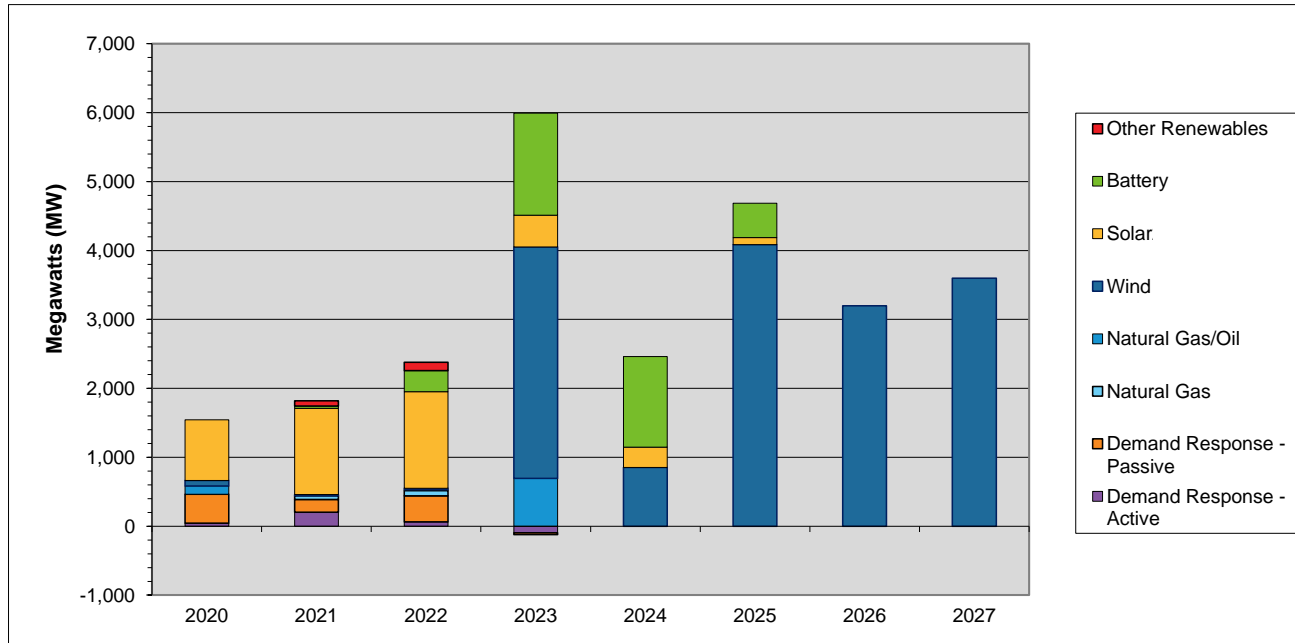
New Generation Update

Based on Queue as of 12/31/20

- Three new projects totaling 130 MW applied for interconnection study since the last update
 - They consist of three new PV projects, with in-service dates ranging from 2021 to 2024
- Two projects went commercial and five were withdrawn, resulting in a net decrease in new generation projects of 795 MW
- In total, 261 generation projects are currently being tracked by the ISO, totaling approximately 24,100 MW



Actual and Projected Annual Capacity Additions By Supply Fuel Type and Demand Resource Type



	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Total MW	% of Total ¹
Other Renewables	0	76	122	0	0	0	0	0	198	0.8
Battery	0	34	304	1,481	1,316	500	0	0	3,635	14.2
Solar ²	879	1,251	1,401	461	294	100	0	0	4,386	17.2
Wind	78	19	20	3,355	852	4,087	3,200	3,600	15,211	59.5
Natural Gas/Oil ³	121	0	16	695	0	0	0	0	832	3.3
Natural Gas	0	53	73	0	0	0	0	0	126	0.5
Demand Response - Passive	422	184	380	-28	0	0	0	0	958	3.7
Demand Response - Active	42	204	62	-94	0	0	0	0	214	0.8
Totals	1,543	1,821	2,378	5,870	2,462	4,687	3,200	3,600	25,561	100.0

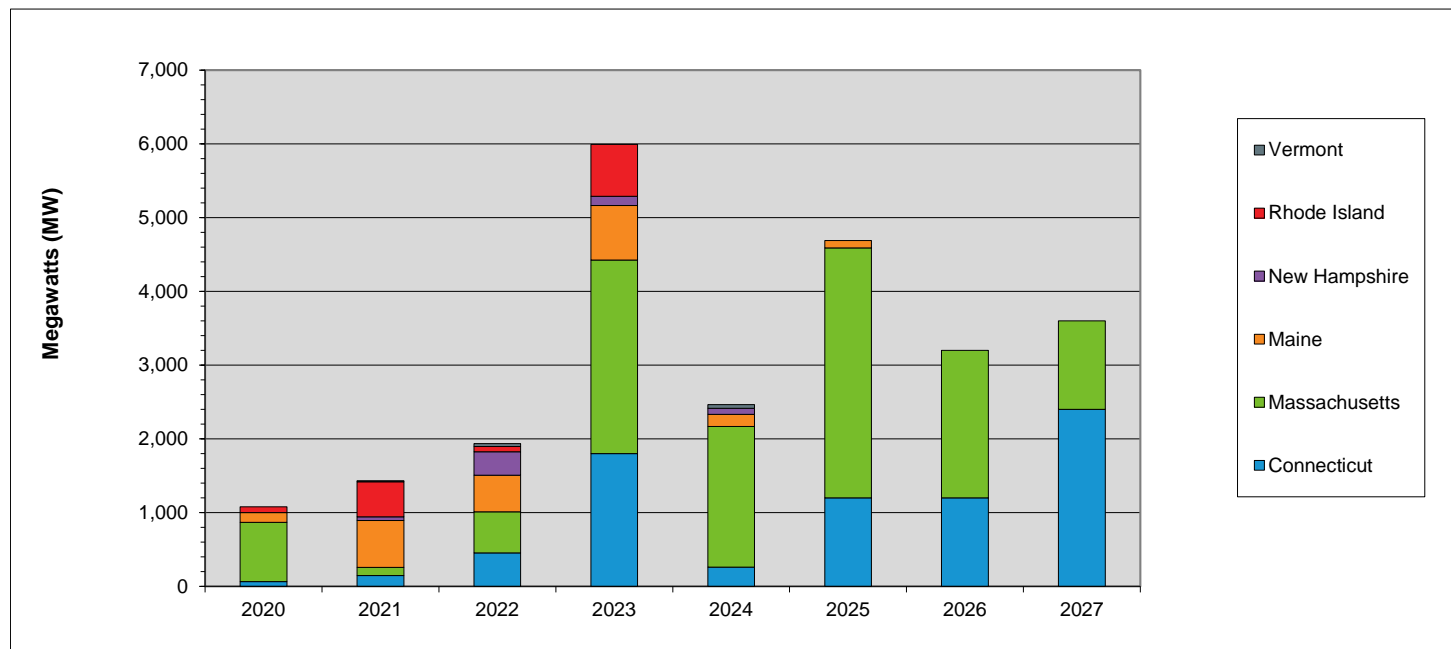
¹ Sum may not equal 100% due to rounding

² This category includes both solar-only, and co-located solar and battery projects

³ The projects in this category are dual fuel, with either gas or oil as the primary fuel

- 2020 values include the 259 MW of generation that went commercial in 2020
- DR reflects changes from the initial FCM Capacity Supply Obligations in 2010-11

Actual and Projected Annual Generator Capacity Additions By State



	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Total MW	% of Total ¹
Vermont	0	15	40	0	50	0	0	0	105	0.4
Rhode Island	78	476	73	704	0	0	0	0	1,331	5.5
New Hampshire	0	50	316	126	81	0	0	0	573	2.3
Maine	133	635	495	738	164	100	0	0	2,265	9.3
Massachusetts	802	110	560	2,624	1,907	3,387	2,000	1,200	12,590	51.6
Connecticut	65	147	452	1,800	260	1,200	1,200	2,400	7,524	30.9
Totals	1,078	1,433	1,936	5,992	2,462	4,687	3,200	3,600	24,388	100.0

¹ Sum may not equal 100% due to rounding

- 2020 values include the 259 MW of generation that went commercial in 2020



New Generation Projection

By Fuel Type

Unit Type	Total		Green		Yellow	
	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)
Biomass/Wood Waste	1	8	1	8	0	0
Battery Storage	20	3,635	0	0	20	3,635
Fuel Cell	4	54	1	10	3	44
Hydro	3	99	2	71	1	28
Natural Gas	7	126	0	0	7	126
Natural Gas/Oil	5	787	1	14	4	773
Nuclear	1	37	0	0	1	37
Solar	198	4,250	11	173	187	4,077
Wind	22	15,133	1	15	21	15,118
Total	261	24,129	17	291	244	23,838

- Projects in the Natural Gas/Oil category may have either gas or oil as the primary fuel
- Green denotes projects with a high probability of going into service
- Yellow denotes projects with a lower probability of going into service or new applications

New Generation Projection

By Operating Type

Operating Type	Total		Green		Yellow	
	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)
Baseload	8	132	3	23	5	109
Intermediate	9	822	1	14	8	808
Peaker	222	8,042	12	239	210	7,803
Wind Turbine	22	15,133	1	15	21	15,118
Total	261	24,129	17	291	244	23,838

- Green denotes projects with a high probability of going into service
- Yellow denotes projects with a lower probability of going into service or new applications



New Generation Projection

By Operating Type and Fuel Type

Unit Type	Total		Baseload		Intermediate		Peaker		Wind Turbine	
	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)	No. of Projects	Capacity (MW)
Biomass/Wood Waste	1	8	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
Battery Storage	20	3,635	0	0	0	0	20	3,635	0	0
Fuel Cell	4	54	4	54	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hydro	3	99	2	33	0	0	1	66	0	0
Natural Gas	7	126	0	0	6	120	1	6	0	0
Natural Gas/Oil	5	787	0	0	3	702	2	85	0	0
Nuclear	1	37	1	37	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solar	198	4,250	0	0	0	0	198	4,250	0	0
Wind	22	15,133	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	15,133
Total	261	24,129	8	132	9	822	222	8,042	22	15,133

- Projects in the Natural Gas/Oil category may have either gas or oil as the primary fuel



FORWARD CAPACITY MARKET



Capacity Supply Obligation FCA 11

Resource Type	Resource Type	FCA	ARA 1		ARA 2		ARA 3	
		CSO	CSO	Change	CSO	Change	CSO	Change
		MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	MW
Demand	Active Demand	419.928	441.221	21.293	594.551	153.33	584.35	-10.201
	Passive Demand	2,791.02	2,835.354	44.334	2,883.767	48.413	2,964.695	80.928
Demand Total		3,210.95	3,276.575	65.625	3,478.318	201.743	3,549.045	70.727
Generator	Non-Intermittent	30,494.80	30,064.23	-430.569	30,159.891	95.661	2,9678.995	-480.896
	Intermittent	894.217	823.796	-70.421	809.571	-14.225	689.524	-120.047
Generator Total		31,389.02	30,888.027	-500.993	30,969.462	81.435	30,368.519	-600.943
Import Total		1,235.40	1,622.037	386.637	1,609.844	-12.193	1,124.6	-485.244
Grand Total*		35,835.37	35,786.64	-48.731	36,057.624	270.984	35,042.164	-1015.46
Net ICR (NICR)		34,075	33,660	-415	33,520	-140	32,205	-1,315

* Grand Total reflects both CSO Grand Total and the net total of the Change Column.

Note: A resource's CSO may change for a variety of reasons outside ISO-NE administered trading windows. Reasons for CSO changes beyond bilaterals and reconfiguration auction may include terminations or recent declaration of commercial operation. Details of the changes that occurred due to non-annual event purposes are contained in the 2015-2020 CCP Monthly Capacity Supply Obligation Changes report on the ISO New England website.



Capacity Supply Obligation FCA 12

Resource Type	Resource Type				ARA 2		ARA 3	
		CSO	CSO	Change	CSO	Change	CSO	Change
		MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	MW
Demand	Active Demand	624.445	659.137	34.692	603.776	-55.361		
	Passive Demand	2,975.36	3,045.073	69.713	31,23.232	78.159		
Demand Total		3,599.81	3,704.21	104.4	37,27.008	22.798		
Generator	Non-Intermittent	29,130.75	29,244.404	113.654	28,620.245	-624.159		
	Intermittent	880.317	806.609	-73.708	660.932	-145.677		
Generator Total		30,011.07	30,051.013	39.943	29,281.177	-769.836		
Import Total		1,217	1,305.487	88.487	1,307.587	2.10		
Grand Total*		34,827.88	35,060.710	232.83	34,315.772	-744.94		
Net ICR (NICR)		33,725	33,550	-175	32,320	-230		

* Grand Total reflects both CSO Grand Total and the net total of the Change Column

Note: A resource's CSO may change for a variety of reasons outside ISO-NE administered trading windows. Reasons for CSO changes beyond bilaterals and reconfiguration auction may include terminations or recent declaration of commercial operation. Details of the changes that occurred due to non-annual event purposes are contained in the 2015-2020 CCP Monthly Capacity Supply Obligation Changes report on the ISO New England website.



Capacity Supply Obligation FCA 13

Resource Type	Resource Type	FCA	ARA 1		ARA 2		ARA 3	
		CSO	CSO	Change	CSO	Change	CSO	Change
		MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	MW
Demand	Active Demand	685.554	683.116	-2.438				
	Passive Demand	3,354.69	3,407.507	52.817				
Demand Total		4,040.244	4,090.623	50.38				
Generator	Non-Intermittent	28,586.498	27,868.341	-718.157				
	Intermittent	1,024.792	901.672	-123.12				
Generator Total		2,9611.29	28,770.013	-841.28				
Import Total		1,187.69	1,292.41	104.72				
Grand Total*		34,839.224	34,153.046	-686.18				
Net ICR (NICR)		33,750	32,465	-1,285				

* Grand Total reflects both CSO Grand Total and the net total of the Change Column

Note: A resource's CSO may change for a variety of reasons outside ISO-NE administered trading windows. Reasons for CSO changes beyond bilaterals and reconfiguration auction may include terminations or recent declaration of commercial operation. Details of the changes that occurred due to non-annual event purposes are contained in the 2015-2020 CCP Monthly Capacity Supply Obligation Changes report on the ISO New England website.



Capacity Supply Obligation FCA 14

Resource Type	Resource Type	FCA	ARA 1		ARA 2		ARA 3	
		CSO	CSO	Change	CSO	Change	CSO	Change
		MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	MW
Demand	Active Demand	592.043						
	Passive Demand	3,327.071						
Demand Total		3,919.114						
Generator	Non-Intermittent	27,816.902						
	Intermittent	1,160.916						
Generator Total		28,977.818						
Import Total		1,058.72						
Grand Total*		33,955.652						
Net ICR (NICR)		32,490						

* Grand Total reflects both CSO Grand Total and the net total of the Change Column

Note: A resource's CSO may change for a variety of reasons outside ISO-NE administered trading windows. Reasons for CSO changes beyond bilaterals and reconfiguration auction may include terminations or recent declaration of commercial operation. Details of the changes that occurred due to non-annual event purposes are contained in the 2015-2020 CCP Monthly Capacity Supply Obligation Changes report on the ISO New England website.



Active/Passive Demand Response

CSO Totals by Commitment Period

Commitment Period	Active/Passive	Existing	New	Grand Total
2019-20	Active	357.221	20.304	377.525
	Passive	2,018.20	350.43	2,368.63
	Grand Total	2375.422	370.734	2746.156
2020-21	Active	334.634	85.294	419.928
	Passive	2,236.73	554.292	2,791.02
	Grand Total	2571.361	639.586	3210.947
2021-22	Active	480.941	143.504	624.445
	Passive	2,604.79	370.568	2,975.36
	Grand Total	3085.734	514.072	3599.806
2022-23	Active	598.376	87.178	685.554
	Passive	2,788.33	566.363	3,354.69
	Grand Total	3386.703	653.541	4040.244
2023-24	Active	560.55	31.493	592.043
	Passive	3,035.51	291.565	3,327.07
	Grand Total	3596.056	323.058	3919.114

RELIABILITY COSTS – NET COMMITMENT PERIOD COMPENSATION (NCPC) OPERATING COSTS



What are Daily NCPC Payments?

- Payments made to resources whose commitment and dispatch by ISO-NE resulted in a shortfall between the resource's offered value in the Energy and Regulation Markets and the revenue earned from output during the day
- Typically, this is the result of some out-of-merit operation of resources occurring in order to protect the overall resource adequacy and transmission security of specific locations or of the entire control area
- NCPC payments are intended to make a resource that follows the ISO's operating instructions "no worse off" financially than the best alternative generation schedule



Definitions

<p>1st Contingency NCPC Payments</p>	<p>Reliability costs paid to eligible resources that are providing first contingency (1stC) protection (including low voltage, system operating reserve, and load serving) either system-wide or locally</p>
<p>2nd Contingency NCPC Payments</p>	<p>Reliability costs paid to resources providing capacity in constrained areas to respond to a local second contingency. They are committed based on 2nd Contingency (2ndC) protocols, and are also known as Local Second Contingency Protection Resources (LSCPR)</p>
<p>Voltage NCPC Payments</p>	<p>Reliability costs paid to resources operated by ISO-NE to provide voltage support or control in specific locations</p>
<p>Distribution NCPC Payments</p>	<p>Reliability costs paid to units dispatched at the request of local transmission providers for purpose of managing constraints on the low voltage (distribution) system. These requirements are not modeled in the DA Market software</p>
<p>OATT</p>	<p>Open Access Transmission Tariff</p>

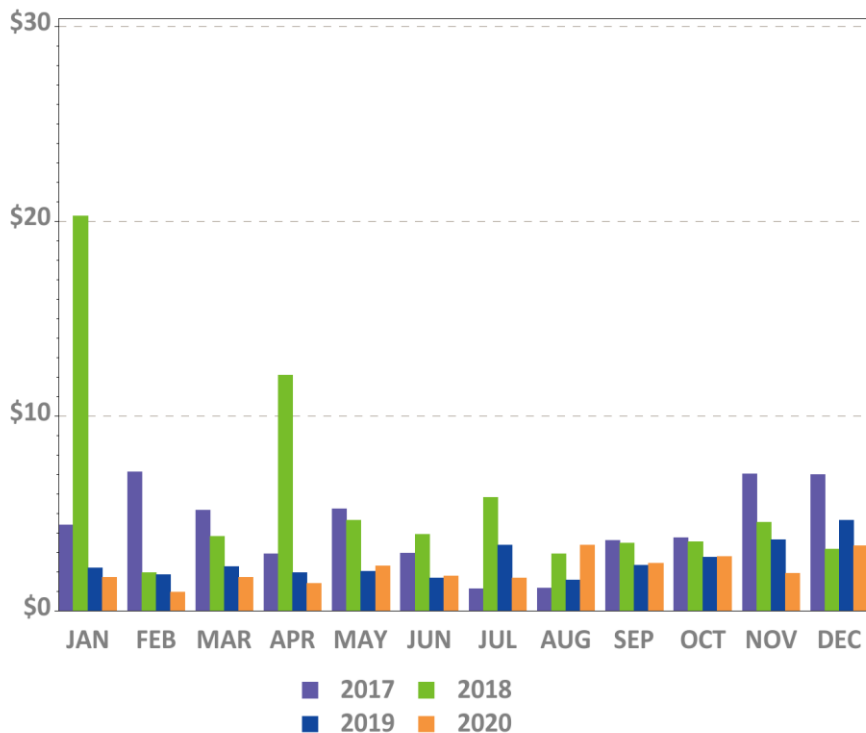


Charge Allocation Key

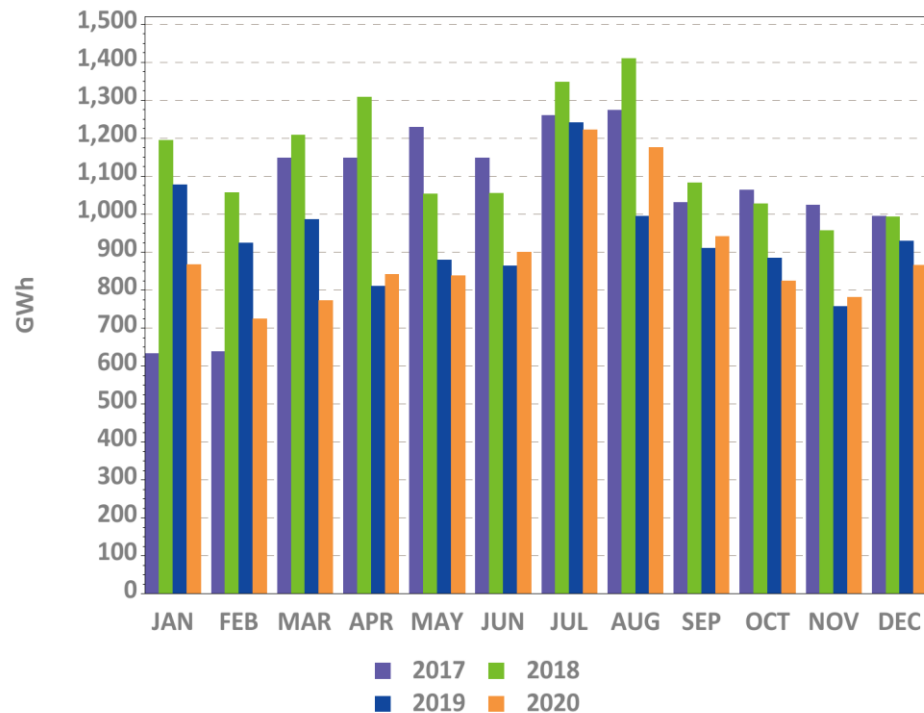
Allocation Category	Market / OATT	Allocation
System 1 st Contingency	Market	DA 1 st C (excluding at external nodes) is allocated to system DALO. RT 1 st C (at all locations) is allocated to System 'Daily Deviations'. Daily Deviations = sum of(generator deviations, load deviations, generation obligation deviations at external nodes, increment offer deviations)
External DA 1 st Contingency	Market	DA 1 st C at external nodes (from imports, exports, Incs and Decs) are allocated to activity at the specific external node or interface involved
Zonal 2 nd Contingency	Market	DA and RT 2 nd C NCPC are allocated to load obligation in the Reliability Region (zone) served
System Low Voltage	OATT	(Low) Voltage Support NCPC is allocated to system Regional Network Load and Open Access Same-Time Information Service (OASIS) reservations
Zonal High Voltage	OATT	High Voltage Control NCPC is allocated to zonal Regional Network Load
Distribution - PTO	OATT	Distribution NCPC is allocated to the specific Participant Transmission Owner (PTO) requesting the service
System – Other	Market	Includes GPA, Economic Generator/DARD Posturing, Dispatch Lost Opportunity Cost (DLOC), and Rapid Response Pricing (RRP) Opportunity Cost NCPC (allocated to RTLO); and Min Generation Emergency NCPC (allocated to RTGO).

Year-Over-Year Total NCPC Dollars and Energy

NCPC Dollars



NCPC Energy*

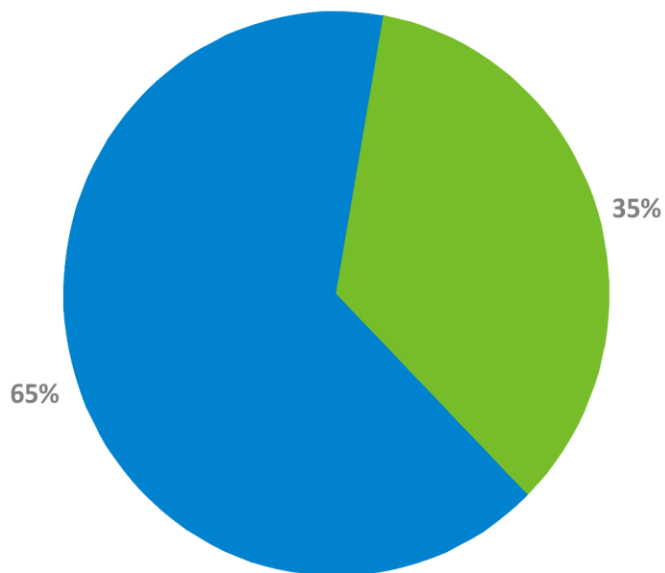


* NCPC Energy GWh reflect the DA and/or RT economic minimum loadings of all units receiving DA or RT NCPC credits (except for DLOC, RRP, or posturing NCPC), assessed during hours in which they are NCPC-eligible. Scheduled MW for external transactions receiving NCPC are also reflected. All NCPC components (1st Contingency, 2nd Contingency, Voltage, and RT Distribution) are reflected.



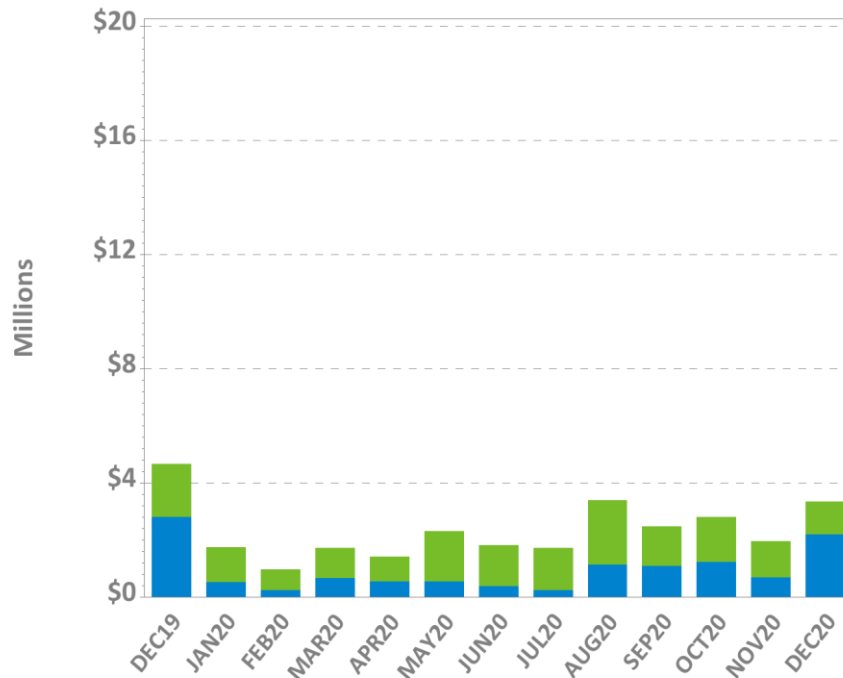
DA and RT NCPC Charges

Dec-20 Total = \$3.36 M



■ Day-Ahead ■ Real-Time

Last 13 Months

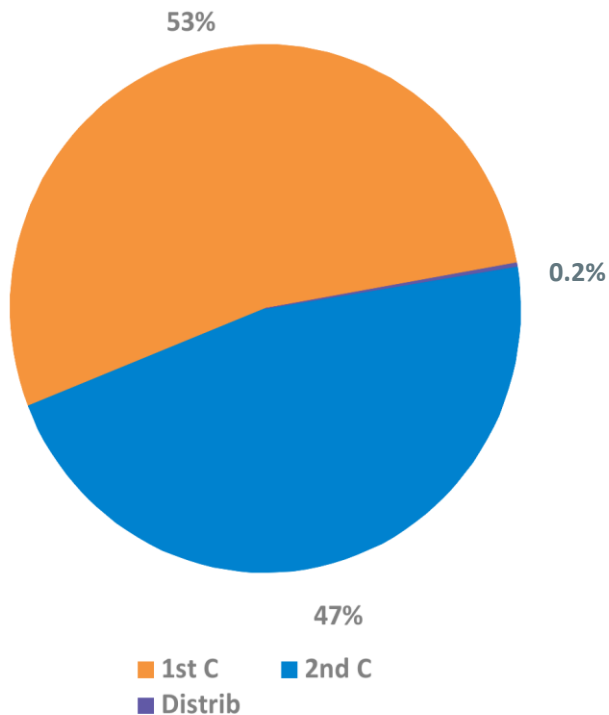


■ Day-Ahead ■ Real-Time

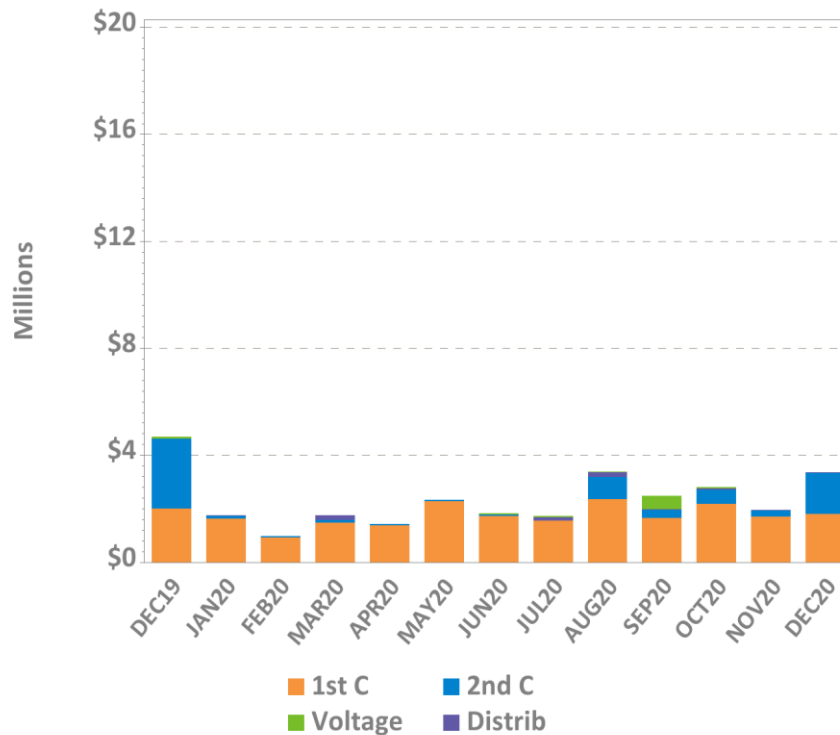


NCPC Charges by Type

Dec-20 Total = \$3.36 M



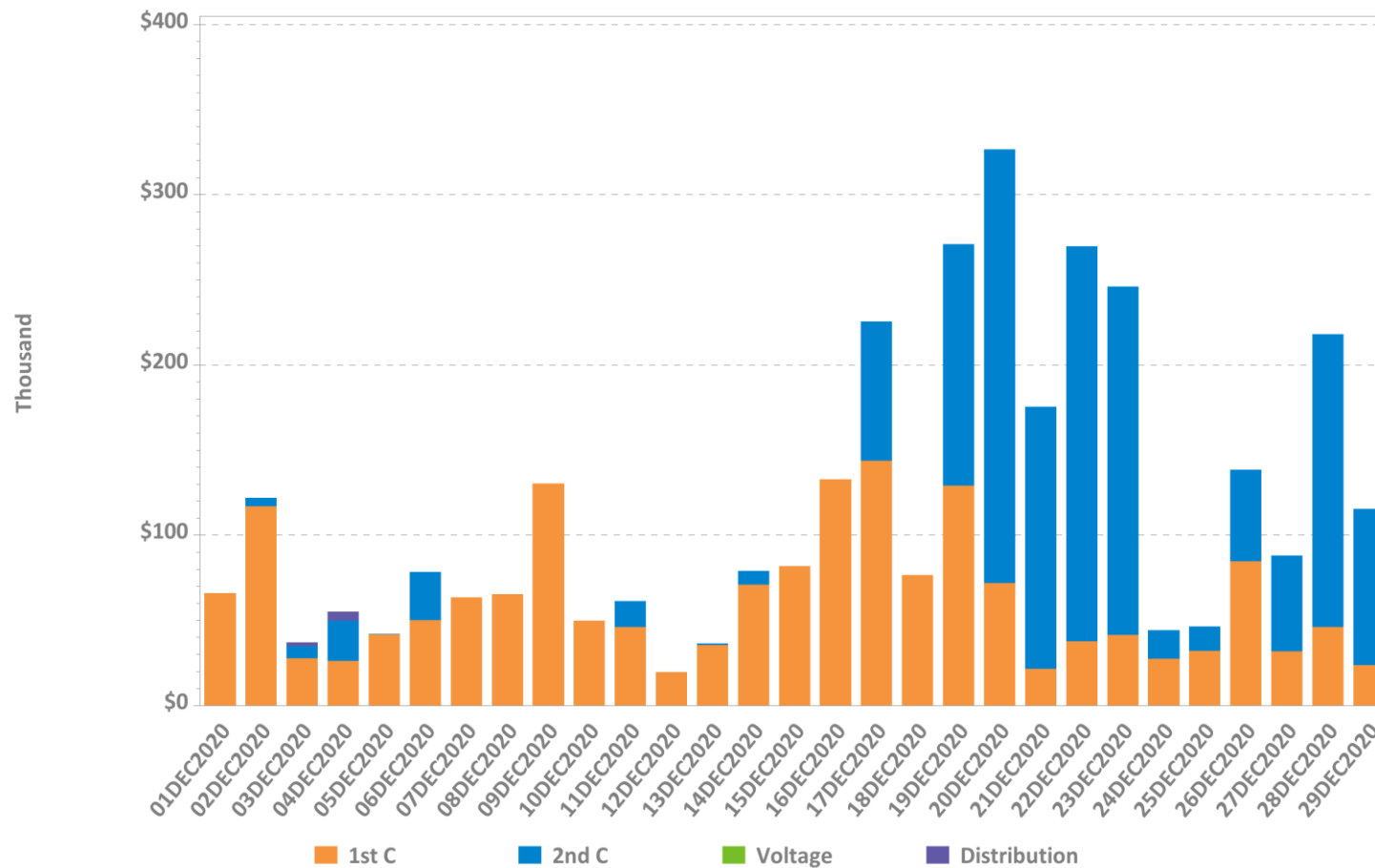
Last 13 Months



1st C – First Contingency
 2nd C – Second Contingency
 Distrib – Distribution
 Voltage – Voltage

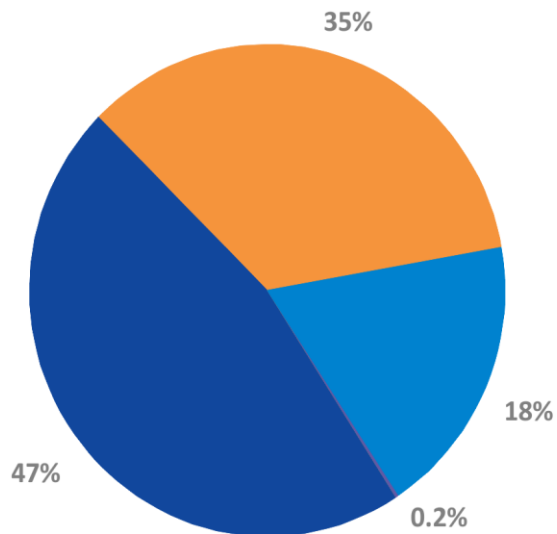


Daily NCPC Charges by Type



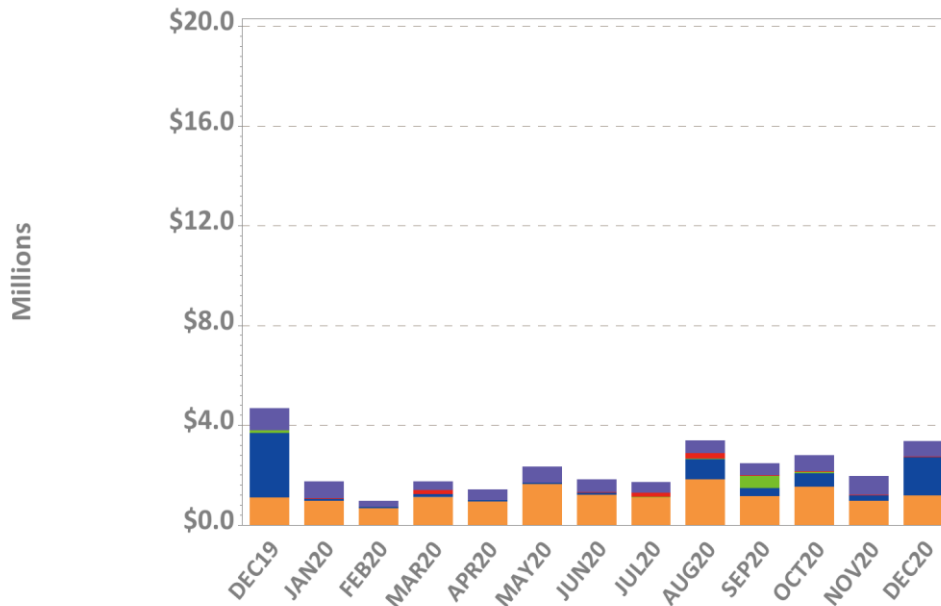
NCPC Charges by Allocation

Dec-20 Total = \$3.36 M



- System 1stC
- Zonal 2ndC
- Dist - PTO
- Ext DA 1stC
- System Low V
- System Other

Last 13 Months

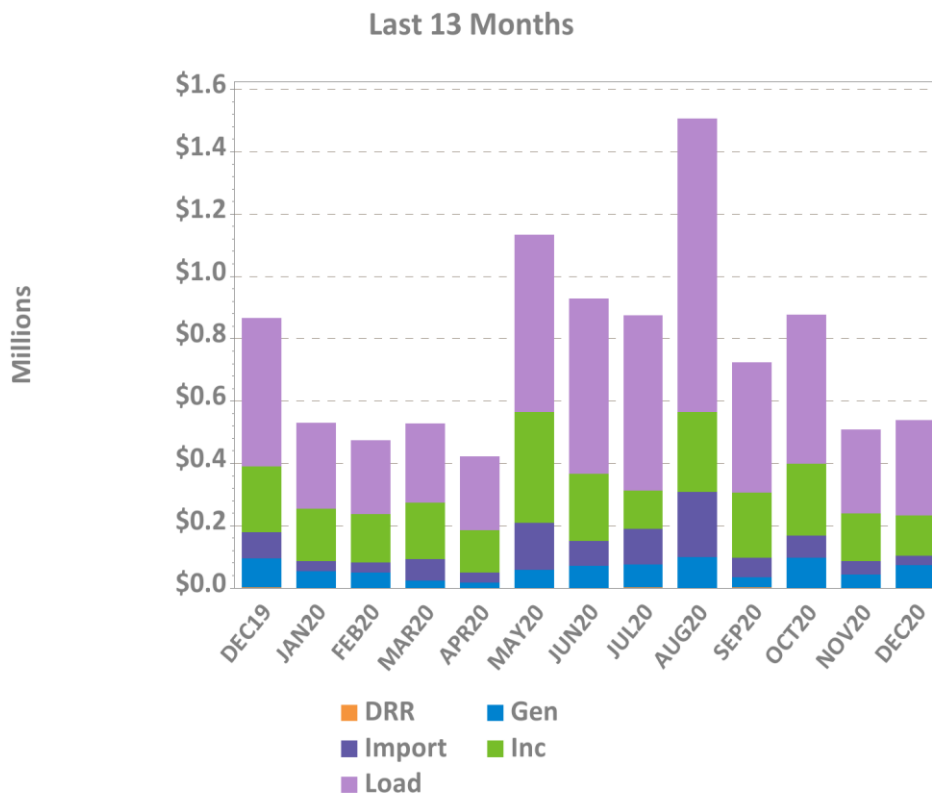
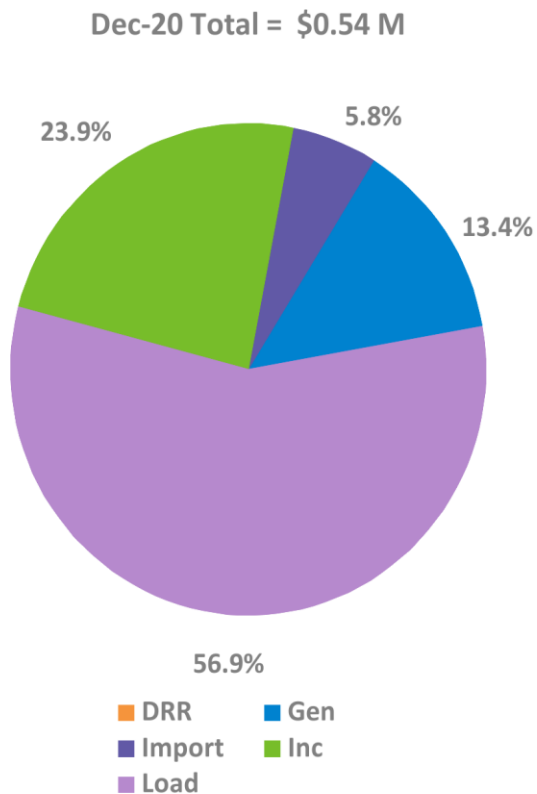


- System 1stC
- Zonal 2ndC
- Zonal High V
- Ext DA 1stC
- System Low V
- Dist - PTO

Note: 'System Other' includes, as applicable: Resource Economic Posturing, GPA, Min Gen Emergency, Dispatch Lost Opportunity Cost (DLOC), and Rapid Response Pricing (RRP) Opportunity Cost credits.



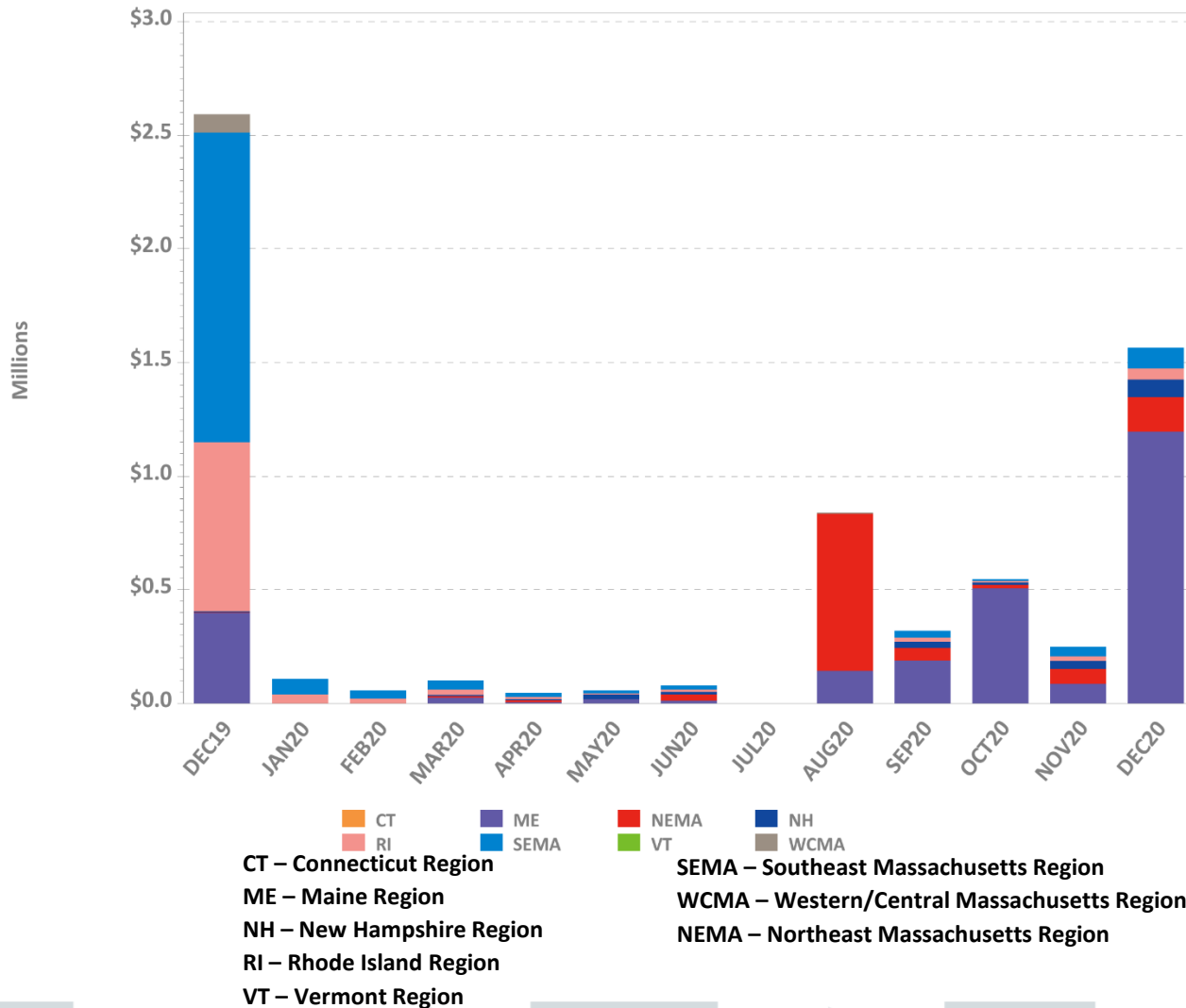
RT First Contingency Charges by Deviation Type



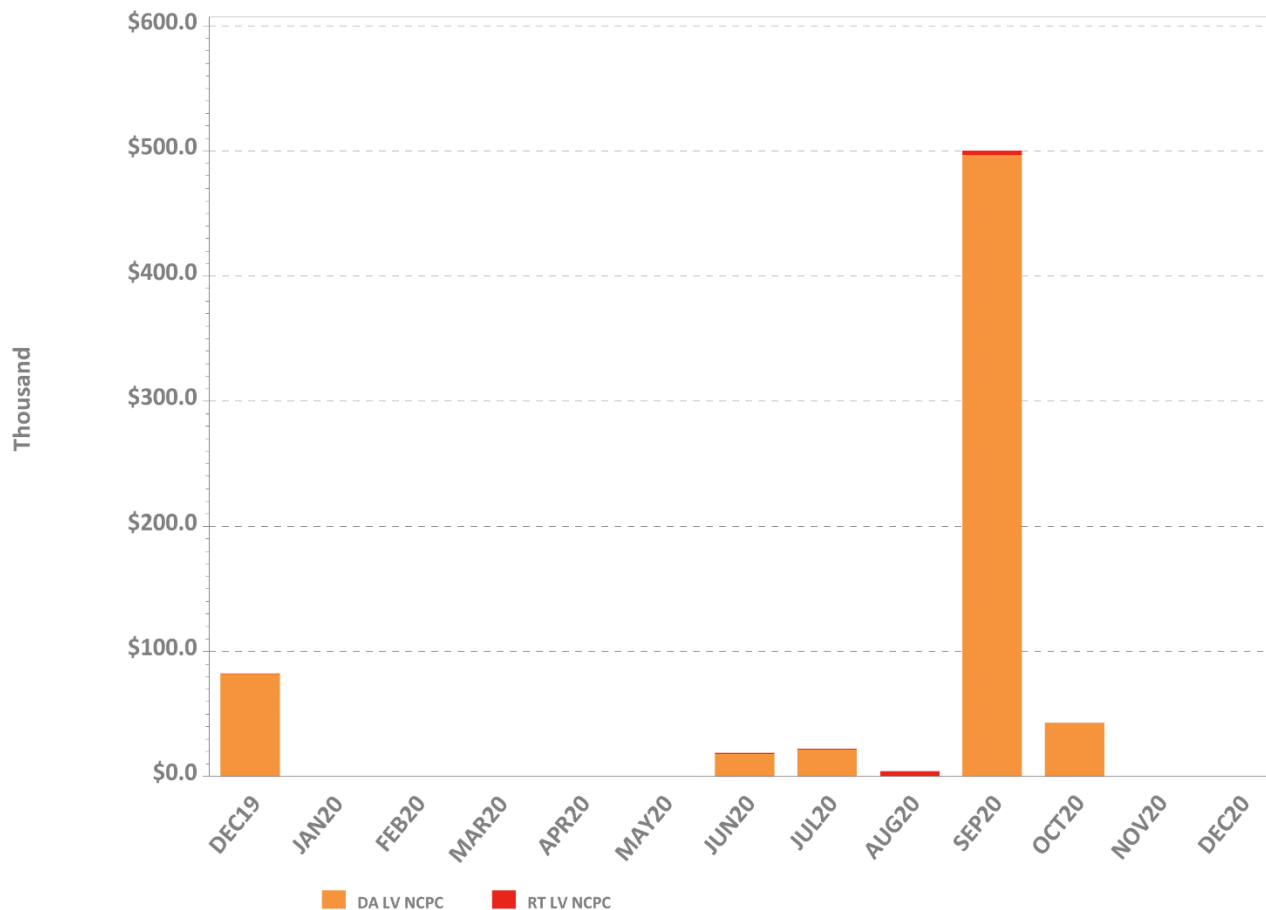
DRR – Demand Response Resource deviations
 Gen – Generator deviations
 Inc – Increment Offer deviations
 Import – Import deviations
 Load – Load obligation deviations



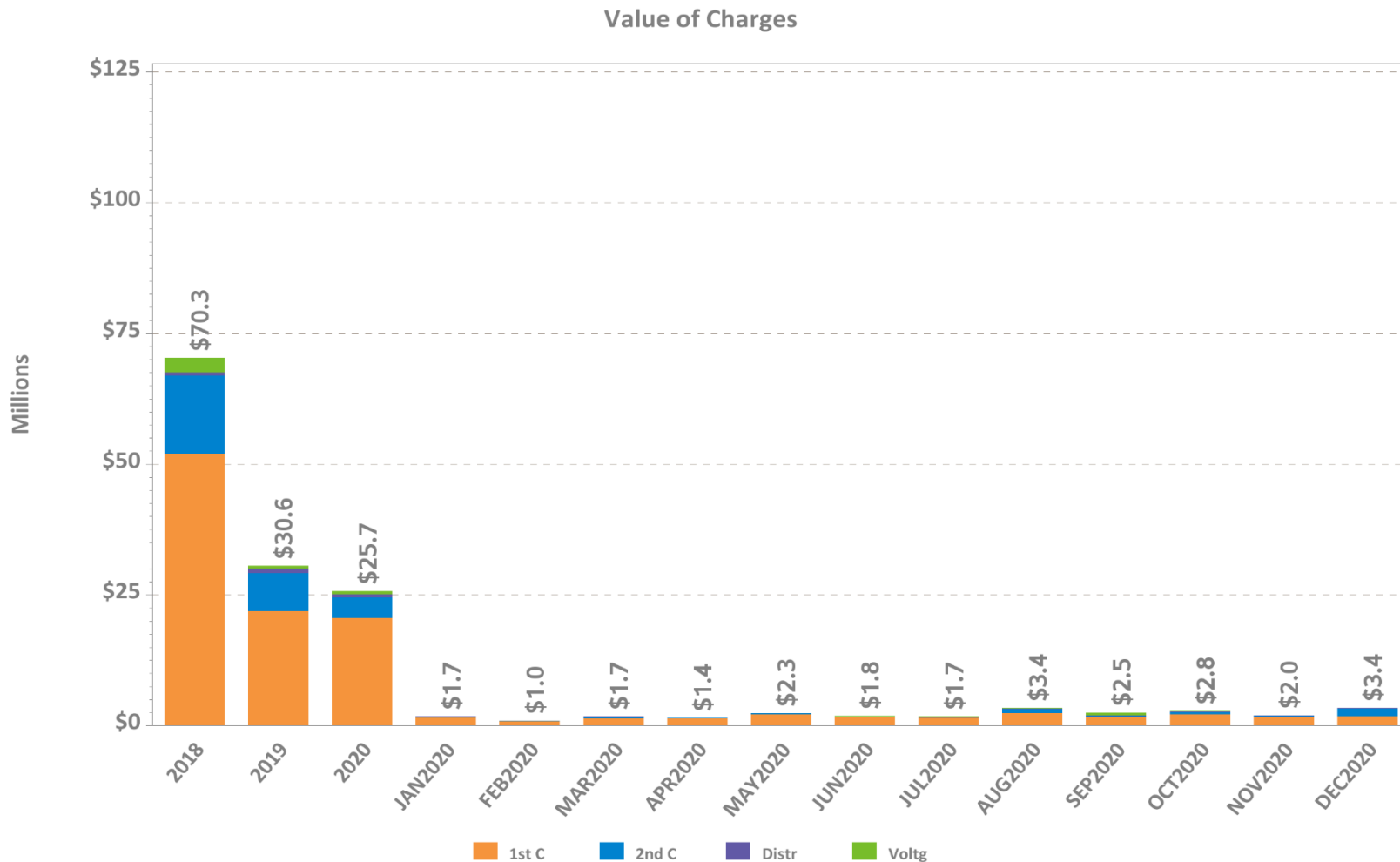
LSCPR Charges by Reliability Region



NCPC Charges for Voltage Support and High Voltage Control

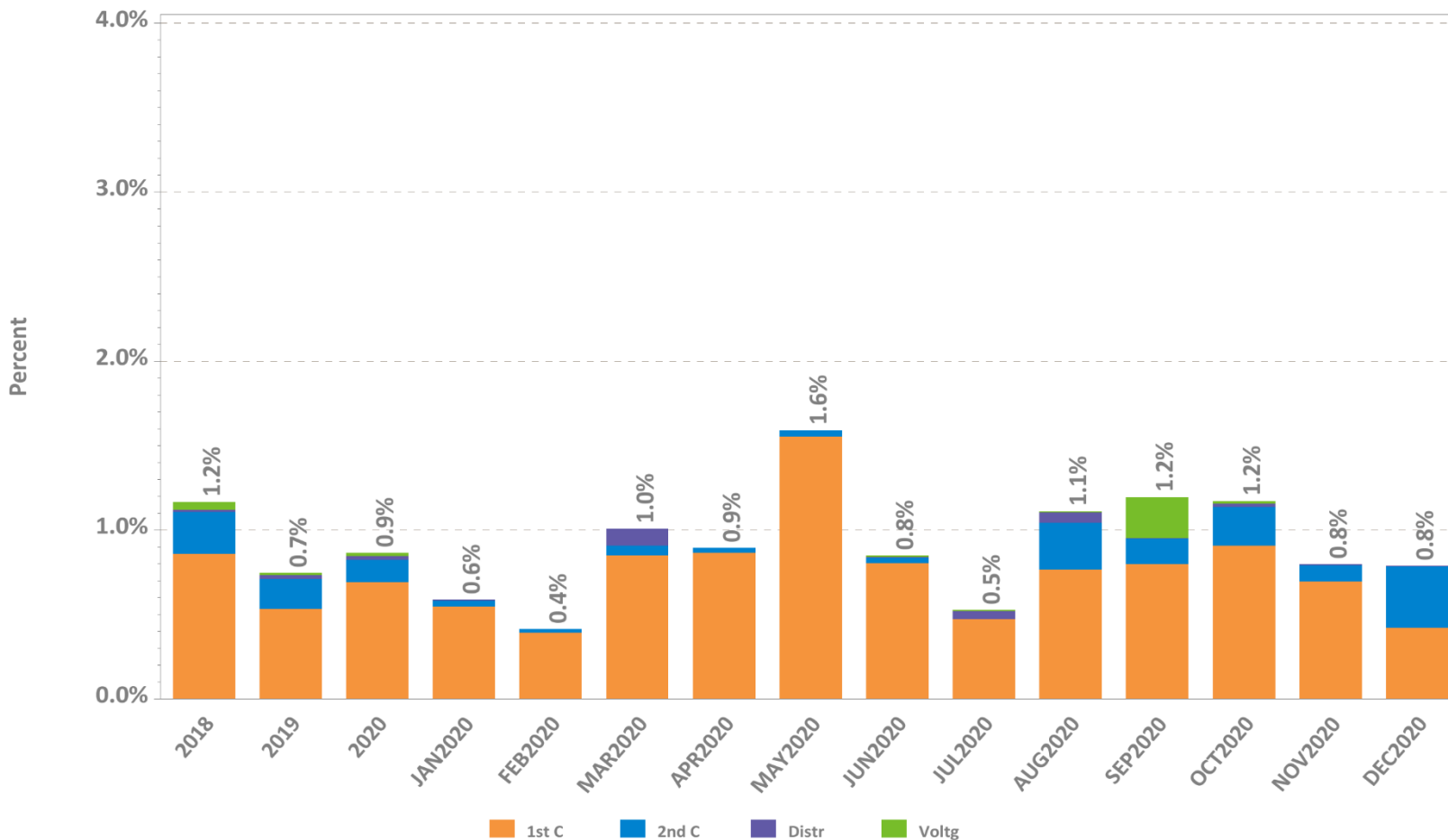


NCPC Charges by Type



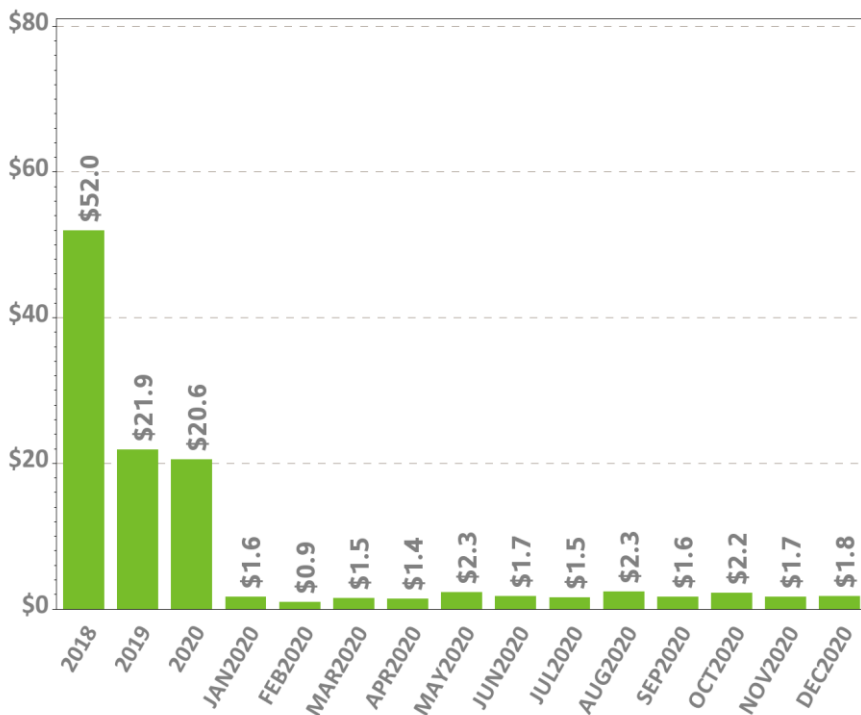
NCPC Charges as Percent of Energy Market

NCPC By Type as Percent of Energy Market

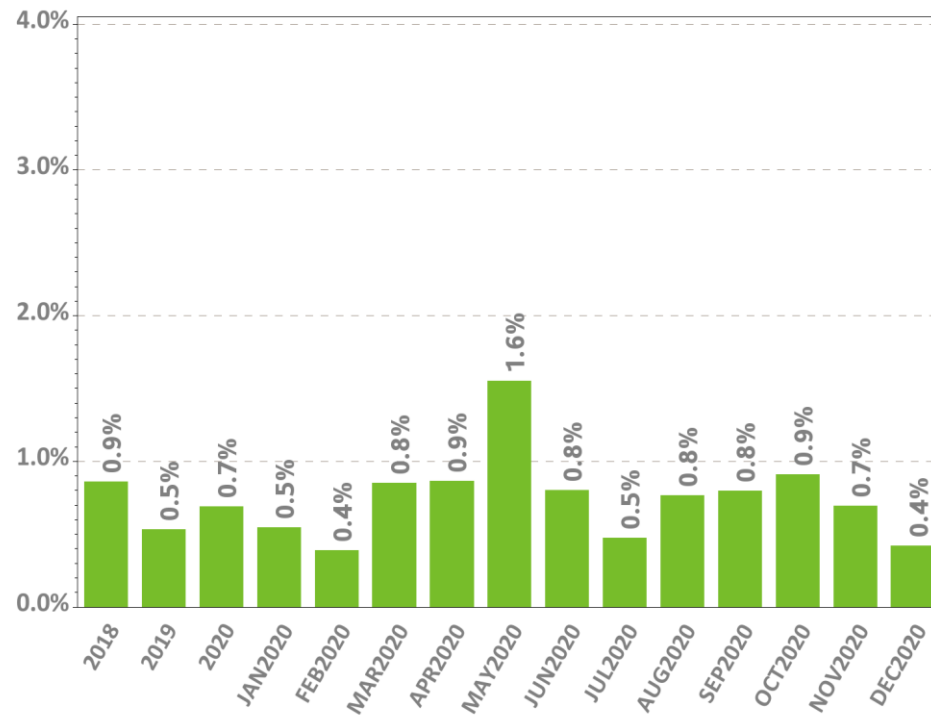


First Contingency NCPC Charges

Value of Charges



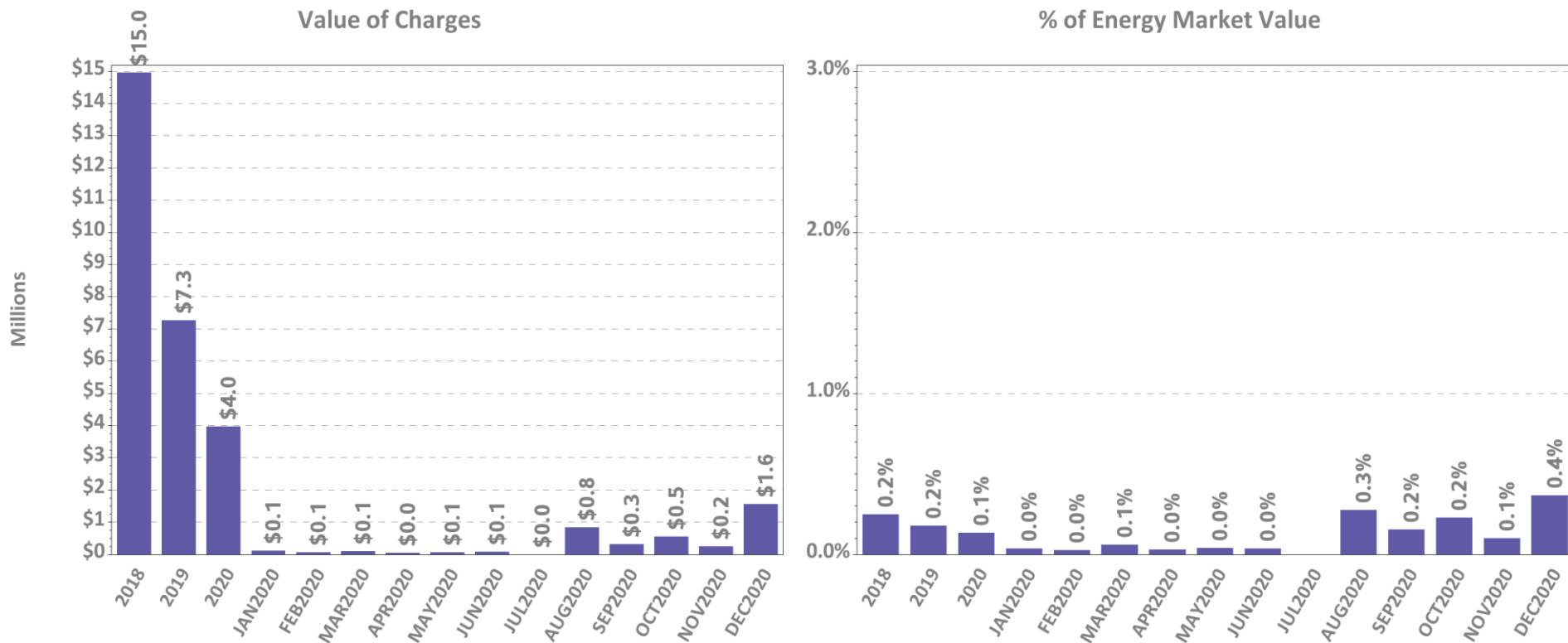
% of Energy Market Value



Note: Energy Market value is the hourly locational product of load obligation and price in the DA Market plus the hourly locational product of price and RT Load Obligation Deviation in the RT Market



Second Contingency NCPC Charges

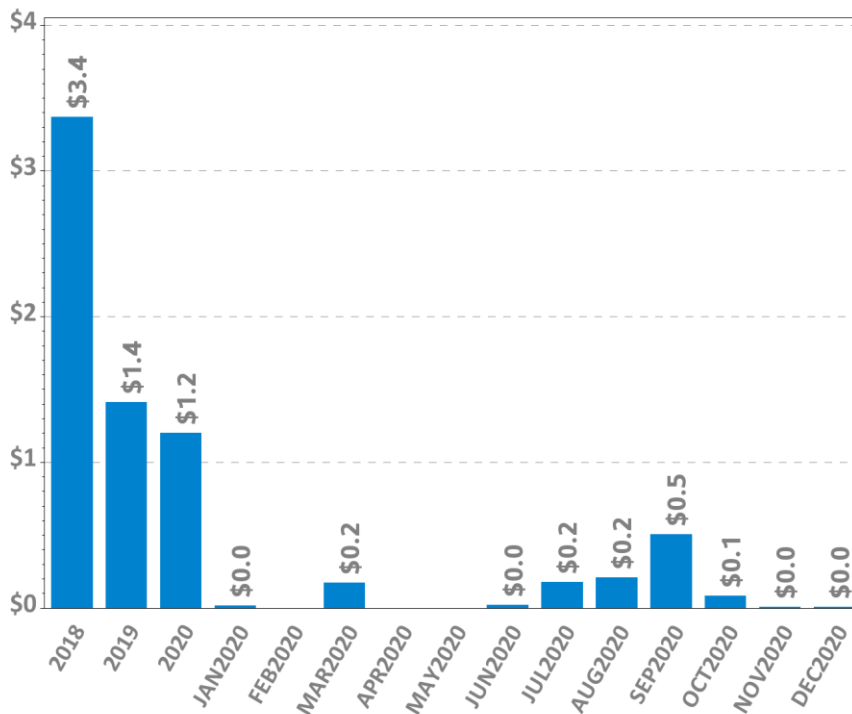


Note: Energy Market value is the hourly locational product of load obligation and price in the DA Market plus the hourly locational product of price and RT Load Obligation Deviation in the RT Market

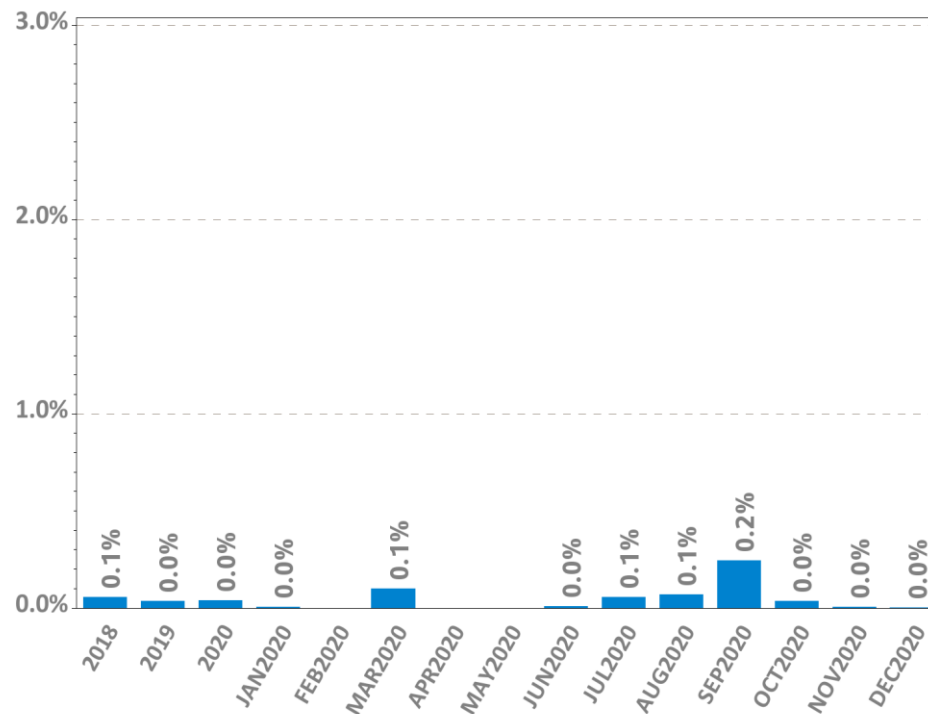


Voltage and Distribution NCPC Charges

Value of Charges



% of Energy Market Value



Note: Energy Market value is the hourly locational product of load obligation and price in the DA Market plus the hourly locational product of price and RT Load Obligation Deviation in the RT Market



DA vs. RT Pricing

The following slides outline:

- This month vs. prior year's average LMPs and fuel costs
- Reserve Market results
- DA cleared load vs. RT load
- Zonal and total incs and decs
- Self-schedules
- DA vs. RT net interchange



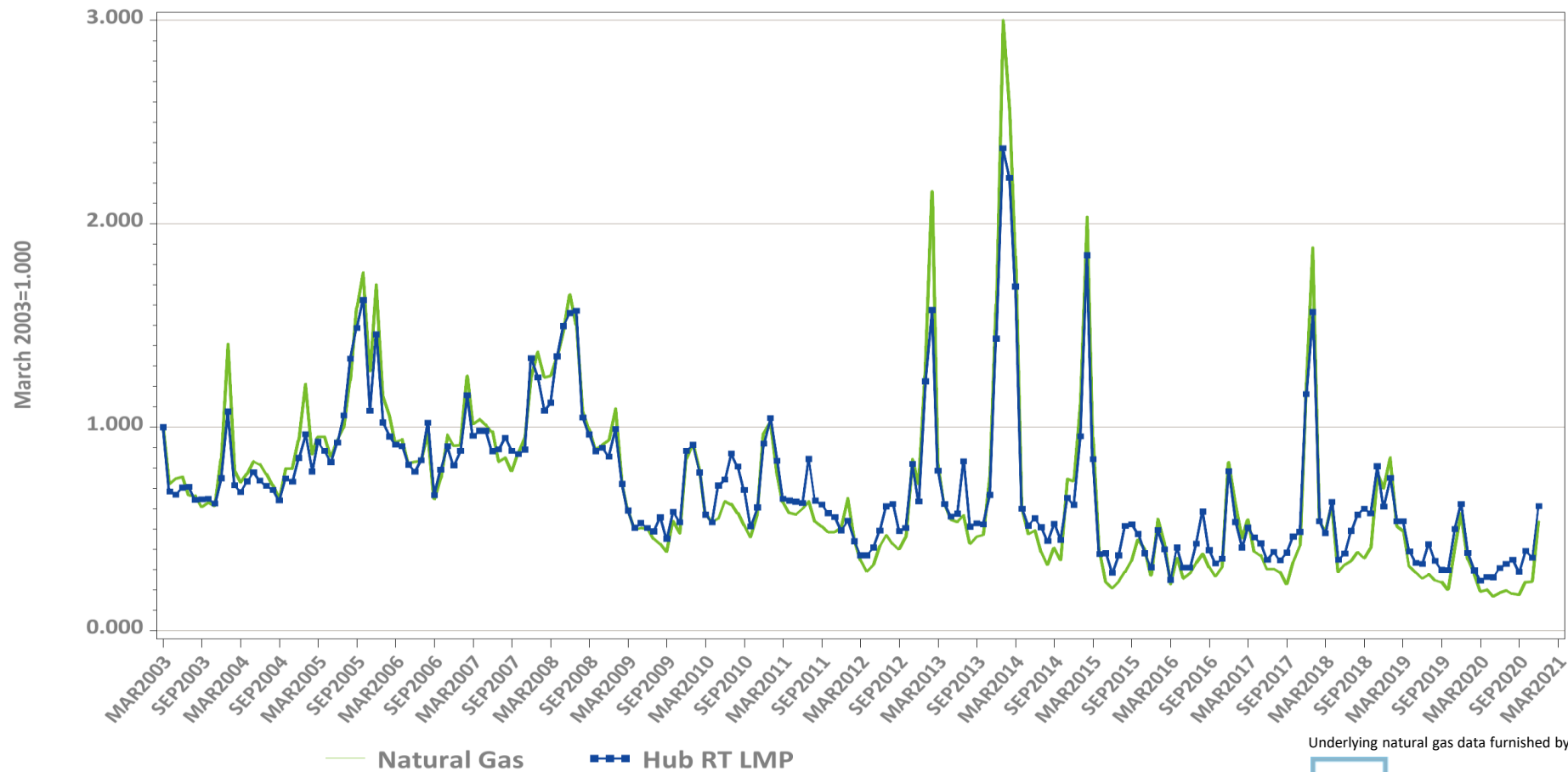
DA vs. RT LMPs (\$/MWh)

Arithmetic Average

Year 2018	NEMA	CT	ME	NH	VT	RI	SEMA	WCMA	Hub
Day-Ahead	\$44.45	\$43.60	\$42.63	\$44.04	\$43.71	\$44.11	\$44.62	\$44.19	\$44.13
Real-Time	\$43.87	\$43.13	\$41.03	\$43.17	\$42.83	\$43.37	\$43.68	\$43.58	\$43.54
RT Delta %	-1.3%	-1.1%	-3.8%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-1.7%	-2.1%	-1.4%	-1.3%
Year 2019	NEMA	CT	ME	NH	VT	RI	SEMA	WCMA	Hub
Day-Ahead	\$31.54	\$30.72	\$30.76	\$31.20	\$30.67	\$31.19	\$31.51	\$31.24	\$31.22
Real-Time	\$30.92	\$30.26	\$30.12	\$30.70	\$30.05	\$30.61	\$30.80	\$30.68	\$30.67
RT Delta %	-2.0%	-1.5%	-2.1%	-1.6%	-2.0%	-1.9%	-2.2%	-1.8%	-1.8%

December-19	NEMA	CT	ME	NH	VT	RI	SEMA	WCMA	Hub
Day-Ahead	\$41.22	\$39.99	\$40.12	\$40.80	\$39.97	\$41.21	\$41.80	\$40.98	\$40.98
Real-Time	\$42.98	\$41.95	\$41.38	\$42.58	\$41.51	\$42.95	\$43.20	\$42.75	\$42.77
RT Delta %	4.3%	4.9%	3.1%	4.4%	3.8%	4.2%	3.4%	4.3%	4.4%
December-20	NEMA	CT	ME	NH	VT	RI	SEMA	WCMA	Hub
Day-Ahead	\$41.20	\$38.80	\$40.41	\$40.91	\$39.36	\$40.92	\$41.27	\$40.50	\$40.60
Real-Time	\$42.34	\$40.98	\$41.07	\$42.08	\$41.14	\$42.13	\$42.42	\$41.97	\$42.04
RT Delta %	2.8%	5.6%	1.6%	2.9%	4.5%	3.0%	2.8%	3.6%	3.5%
Annual Diff.	NEMA	CT	ME	NH	VT	RI	SEMA	WCMA	Hub
Yr over Yr DA	-0.1%	-3.0%	0.7%	0.3%	-1.5%	-0.7%	-1.3%	-1.2%	-0.9%
Yr over Yr RT	-1.5%	-2.3%	-0.7%	-1.2%	-0.9%	-1.9%	-1.8%	-1.8%	-1.7%

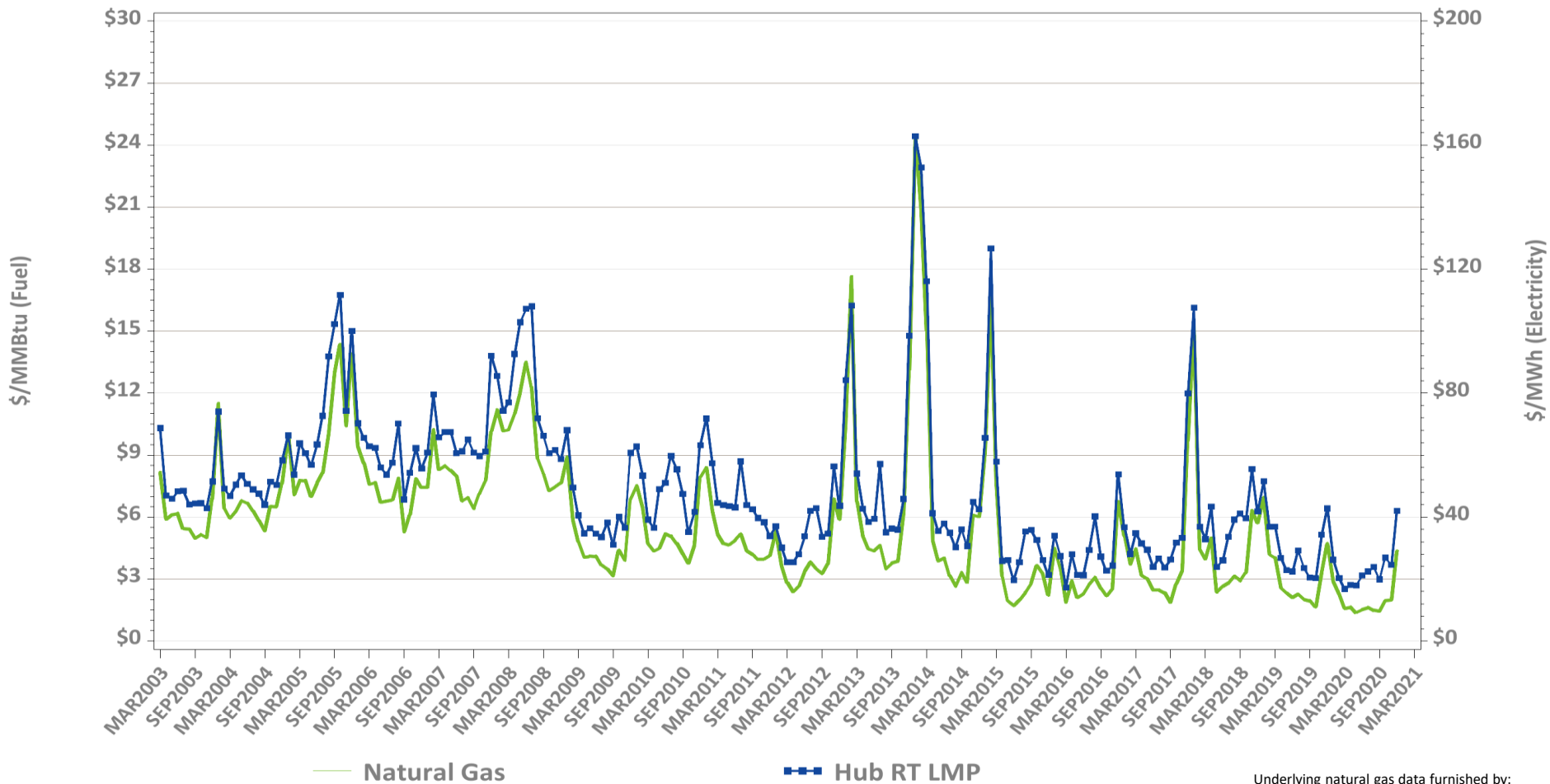
Monthly Average Fuel Price and RT Hub LMP Indexes



Underlying natural gas data furnished by:



Monthly Average Fuel Price and RT Hub LMP



— Natural Gas

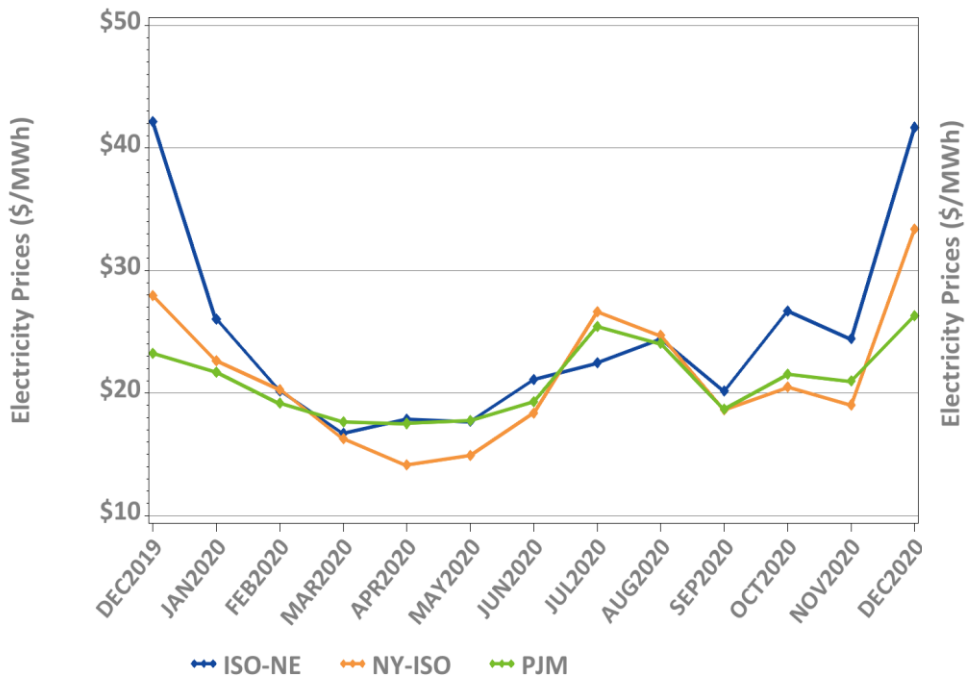
■ Hub RT LMP

Underlying natural gas data furnished by:



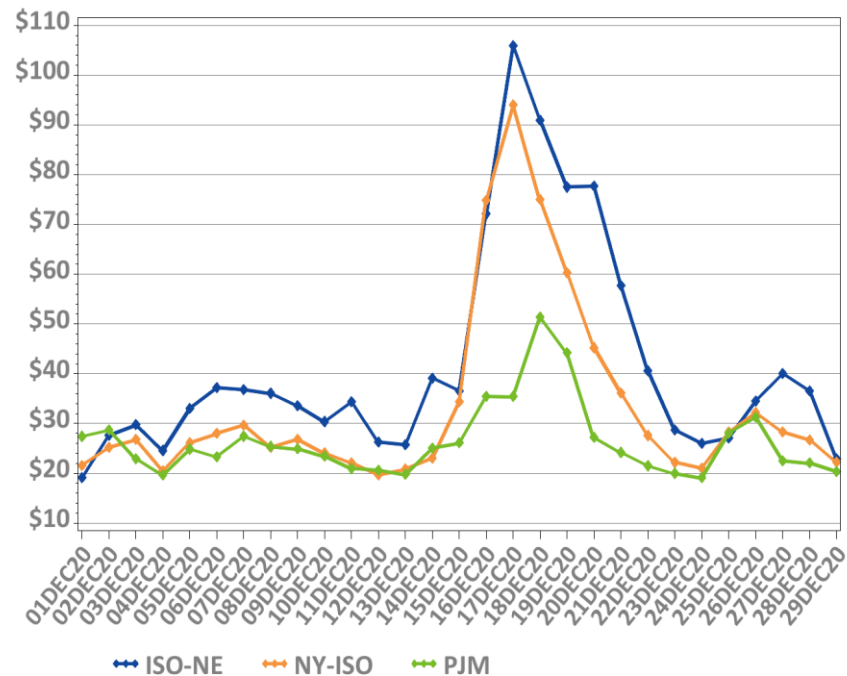
New England, NY, and PJM Hourly Average Real Time Prices by Month

Monthly, Last 13 Months



*Note: Hourly average prices are shown.

Daily: This Month

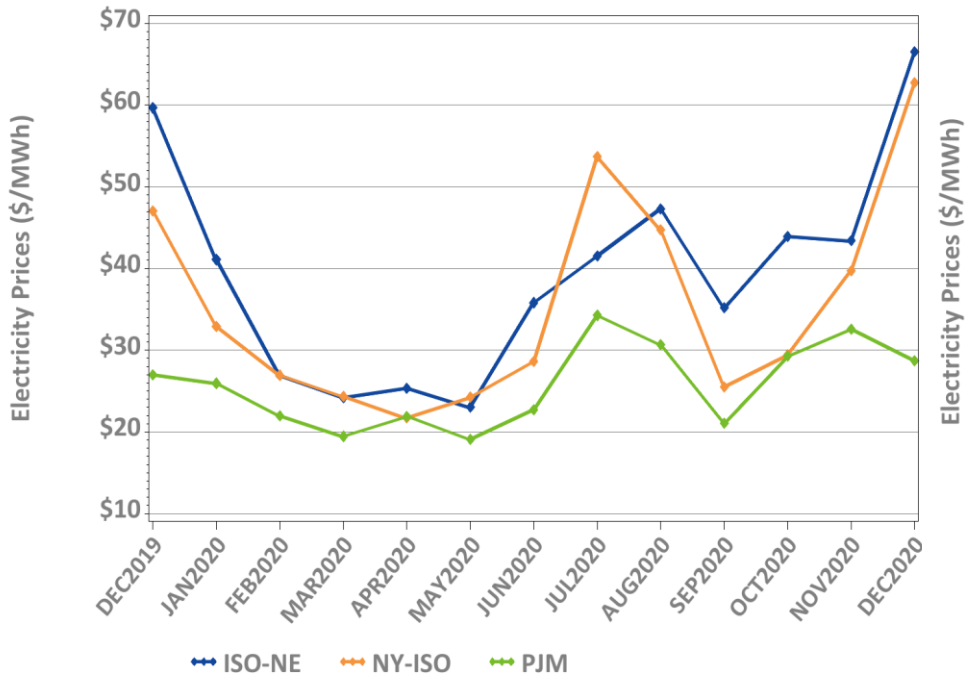


*Note: Hourly average prices are shown.

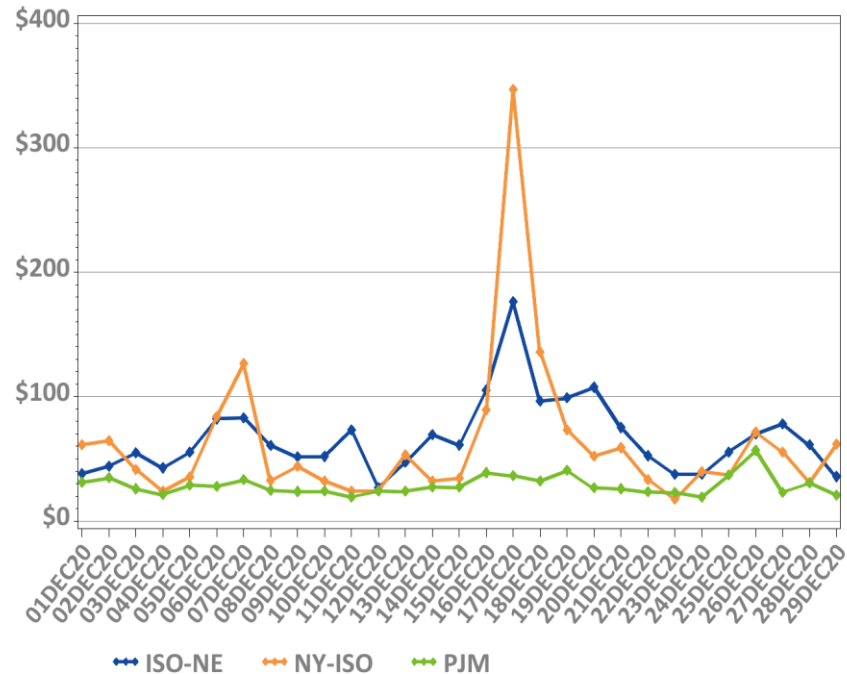


New England, NY, and PJM Average Peak Hour Real Time Prices

Monthly, Last 13 Months



Daily: This Month



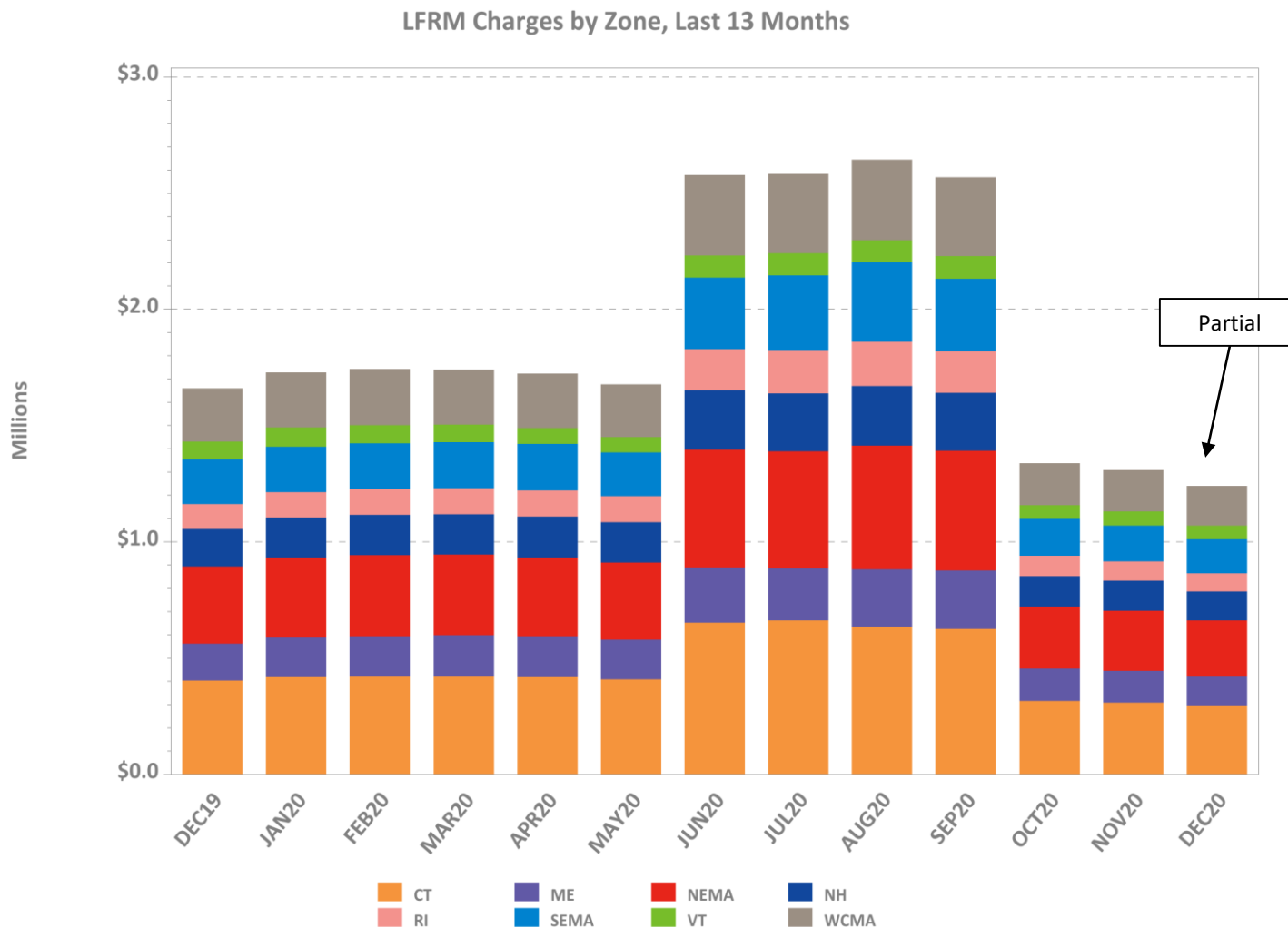
*Forecasted New England daily peak hours reflected

Reserve Market Results – December 2020

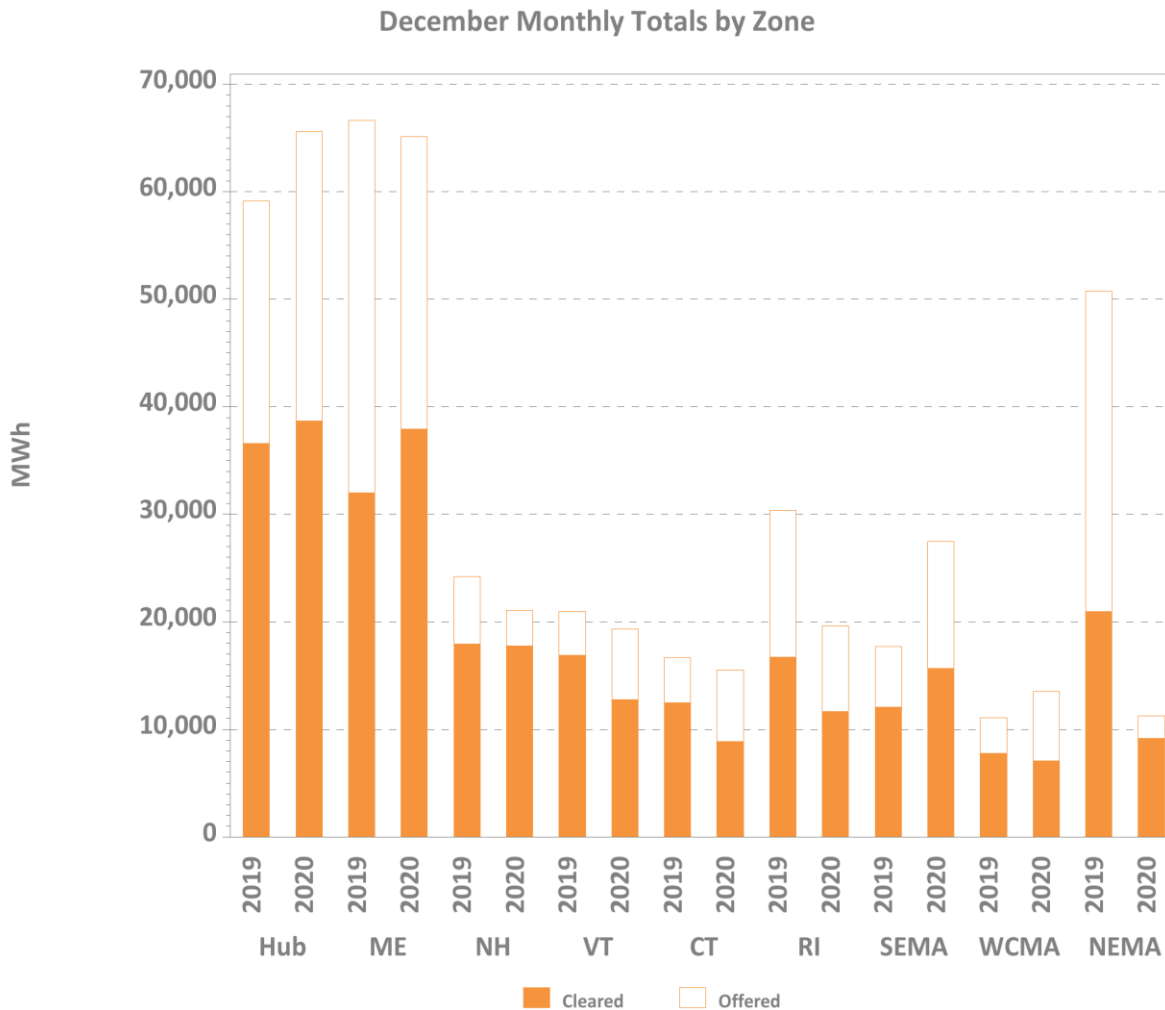
- Maximum potential Forward Reserve Market payments of \$1.3M were reduced by credit reductions of \$22K, failure-to-reserve penalties of \$33K and no failure-to-activate penalties, resulting in a net payout of \$1.2M or 96% of maximum
 - Rest of System: \$0.95M/1.01M (95%)
 - Southwest Connecticut: \$0.04M/0.04M (100%)
 - Connecticut: \$0.25M/0.25M (100%)
- \$795K total Real-Time credits were not reduced by any Forward Reserve Energy Obligation Charges for a net of \$795K in Real-Time Reserve payments
 - Rest of System: 257 hours, \$570K
 - Southwest Connecticut: 257 hours, \$104K
 - Connecticut: 257 hours, \$63K
 - NEMA: 257 hours, \$57K

Note: “Failure to reserve” results in both credit reductions and penalties in the Locational Forward Reserve Market. While this summary reports performance by location, there were no locational requirements in effect for the current Forward Reserve auction period.

LFRM Charges to Load by Load Zone (\$)

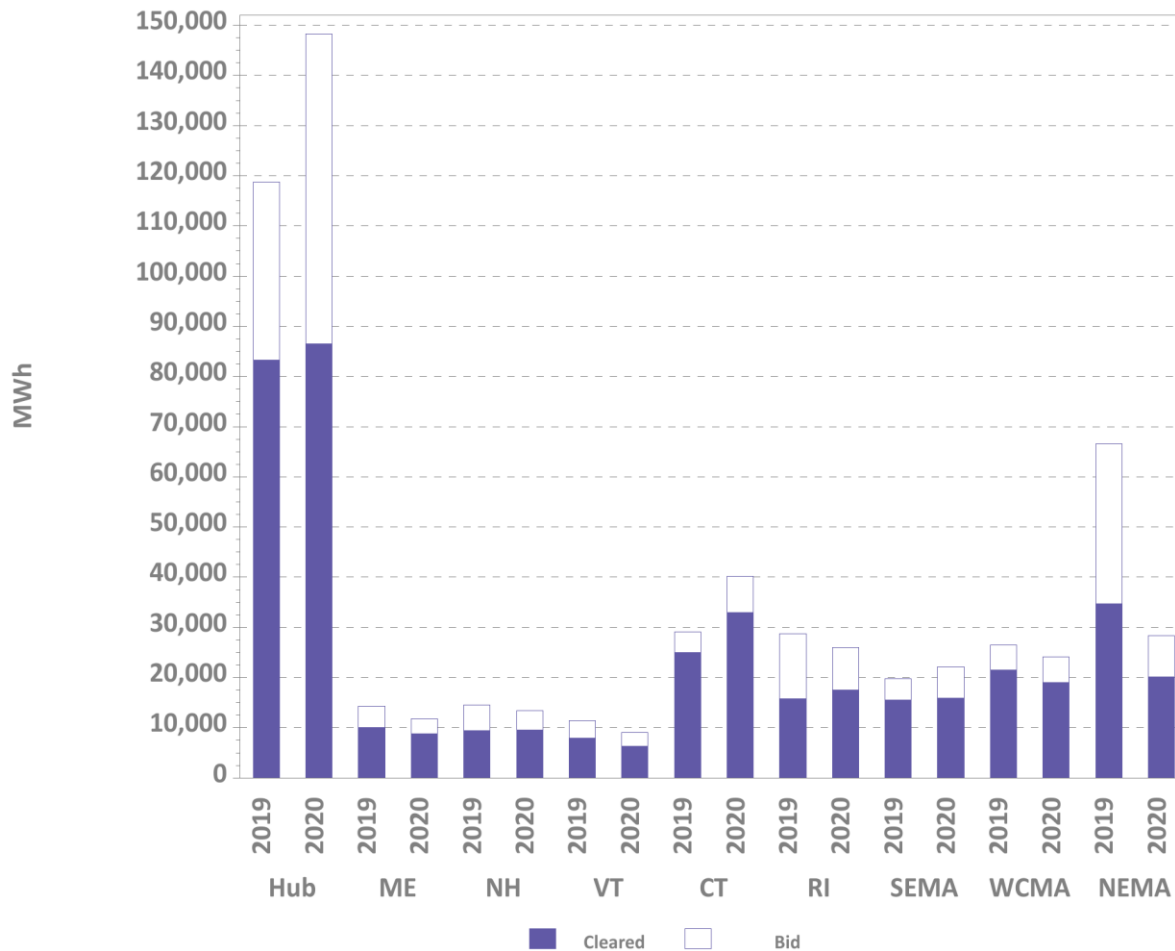


Zonal Increment Offers and Cleared Amounts

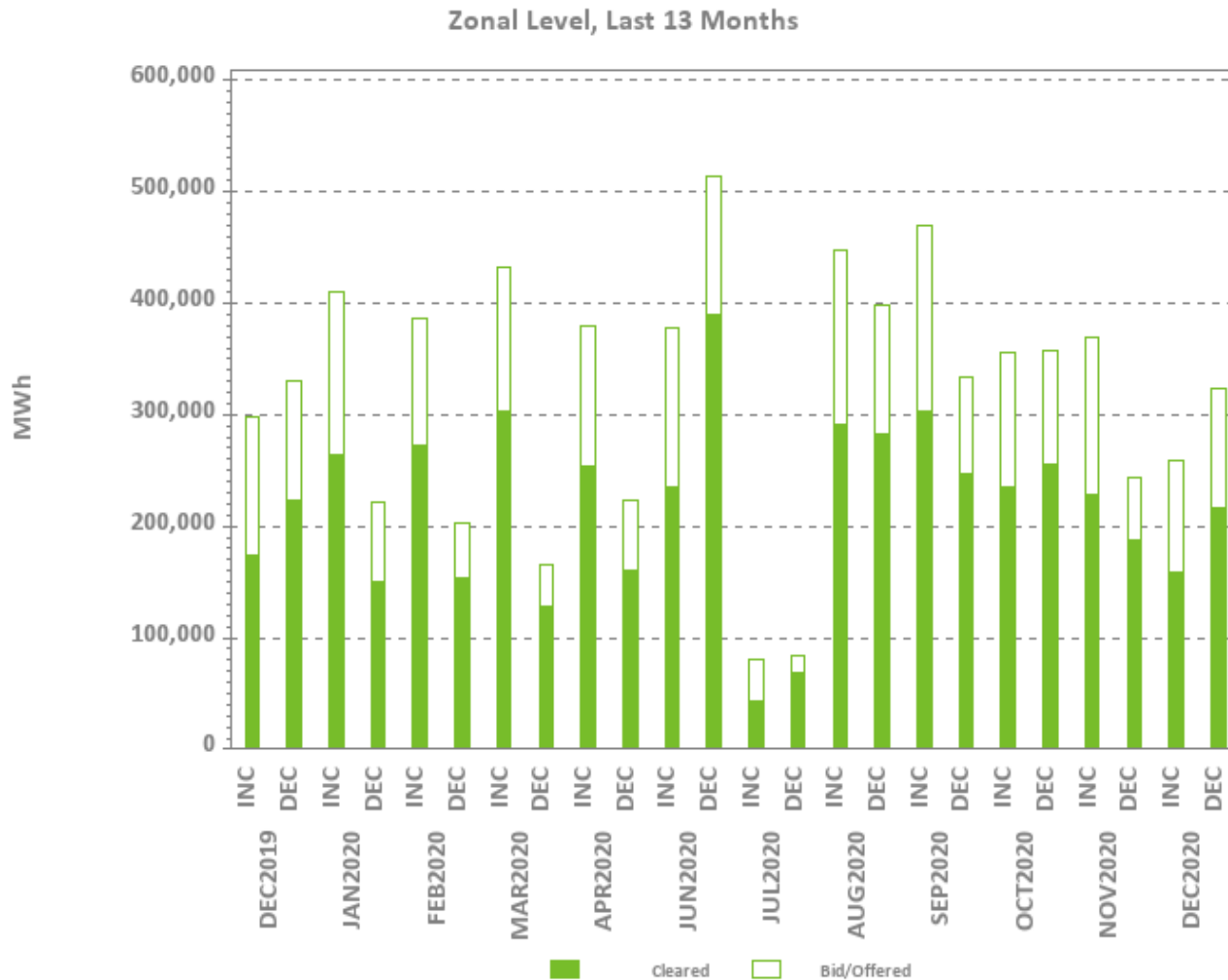


Zonal Decrement Bids and Cleared Amounts

December Monthly Totals by Zone



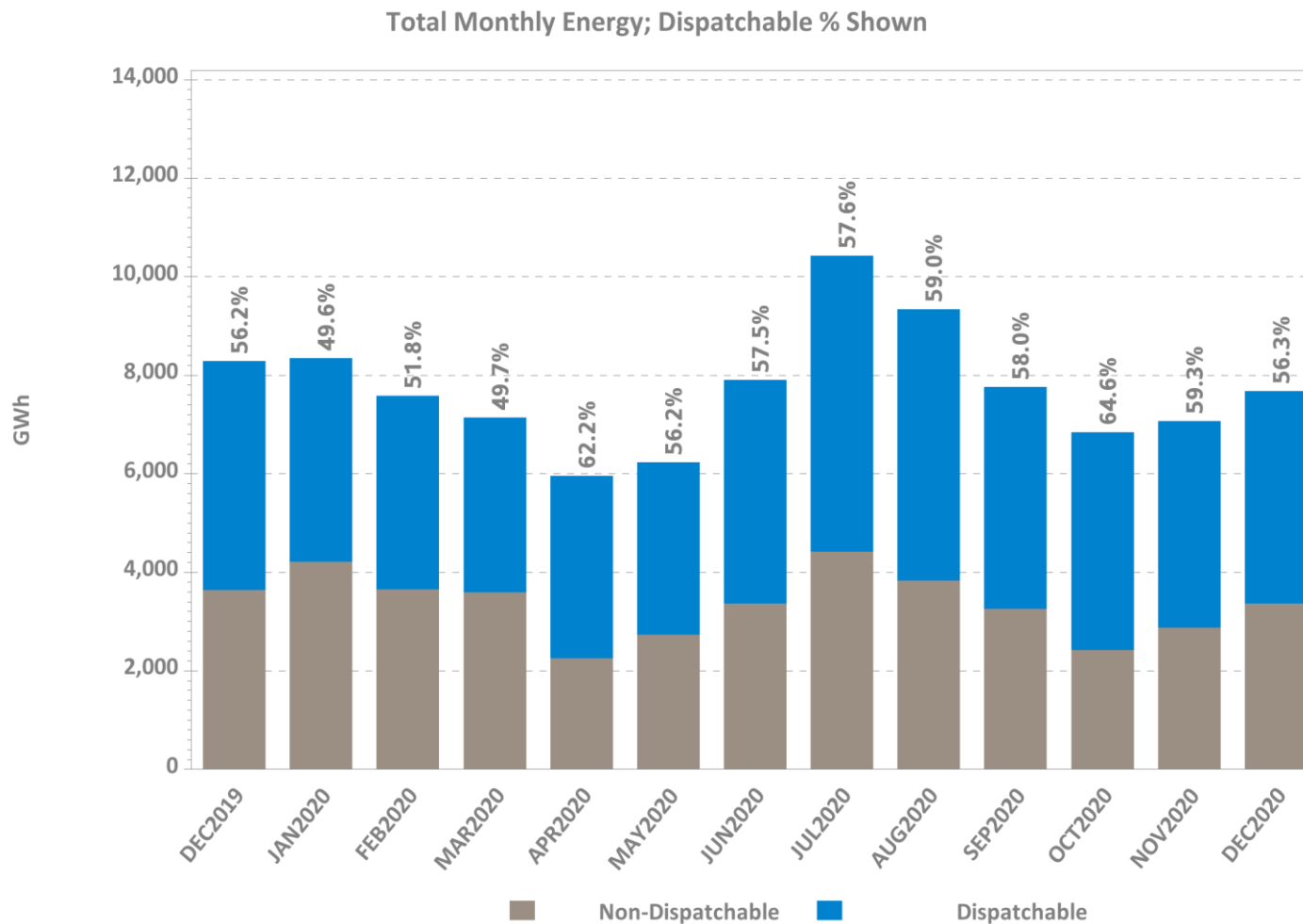
Total Increment Offers and Decrement Bids



Data excludes nodal offers and bids



Dispatchable vs. Non-Dispatchable Generation



* Dispatchable MWh here are defined to be all generation output that is not self-committed ('must run') by the customer.



REGIONAL SYSTEM PLAN (RSP)



Planning Advisory Committee (PAC)

- January 21 PAC Meeting Agenda Topics*
 - Stochastic Time Series Modeling for ISO-NE: Results and Next Steps
 - Transmission Planning for the Clean Energy Transition: Generation Dispatch Details
 - Ludlow BPS and Asset Condition Project - Eversource
 - 345 kV Structure Replacements - Eversource
 - Copper Conductor Replacements - Eversource

* Agenda topics are subject to change. Visit <https://www.iso-ne.com/committees/planning/planning-advisory> for the latest PAC agendas.

Transmission Planning for the Clean-Energy Transition

- On September 24, the ISO initiated discussions with the PAC about proposed refinements to study assumptions that better reflect long-term trends, such as increased amounts of distributed-energy resources (primarily solar PV), offshore wind generation, and battery energy storage
- A follow-up presentation at the November 19 PAC meeting outlined a proposal for a pilot study, with the following goals:
 - Explore transmission reliability concerns that may result from various system conditions possible by 2030
 - Quantify trade-offs necessary between transmission system reliability/flexibility and transmission investment cost
 - Inform future discussions on transmission planning study assumptions
- An overview of the system conditions and dispatch assumptions for the pilot study was discussed at the 12/16/20 PAC meeting
 - The ISO expects to discuss further details at the 1/21/21 PAC meeting

Economic Studies

- National Grid submitted a 2020 economic study request
 - Preliminary production cost results were shared at the November 19, 2020 PAC meeting, and additional scenarios/sensitivities will be presented in January and February
 - Ancillary Services study work to be presented to PAC in March
 - The goal is to complete all study work by Q2 2021
 - Study results expected to influence the NEPOOL Future Grid study



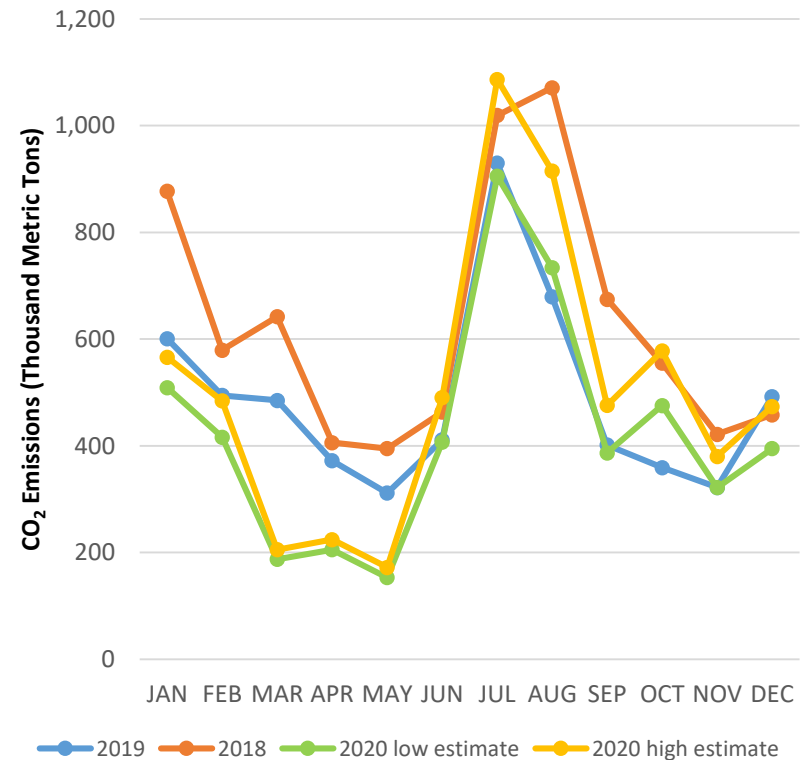
Environmental Matters – Massachusetts CO₂ Generator Emissions Cap

2020 CO₂ Emissions Trend Below 2019, Both Well Below Caps

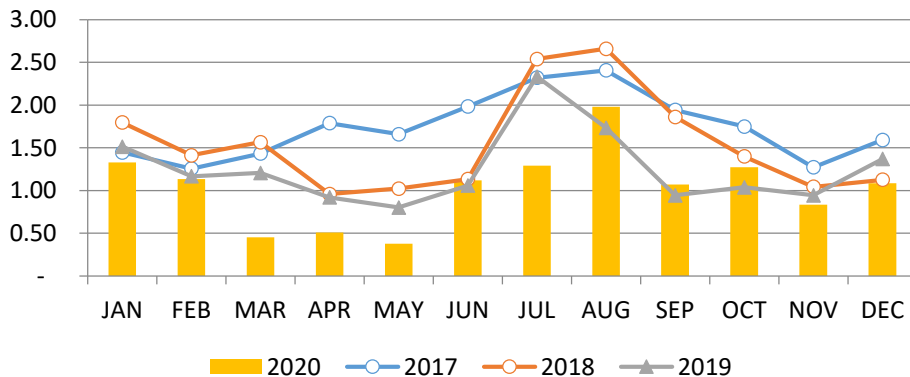
- 2020 CO₂ emissions estimated between 5.1 – 6.0 million metric tons (MMT); 2020 cap is 8.5 MMT
 - GWSA allowance price: ~\$7.25 per metric ton
- 2019 YTD emissions were 5.9 MMT

2018-2020 Estimated Monthly Emissions (Thousand Metric tons)

GWSA 2020 Monthly Estimated Emissions



Year-to-Date Generation (Million MWh) (1/1-12/27)



GWSA - Global Warming Solutions Act

RSP Project Stage Descriptions

Stage	Description
1	Planning and Preparation of Project Configuration
2	Pre-construction (e.g., material ordering, project scheduling)
3	Construction in Progress
4	In Service

Note: The listings in this section focus on major transmission line construction and rebuilding.



Southwest Connecticut (SWCT) Projects

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the four study sub-areas of Frost Bridge/Naugatuck Valley, Housatonic Valley/Plumtree – Norwalk, Bridgeport, New Haven – Southington and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Add a 25.2 MVAR capacitor bank at the Oxford substation	Mar-16	4
Add 2 x 25 MVAR capacitor banks at the Ansonia substation	Oct-18	4
Close the normally open 115 kV 2T circuit breaker at Baldwin substation	Sep-17	4
Reconductor the 115 kV line between Bunker Hill and Baldwin Junction (1575)	Dec-16	4
Expand Pootatuck (formerly known as Shelton) substation to 4-breaker ring bus configuration and add a 30 MVAR capacitor bank at Pootatuck	Jul-18	4
Loop the 1570 line in and out the Pootatuck substation	Jul-18	4
Replace two 115 kV circuit breakers at the Freight substation	Dec-15	4



Southwest Connecticut Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the four study sub-areas of Frost Bridge/Naugatuck Valley, Housatonic Valley/Plumtree – Norwalk, Bridgeport, New Haven – Southington and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Add two 14.4 MVAR capacitor banks at the West Brookfield substation	Dec-17	4
Add a new 115 kV line from Plumtree to Brookfield Junction	Jun-18	4
Reconductor the 115 kV line between West Brookfield and Brookfield Junction (1887)	Nov-20	4
Reduce the existing 25.2 MVAR capacitor bank at the Rocky River substation to 14.4 MVAR	Apr-17	4
Reconfigure the 1887 line into a three-terminal line (Plumtree - W. Brookfield - Shepaug)	May-18	4
Reconfigure the 1770 line into 2 two-terminal lines (Plumtree - Stony Hill and Stony Hill - Bates Rock)	May-18	4
Install a synchronous condenser (+25/-12.5 MVAR) at Stony Hill	Jun-18	4
Relocate an existing 37.8 MVAR capacitor bank at Stony Hill to the 25.2 MVAR capacitor bank side	May-18	4

Southwest Connecticut Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the four study sub-areas of Frost Bridge/Naugatuck Valley, Housatonic Valley/Plumtree – Norwalk, Bridgeport, New Haven – Southington and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Relocate the existing 37.8 MVAR capacitor bank from 115 kV B bus to 115 kV A bus at the Plumtree substation	Apr-17	4
Add a 115 kV circuit breaker in series with the existing 29T breaker at the Plumtree substation	May-16	4
Terminal equipment upgrade at the Newtown substation (1876)	Dec-15	4
Rebuild the 115 kV line from Wilton to Norwalk (1682) and upgrade Wilton substation terminal equipment	Jun-17	4
Reconductor the 115 kV line from Wilton to Ridgefield Junction (1470-1)	Dec-19	4
Reconductor the 115 kV line from Ridgefield Junction to Peaceable (1470-3)	Dec-19	4



Southwest Connecticut Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the four study sub areas of Frost Bridge/Naugatuck Valley, Housatonic Valley/Plumtree – Norwalk, Bridgeport, New Haven – Southington and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Add 2 x 20 MVAR capacitor banks at the Hawthorne substation	Mar-16	4
Upgrade the 115 kV bus at the Baird substation	Mar-18	4
Upgrade the 115 kV bus system and 11 disconnect switches at the Pequonnock substation	Dec-14	4
Add a 345 kV breaker in series with the existing 11T breaker at the East Devon substation	Dec-15	4
Rebuild the 115 kV lines from Baird to Congress (8809A / 8909B)	Dec-18	4
Rebuild the 115 kV lines from Housatonic River Crossing (HRX) to Barnum to Baird (88006A / 89006B)	Feb-21	3



Southwest Connecticut Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the four study sub areas of Frost Bridge/Naugatuck Valley, Housatonic Valley/Plumtree – Norwalk, Bridgeport, New Haven – Southington and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Remove the Sackett phase shifter	Mar-17	4
Install a 7.5 ohm series reactor on 1610 line at the Mix Avenue substation	Dec-16	4
Add 2 x 20 MVAR capacitor banks at the Mix Avenue substation	Dec-16	4
Upgrade the 1630 line relay at North Haven and Wallingford 1630 terminal equipment	Jan-17	4
Rebuild the 115 kV lines from Devon Tie to Milvon (88005A / 89005B)	Nov-16	4
Replace two 115 kV circuit breakers at Mill River	Dec-14	4



Greater Boston Projects

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the Greater Boston area and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Install new 345 kV line from Scobie to Tewksbury	Dec-17	4
Reconductor the Y-151 115 kV line from Dracut Junction to Power Street	Apr-17	4
Reconductor the M-139 115 kV line from Tewksbury to Pinehurst and associated work at Tewksbury	May-17	4
Reconductor the N-140 115 kV line from Tewksbury to Pinehurst and associated work at Tewksbury	May-17	4
Reconductor the F-158N 115 kV line from Wakefield Junction to Maplewood and associated work at Maplewood	Dec-15	4
Reconductor the F-158S 115 kV line from Maplewood to Everett	Jun-19	4
Install new 345 kV cable from Woburn to Wakefield Junction, install two new 160 MVAR variable shunt reactors and associated work at Wakefield Junction and Woburn*	May-22	3*
Refurbish X-24 69 kV line from Millbury to Northboro Road	Dec-15	4
Reconductor W-23W 69 kV line from Woodside to Northboro Road	Jun-19	4

* Substation portion of the project is a Present Stage status 4



Greater Boston Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the Greater Boston area and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Separate X-24 and E-157W DCT	Dec-18	4
Separate Q-169 and F-158N DCT	Dec-15	4
Reconductor M-139/211-503 and N-140/211-504 115 kV lines from Pinehurst to North Woburn tap	May-17	4
Install new 115 kV station at Sharon to segment three 115 kV lines from West Walpole to Holbrook	Sep-20	4
Install third 115 kV line from West Walpole to Holbrook	Sep-20	4
Install new 345 kV breaker in series with the 104 breaker at Stoughton	May-16	4
Install new 230/115 kV autotransformer at Sudbury and loop the 282-602 230 kV line in and out of the new 230 kV switchyard at Sudbury	Dec-17	4
Install a new 115 kV line from Sudbury to Hudson	Dec-23	2



Greater Boston Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the Greater Boston area and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Replace 345/115 kV autotransformer, 345 kV breakers, and 115 kV switchgear at Woburn	Dec-19	4
Install a 345 kV breaker in series with breaker 104 at Woburn	May-17	4
Reconfigure Waltham by relocating PARs, 282-507 line, and a breaker	Dec-17	4
Upgrade 533-508 115 kV line from Lexington to Hartwell and associated work at the stations	Aug-16	4
Install a new 115 kV 54 MVAR capacitor bank at Newton	Dec-16	4
Install a new 115 kV 36.7 MVAR capacitor bank at Sudbury	May-17	4
Install a second Mystic 345/115 kV autotransformer and reconfigure the bus	May-19	4
Install a 115 kV breaker on the East bus at K Street	Jun-16	4
Install 115 kV cable from Mystic to Chelsea and upgrade Chelsea 115 kV station to BPS standards	May-21	3*
Split 110-522 and 240-510 DCT from Baker Street to Needham for a portion of the way and install a 115 kV cable for the rest of the way	Mar-21	3

*Mystic to Chelsea line portion of the project is a present stage 4 as of October 2020.

Greater Boston Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the Greater Boston area and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Install a second 115 kV cable from Mystic to Woburn to create a bifurcated 211-514 line	May-22	3
Open lines 329-510/511 and 250-516/517 at Mystic and Chatham, respectively. Operate K Street as a normally closed station.	May-19	4
Upgrade Kingston to create a second normally closed 115 kV bus tie and reconfigure the 345 kV switchyard	Mar-19	4
Relocate the Chelsea capacitor bank to the 128-518 termination postion	Dec-16	4



Greater Boston Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Plan Benefit: Addresses long-term system needs in the Greater Boston area and improves system reliability

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Upgrade North Cambridge to mitigate 115 kV 5 and 10 stuck breaker contingencies	Dec-17	4
Install a 200 MVAR STATCOM at Coopers Mills	Nov-18	4
Install a 115 kV 36.7 MVAR capacitor bank at Hartwell	May-17	4
Install a 345 kV 160 MVAR shunt reactor at K Street	Dec-19	4
Install a 115 kV breaker in series with the 5 breaker at Framingham	Apr-17	4
Install a 115 kV breaker in series with the 29 breaker at K Street	Apr-17	4



SEMA/RI Reliability Projects

Status as of 12/23/20

Project Benefit: Addresses system needs in the Southeast Massachusetts/Rhode Island area

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Construct a new 115 kV GIS switching station (Grand Army) which includes remote terminal station work at Brayton Point and Somerset substations, and the looping in of the E-183E, F-184, X3, and W4 lines	Oct-20	4
Conduct remote terminal station work at the Wampanoag and Pawtucket substations for the new Grand Army GIS switching station	Oct-20	4
Install upgrades at Brayton Point substation which include a new 115 kV breaker, new 345/115 kV transformer, and upgrades to E183E, F184 station equipment	Oct-20	4
Increase clearances on E-183E & F-184 lines between Brayton Point and Grand Army substations	Nov-19	4
Separate the X3/W4 DCT and reconductor the X3 and W4 lines between Somerset and Grand Army substations; reconfigure Y2 and Z1 lines	Nov-19	4



SEMA/RI Reliability Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Project Benefit: Addresses system needs in the Southeast Massachusetts/Rhode Island area

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Add 115 kV circuit breaker at Robinson Ave substation and re-terminate the Q10 line	Dec-21	3
Install 45.0 MVAR capacitor bank at Berry Street substation	Cancelled*	N/A
Separate the N12/M13 DCT and reconductor the N12 and M13 between Somerset and Bell Rock substations	Jun-24	2
Reconfigure Bell Rock to breaker-and-a-half station, split the M13 line at Bell Rock substation, and terminate 114 line at Bell Rock; install a new breaker in series with N12/D21 tie breaker, upgrade D21 line switch, and install a 37.5 MVAR capacitor	Jun-23	2
Extend the Line 114 from the Dartmouth town line (Eversource-NGRID border) to Bell Rock substation	Dec-23	2
Reconductor L14 and M13 lines from Bell Rock substation to Bates Tap	Cancelled*	N/A

*Cancelled per ISO-NE PAC presentation on August 27, 2020



SEMA/RI Reliability Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Project Benefit: Addresses system needs in the Southeast Massachusetts/Rhode Island area

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Build a new 115 kV line from Bourne to West Barnstable substations which includes associated terminal work	Dec-23	1
Separate the 135/122 DCT from West Barnstable to Barnstable substations	Dec-21	2
Retire the Barnstable SPS	Dec-21	2
Build a new 115 kV line from Carver to Kingston substations and add a new Carver terminal	Dec-22	1
Install a new bay position at Kingston substation to accommodate new 115 kV line	Dec-22	1
Extend the 114 line from the Eversource/National Grid border to the Industrial Park Tap	Dec-23	1



SEMA/RI Reliability Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Project Benefit: Addresses system needs in the Southeast Massachusetts/Rhode Island area

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Install 35.3 MVAR capacitors at High Hill and Wing Lane substations	Dec-21	2
Loop the 201-502 line into the Medway substation to form the 201-502N and 201-502S lines	Jan-23	1
Separate the 325/344 DCT lines from West Medway to West Walpole substations	Cancelled**	N/A
Reconductor and upgrade the 112 Line from the Tremont substation to the Industrial Tap	Jun-18	4
Reconductor the 108 line from Bourne substation to Horse Pond Tap*	Oct-18	4
Replace disconnect switches on 323 line at West Medway substation and replace 8 line structures	Aug-20	4

* Does not include the reconductoring work over the Cape Cod canal

** Cancelled per ISO-NE PAC presentation on August 27, 2020



SEMA/RI Reliability Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Project Benefit: Addresses system needs in the Southeast Massachusetts/Rhode Island area

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Rebuild the Middleborough Gas and Electric portion of the E1 line from Bridgewater to Middleborough	Apr-19	4
Reconductor the J16S line	Dec-21	2
Replace the Kent County 345/115 kV transformer	Mar-22	2
West Medway 345 kV circuit breaker upgrades	Dec-21	3
Medway 115 kV circuit breaker replacements	Oct-20	4



Eastern CT Reliability Projects

Status as of 12/23/20

Project Benefit: Addresses system needs in the Eastern Connecticut area

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Reconductor the L190-4 and L190-5 line sections	Dec-26	1
Install a second 345/115 kV autotransformer (4X) and one 345 kV breaker at Card substation	Mar-23	2
Upgrade Card 115 kV to BPS standards	Mar-23	2
Install one 115 kV circuit breaker in series with Card substation 4T	Mar-23	2
Convert Gales Ferry substation from 69 kV to 115 kV	Dec-23	1
Rebuild the 100 Line from Montville to Gales Ferry to allow operation at 115 kV	Dec-21	1



Eastern CT Reliability Projects, cont.

Status as of 12/23/20

Project Benefit: Addresses system needs in the Eastern Connecticut area

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Re-terminate the 100 Line at Montville station and associated work. Energize the 100 Line at 115 kV	Dec-23	1
Rebuild 400-1 Line section to allow operation at 115 kV (Tunnel to Ledyard Jct.)	Dec-22	1
Add one 115 kV circuit breaker and re-terminate the 400-1 line section into Tunnel substation. Energize 400 Line at 115 kV	Dec-23	1
Rebuild 400-2 Line section to allow operation at 115 kV (Ledyard Jct. to Border Bus with CMEEC)	Dec-21	3
Rebuild the 400-3 Line Section to allow operation at 115 kV (Gales Ferry to Ledyard Jct.)	Dec-21	1
Install a 25.2 MVAR 115 kV capacitor and one capacitor breaker at Killingly	Mar-22	2



Eastern CT Reliability Projects, cont.

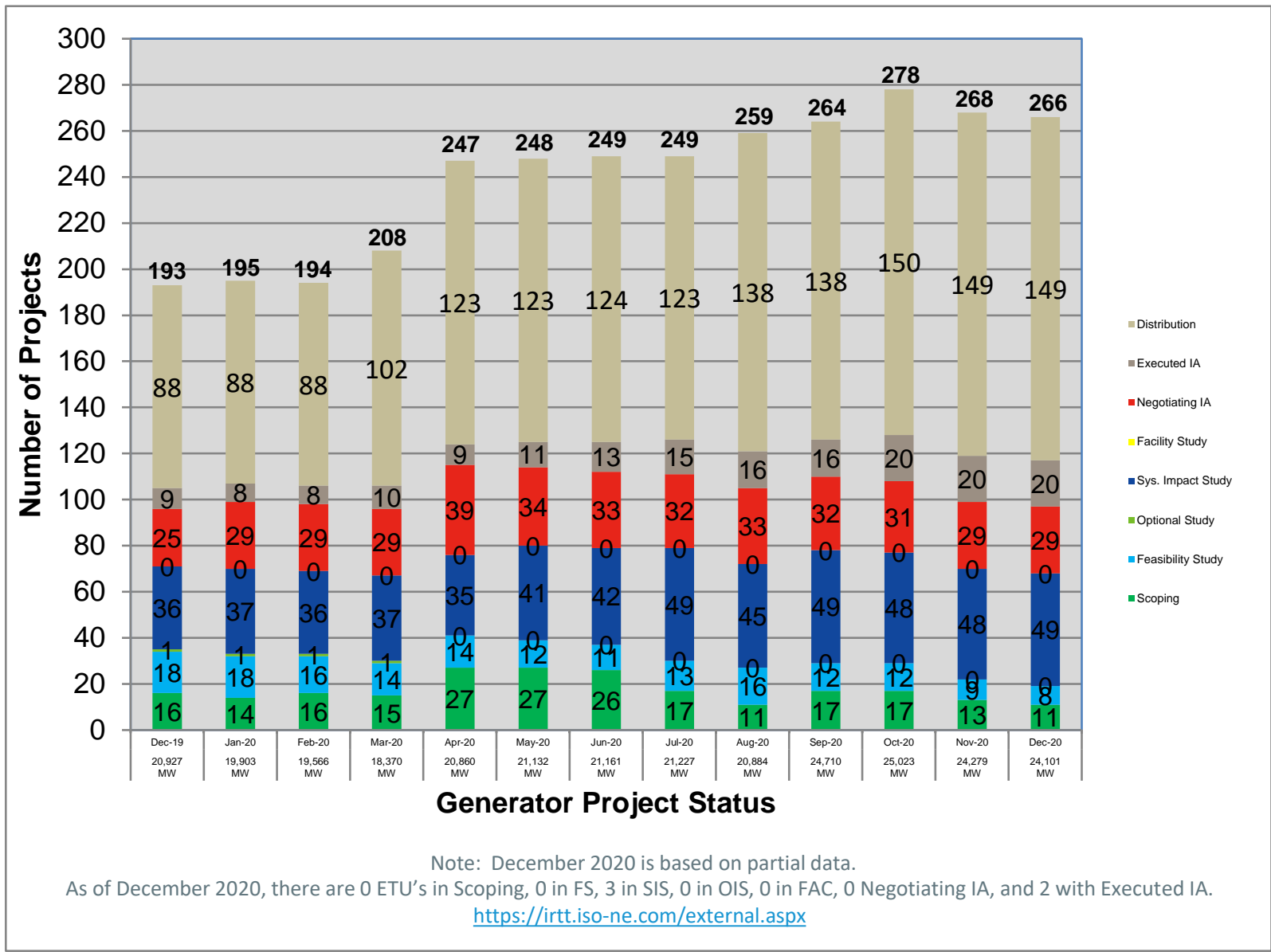
Status as of 12/23/20

Project Benefit: Addresses system needs in the Eastern Connecticut area

Upgrade	Expected/ Actual In-Service	Present Stage
Install one 345 kV series breaker with the Montville 1T	June-22	2
Install a 50 MVAR synchronous condenser with two 115 kV breakers at Shunock	Dec-24	1
Install a 1% series reactor with bypass switch at Mystic, CT on the 1465 Line	Dec-22	1
Convert the 400-2 Line Section to 115 kV (Border Bus to Buddington), convert Buddington to 115 kV	Dec-23	1

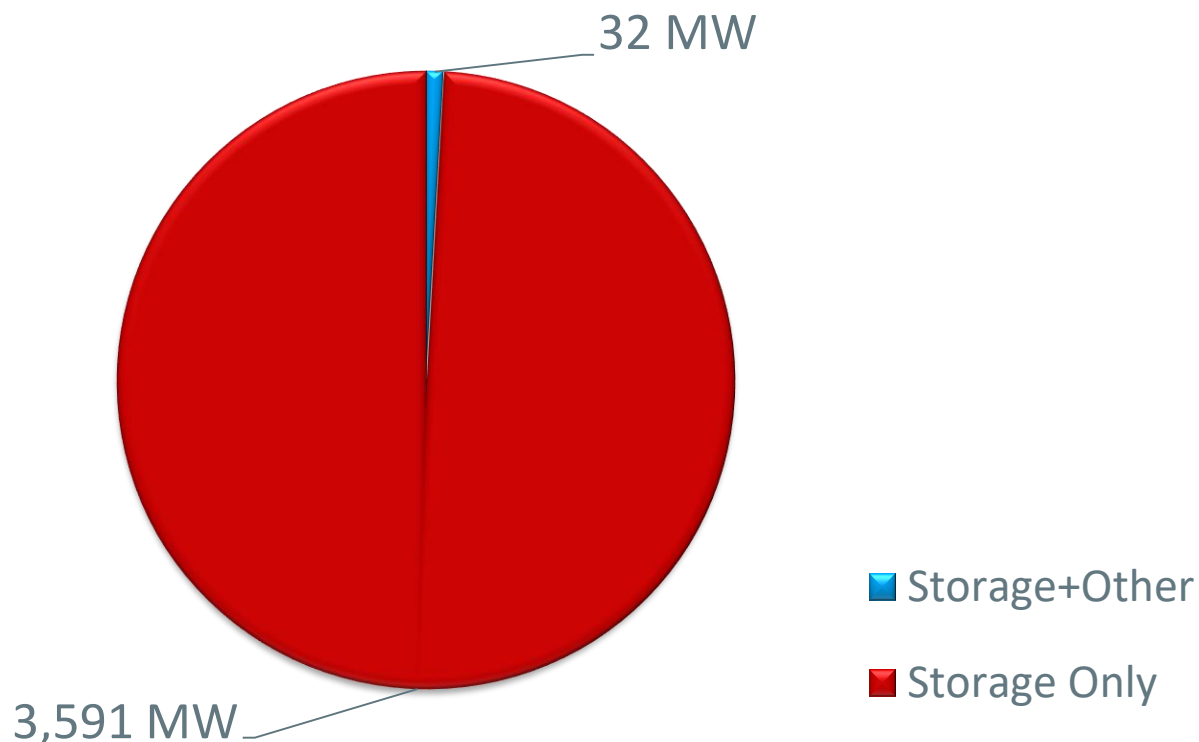


Status of Tariff Studies



What is in the Queue (as of December 22, 2020)

Storage Projects are proposed as stand-alone storage or as co-located with wind or solar projects



OPERABLE CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Winter 2021 Analysis



Winter 2021 Operable Capacity Analysis

50/50 Load Forecast (Reference)	Jan. - 2021 ² CSO (MW)	Jan. - 2021 ² SCC (MW)
Operable Capacity MW ¹	30,425	33,682
Active Demand Capacity Resource (+) ⁵	441	408
External Node Available Net Capacity, CSO imports minus firm capacity exports (+)	1,130	1,130
Non Commercial Capacity (+)	19	19
Non Gas-fired Planned Outage MW (-)	322	426
Gas Generator Outages MW (-)	0	0
Allowance for Unplanned Outages (-) ⁴	2,800	2,800
Generation at Risk Due to Gas Supply (-) ³	3,887	4,439
Net Capacity (NET OPCAP SUPPLY MW)	25,006	27,574
Peak Load Forecast MW (adjusted for Other Demand Resources) ²	20,166	20,166
Operating Reserve Requirement MW	2,305	2,305
Operable Capacity Required (NET LOAD OBLIGATION MW)	22,471	22,471
Operable Capacity Margin	2,535	5,103

¹Operable Capacity is based on data as of **December 29, 2020** and does not include Capacity associated with Settlement Only Generators, Passive and Active Demand Response, and external capacity. The Capacity Supply Obligation (CSO) and Seasonal Claim Capability (SCC) values are based on data as of **December 29, 2020**.

² Load forecast that is based on the 2020 CELT report and represents the week with the lowest Operable Capacity Margin, week beginning **January 9, 2021**.

³ Total of (Gas at Risk MW) – (Gas Gen Outages MW).

⁴ Allowance For Unplanned Outage MW is based on the month corresponding to the day with the lowest Operable Capacity Margin for the week.

⁵ Active Demand Capacity Resources (ADCRs) can participate in the Forward Capacity Market (FCM), have the ability to obtain a CSO and also participate in the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Energy Markets.

Winter 2021 Operable Capacity Analysis

90/10 Load Forecast (Extreme)	Jan. - 2021 ² CSO (MW)	Jan. - 2021 ² SCC (MW)
Operable Capacity MW ¹	30,425	33,682
Active Demand Capacity Resource (+) ⁵	441	408
External Node Available Net Capacity, CSO imports minus firm capacity exports (+)	1,130	1,130
Non Commercial Capacity (+)	19	19
Non Gas-fired Planned Outage MW (-)	322	426
Gas Generator Outages MW (-)	0	0
Allowance for Unplanned Outages (-) ⁴	2,800	2,800
Generation at Risk Due to Gas Supply (-) ³	4,731	5,402
Net Capacity (NET OPCAP SUPPLY MW)	24,162	26,611
Peak Load Forecast MW (adjusted for Other Demand Resources) ²	20,806	20,806
Operating Reserve Requirement MW	2,305	2,305
Operable Capacity Required (NET LOAD OBLIGATION MW)	23,111	23,111
Operable Capacity Margin	1,051	3,500

¹Operable Capacity is based on data as of **December 29, 2020** and does not include Capacity associated with Settlement Only Generators, Passive and Active Demand Response, and external capacity. The Capacity Supply Obligation (CSO) and Seasonal Claim Capability (SCC) values are based on data as of **December 29, 2020**.

² Load forecast that is based on the 2020 CELT report and represents the week with the lowest Operable Capacity Margin, week beginning **January 9, 2021**.

³ Total of (Gas at Risk MW) – (Gas Gen Outages MW).

⁴ Allowance For Unplanned Outage MW is based on the month corresponding to the day with the lowest Operable Capacity Margin for the week.

⁵ Active Demand Capacity Resources (ADCRs) can participate in the Forward Capacity Market (FCM), have the ability to obtain a CSO and also participate in the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Energy Markets.

Winter 2021 Operable Capacity Analysis

50/50 Forecast (Reference)

ISO-NE OPERABLE CAPACITY ANALYSIS

January 1, 2021 - 50-50 FORECAST using CSO

This analysis is a tabulation of weekly assessments shown in one single table. The information shows the operable capacity situation under assumed conditions for each week. It is not expected that the system peak will occur every week during June, July, August, and Mid September

STUDY WEEK (Week Beginning, Saturday)	AVAILABLE OPCAP MW	Active Capacity Demand MW	EXTERNAL NODE AVAIL CAPACITY MW	NON COMMERCIAL CAPACITY MW	NON-GAS PLANNED OUTAGES CSO MW	GAS GENERATOR OUTAGES CSO MW	ALLOWANCE FOR UNPLANNED OUTAGES MW	GAS AT RISK MW	NET OPCAP SUPPLY MW	PEAK LOAD FORECAST MW	OPER RESERVE REQUIREMENT MW	NET LOAD OBLIGATION MW	OPCAP MARGIN MW
[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	
1/9/2021	30425	441	1130	19	322	0	2800	3887	25006	20166	2305	22471	2535
1/16/2021	30425	441	1130	19	362	95	2800	3641	25117	20166	2305	22471	2646
1/23/2021	30425	441	1130	19	380	0	2800	3269	25566	19933	2305	22238	3328
2/27/2021	30459	533	1025	19	1224	55	2200	1502	27055	18308	2305	20613	6442
3/6/2021	30459	533	1025	19	1888	55	2200	1190	26703	17941	2305	20246	6457
3/13/2021	30459	533	1025	19	1904	305	2200	318	27309	17736	2305	20041	7268
3/20/2021	30459	533	1025	19	1475	262	2200	0	28099	17352	2305	19657	8442
3/27/2021	30446	537	1025	19	678	299	2700	0	28350	16759	2305	19064	9286

- Available OPCAP MW based on resource Capacity Supply Obligations, CSO. Does not include Settlement Only Generators.
- The active demand resources known as Real-Time Demand Response (RTDR) will become Active Demand Capacity Resources (ADCRs) and can participate in the Forward Capacity Market (FCM). These resources will have the ability to obtain a CSO and also participate in the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Energy Markets.
- External Node Available Capacity MW based on the sum of external Capacity Supply Obligations (CSO) imports and exports.
- New resources and generator improvements that have acquired a CSO but have not become commercial.
- Non-Gas Planned Outages is the total of Non Gas-fired Generator/DARD Outages for the period. This value would also include any known long-term Non Gas-fired Forced Outages.
- All Planned Gas-fired generation outage for the period. This value would also include any known long-term Gas-fired Forced Outages.
- Allowance for Unplanned Outages includes forced outages and maintenance outages scheduled less than 14 days in advance per ISO New England Operating Procedure No. 5 Appendix A.
- Generation at Risk due to Gas Supply pertains to gas fired capacity expected to be at risk during cold weather conditions or gas pipeline maintenance outages.
- Net OpCap Supply MW Available (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 = 9)
- Peak Load Forecast as provided in the 2020 CELT Report and adjusted for Passive Demand Resources assumes Peak Load Exposure (PLE) of 25,125 and does include credit of Passive Demand Response (PDR) and behind-the-meter PV (BTM PV)
- Operating Reserve Requirement based on 120% of first largest contingency plus 50% of the second largest contingency.
- Total Net Load Obligation per the formula(10 + 11 = 12)
- Net OPCAP Margin MW = Net Op Cap Supply MW minus Net Load Obligation (9 - 12 = 13)

Winter 2021 Operable Capacity Analysis

90/10 Forecast (Extreme)

ISO-NE OPERABLE CAPACITY ANALYSIS

January 1, 2021 - 90-10 FORECAST using CSO

This analysis is a tabulation of weekly assessments shown in one single table. The information shows the operable capacity situation under assumed conditions for each week. It is not expected that the system peak will occur every week during June, July, August, and Mid September

STUDY WEEK (Week Beginning, Saturday)	AVAILABLE OPCAP MW	Active Capacity Demand MW	EXTERNAL NODE AVAIL CAPACITY MW	NON COMMERCIAL CAPACITY MW	NON-GAS PLANNED OUTAGES CSO MW	GAS GENERATOR OUTAGES CSO MW	ALLOWANCE FOR UNPLANNED OUTAGES MW	GAS AT RISK MW	NET OPCAP SUPPLY MW	PEAK LOAD FORECAST MW	OPER RESERVE REQUIREMENT MW	NET LOAD OBLIGATION MW	OPCAP MARGIN MW
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]
1/9/2021	30425	441	1130	19	322	0	2800	4731	24162	20806	2305	23111	1051
1/16/2021	30425	441	1130	19	362	95	2800	4420	24338	20806	2305	23111	1227
1/23/2021	30425	441	1130	19	380	0	2800	4203	24632	20566	2305	22871	1761
2/27/2021	30459	533	1025	19	1224	55	2200	2280	26277	18897	2305	21202	5075
3/6/2021	30459	533	1025	19	1888	55	2200	2124	25769	18520	2305	20825	4944
3/13/2021	30459	533	1025	19	1904	305	2200	1252	26375	18309	2305	20614	5761
3/20/2021	30459	533	1025	19	1475	262	2200	828	27271	17915	2305	20220	7051
3/27/2021	30446	537	1025	19	678	299	2700	324	28026	17305	2305	19610	8416

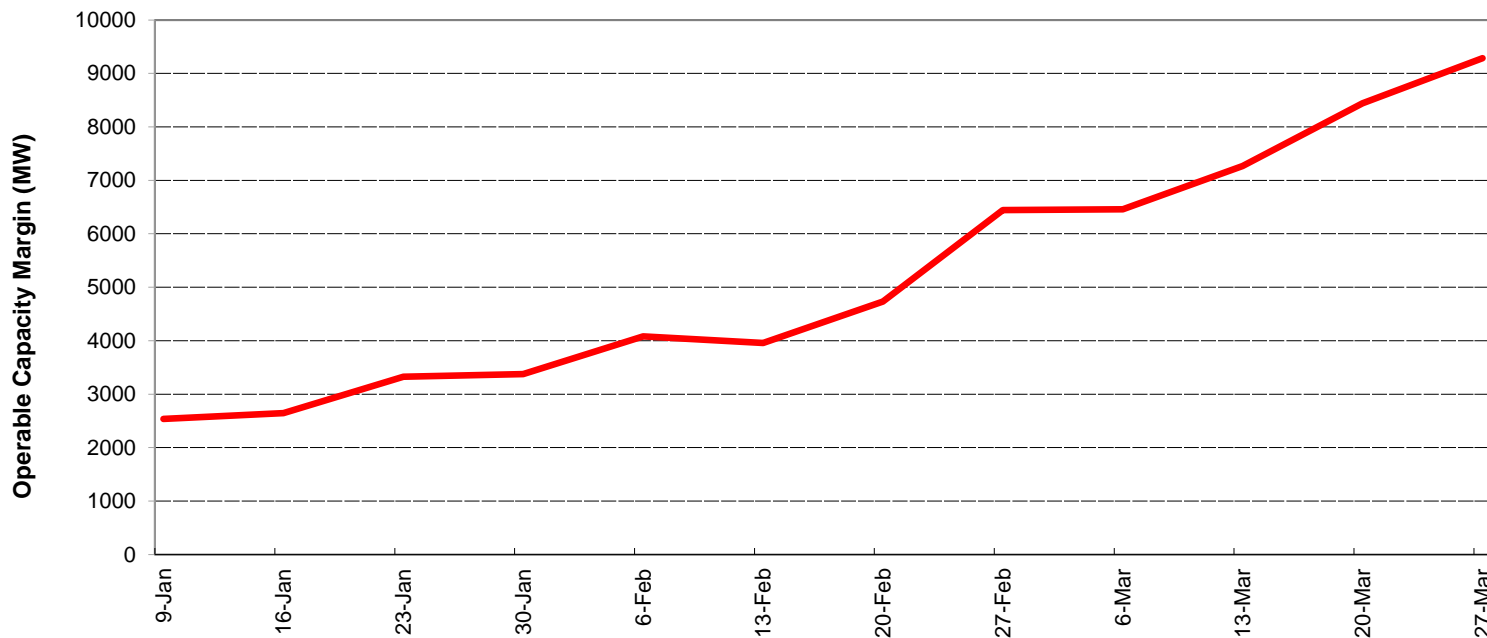
1. Available OPCAP MW based on resource Capacity Supply Obligations, CSO. Does not include Settlement Only Generators.
2. The active demand resources known as Real-Time Demand Response (RTDR) will become Active Demand Capacity Resources (ADCRs) and can participate in the Forward Capacity Market (FCM). These resources will have the ability to obtain a CSO and also participate in the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Energy Markets.
3. External Node Available Capacity MW based on the sum of external Capacity Supply Obligations (CSO) imports and exports.
4. New resources and generator improvements that have acquired a CSO but have not become commercial.
5. Non-Gas Planned Outages is the total of Non Gas-fired Generator/DARD Outages for the period. This value would also include any known long-term Non Gas-fired Forced Outages.
6. All Planned Gas-fired generation outage for the period. This value would also include any known long-term Gas-fired Forced Outages.
7. Allowance for Unplanned Outages includes forced outages and maintenance outages scheduled less than 14 days in advance per ISO New England Operating Procedure No. 5 Appendix A.
8. Generation at Risk due to Gas Supply pertains to gas fired capacity expected to be at risk during cold weather conditions or gas pipeline maintenance outages.
9. Net OpCap Supply MW Available (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 = 9)
10. Peak Load Forecast as provided in the 2020 CELT Report and adjusted for Passive Demand Resources assumes Peak Load Exposure (PLE) of 27,084 and does include credit of Passive Demand Response (PDR) and behind-the-meter PV (BTM PV)
11. Operating Reserve Requirement based on 120% of first largest contingency plus 50% of the second largest contingency.
12. Total Net Load Obligation per the formula(10 + 11 = 12)
13. Net OPCAP Margin MW = Net Op Cap Supply MW minus Net Load Obligation (9 - 12 = 13)

*Highlighted week is based on the week determined by the 50/50 Load Forecast Reference week

Winter 2021 Operable Capacity Analysis

50/50 Forecast (Reference)

2021 ISO-NEW ENGLAND OPERABLE CAPACITY
-50/50 CSO-



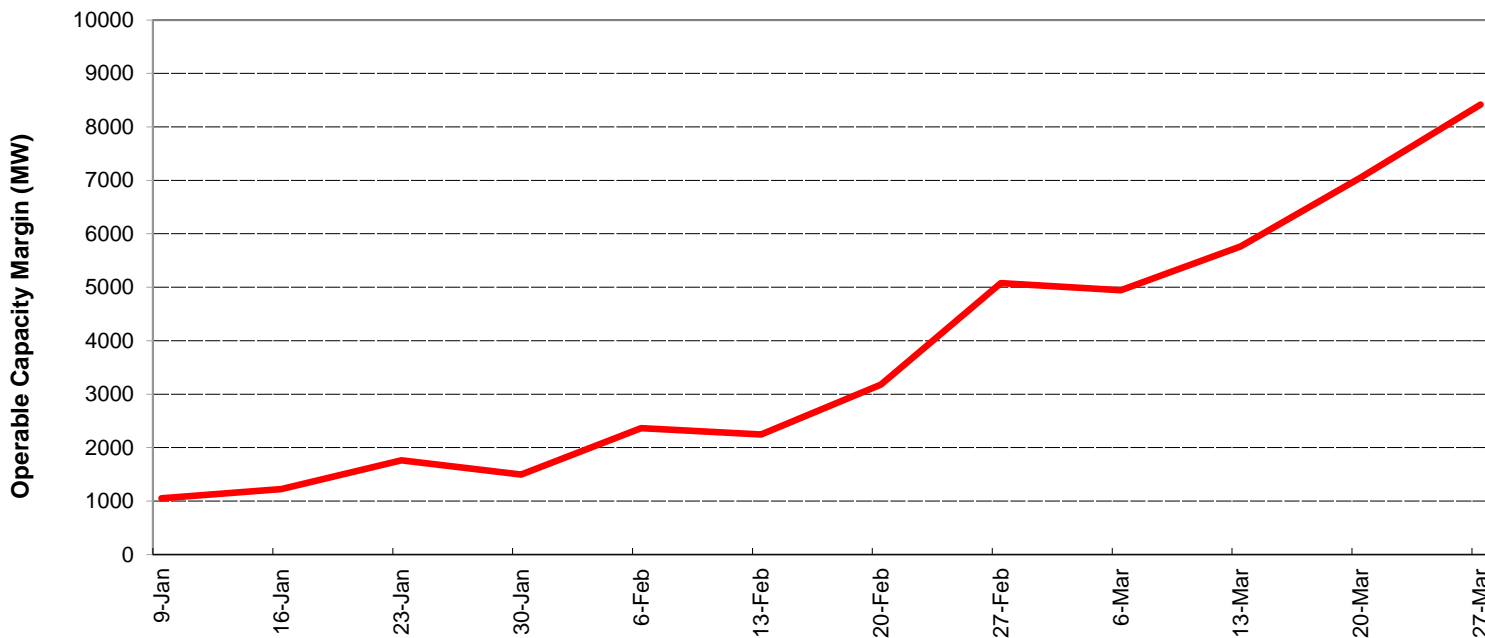
January 9, 2021 - April 2, 2021 W/B Saturday



Winter 2021 Operable Capacity Analysis

90/10 Forecast (Extreme)

2021 ISO-NEW ENGLAND OPERABLE CAPACITY
-90/10 CSO-



January 9, 2021 - April 2, 2021 W/B Saturday

OPERABLE CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Appendix



Possible Relief Under OP4: Appendix A

OP 4 Action Number	Page 1 of 2 Action Description	Amount Assumed Obtainable Under OP 4 (MW)
1	Implement Power Caution and advise Resources with a CSO to prepare to provide capacity and notify “Settlement Only” generators with a CSO to monitor reserve pricing to meet those obligations. Begin to allow the depletion of 30-minute reserve.	0 ¹ 600
2	Declare Energy Emergency Alert (EEA) Level 1 ⁴	0
3	Voluntary Load Curtailment of Market Participants’ facilities.	40 ²
4	Implement Power Watch	0
5	Schedule Emergency Energy Transactions and arrange to purchase Control Area-to-Control Area Emergency	1,000
6	Voltage Reduction requiring > 10 minutes	125 ³

NOTES:

1. Based on Summer Ratings. Assumes 25% of total MW Settlement Only resources <5 MW will be available and respond.
2. The actual load relief obtained is highly dependent on circumstances surrounding the appeals, including timing and the amount of advanced notice that can be given.
3. The MW values are based on a 25,000 MW system load and verified by the most recent voltage reduction test.
4. EEA Levels are described in Attachment 1 to NERC Reliability Standard EOP-011 - Emergency Operations



Possible Relief Under OP4: Appendix A

OP 4 Action Number	Page 2 of 2 Action Description	Amount Assumed Obtainable Under OP 4 (MW)
7	Request generating resources not subject to a Capacity Supply Obligation to voluntary provide energy for reliability purposes	0
8	5% Voltage Reduction requiring 10 minutes or less	250 ³
9	Transmission Customer Generation Not Contractually Available to Market Participants during a Capacity Deficiency. Voluntary Load Curtailment by Large Industrial and Commercial Customers.	5 200 ²
10	Radio and TV Appeals for Voluntary Load Curtailment Implement Power Warning	200 ²
11	Request State Governors to Reinforce Power Warning Appeals.	100 ²
Total		2,520

NOTES:

1. Based on Summer Ratings. Assumes 25% of total MW Settlement Only resources <5 MW will be available and respond.
2. The actual load relief obtained is highly dependent on circumstances surrounding the appeals, including timing and the amount of advanced notice that can be given.
3. The MW values are based on a 25,000 MW system load and verified by the most recent voltage reduction test.
4. EEA Levels are described in Attachment 1 to NERC Reliability Standard EOP-011 - Emergency Operations

